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Report of India's G20 Task Force on Digital Public Infrastructure Released

- In 2023, under India's G20 Presidency, a task force was established to focus on priorities related to Digital Public Infrastructure (DPI) and financial inclusion, and to promote the global adoption of DPI.
- About Digital Public Infrastructure (DPI): DPI includes foundational elements like digital identity, financial infrastructure, and data exchange solutions that help governments empower individuals and improve lives through digital inclusion. India's DPI initiative, known as India Stack, consists of three key layers:
 - **Digital Identification:** Aadhaar
 - Real-Time Fast Payment: UPI (Unified Payments Interface)
 - Data Sharing Platform: Allows safe sharing of personal data without compromising privacy.
 - **Achievements of India's DPI:**
 - **UPI Transactions:** 10 billion transactions per month.
 - **DigiLocker:** Over 6 billion documents stored by 211 million people.
 - Bank Account Ownership: The gap between rich and poor in bank account ownership reduced from 14% to 1% (2011-2022).

Major Digital Public Infrastructure Categories within & across Sectors

Verifiable Identity & Registries

Purpose: Verifying ID & accessing profile data of people, entities, & objects

Ex: IDAuthentication, eKYC

Data Sharing, Credentials, and Models

Purpose: Sharing data (history, profile, & attributes) peer to peer or publicly

Ex: Sharing personal data with consent

Signatures & Consent

Purpose: Assuring that data/agreements come with permission from the source

Ex: Tamper-proof, non-repudiable digital signatures

Discovery & Fulfillment

Purpose: Accessing goods and services via open protocols/APIs

Ex: Open APIs for services (e.g., business registration, tax filing)

Payments

Purpose: Making financial transactions with ease

Ex: P2P, P2M, B2B, G2P (social benefit transfers)

Navigating New Horizons A Global Foresight Report

- Navigating New Horizons A global foresight report on planetary Health and Humans wellbeing, 2024, published by the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP).
- The report identifies several critical global changes accelerating the triple planetary crisis of pollution, biodiversity loss, and climate change. It also emphasizes that the current global polycrisis-wars, extreme weather, and pandemics
- Key Global Shifts, Signals, and Potential Disruptions:
- Human-Environment Relationship:
 - Antimicrobial Resistance (AMR): Increasing resistance to antibiotics.
 - Uninhabitable Spaces: More areas becoming unlivable due to climate change.
 - Resource Scarcity and Competition:
 - **Global Security Dynamics:** Scarcity and competition for essential resources like orbital space, which is filled with debris.
- Digital Innovation Waves:
 - Technological Advances: Innovations in the Internet of Things (IoT) and Artificial Intelligence (AI).
 - **Autonomous and AI Weapons Systems:**
 - **Risks:** Increased danger from the misuse of biological agents due to AI and autonomous weapons.



Centre Reconstitutes NITI Aayog

- Since the term of NITI Aayog, except for the Chief Executive Officer (CEO), aligns with the term of the Union Government, reconstitution was necessary following the formation of the new government in June earlier this year.
- About NITI Aayog: The National Institution for Transforming India (NITI) Aayog is a government think-tank established in 2015, replacing the Planning Commission. It was formed through a resolution of the Union Cabinet.
- Composition:
 - Chairperson: The Prime Minister of India
 - Governing Council: Includes the Prime Minister, Chief Ministers of all States and Union Territories (UTs) with legislatures, Lieutenant Governors of other UTs, Ex-Officio Members, Vice Chairperson of NITI Aayog, Full-Time Members of NITI Aayog, and Special Invitees.
 - Ex-officio Members: Up to 4 members of the Union Council of Ministers, nominated by the Prime Minister.
 - **Special Invitees:** Experts, specialists, and practitioners with relevant domain knowledge, nominated by the Prime Minister.
 - **Regional Councils:** Formed to address specific issues and contingencies impacting more than one state or region.
 - **CEO:** Appointed by the Prime Minister for a fixed tenure, holding the rank of Secretary to the Government of India.
- Twin Mandate:
 - Oversee the adoption and monitoring of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in the country.
 - Promote competitive and cooperative federalism among States and Union Territories.

Asmita Project

- The Ministry of Education has launched the Asmita Project along with two other initiatives to promote multilingualism in education, aligning with the New Education Policy, 2020.
- Three Initiatives:
 - 1. Asmita Project (Augmenting Study Materials in Indian Languages through Translation and Academic Writing):
 - Objective: Provide students with high-quality study materials in their native languages.
 - Goal: Produce 22,000 books in 22 scheduled languages over 5 years.
 - Implementing Agencies: University Grants Commission (UGC) and Bharatiya Bhasha Samiti (BBS).
 - 2. Bahubhasha Shabdkosh: A comprehensive multilingual dictionary repository.
 - 3. Real-time Translation Architecture: Enhance translation capabilities using cutting-edge technology.

Inverse ETF

- > SEBI has proposed introducing a new asset class for investors that can offer investment strategies, including long-short equity funds and inverse ETFs.
- About Inverse ETFs (also known as 'Short ETFs' or 'Bear ETFs'):
 - An Inverse ETF is an Exchange Traded Fund (ETF) designed to profit from a decline in the value of an underlying
 - Construction: These ETFs use various derivatives to achieve their objective.
 - **Nature of ETFs**: ETFs are marketable securities that track an index, commodity, bonds, or a basket of assets, similar to an Index Fund.
 - Function: Inverse ETFs gain value when the underlying benchmark's value drops.
 - **Holding Period**: They are intended for short holding periods only.

Inauguration of Pre-clinical Network Facility and Ge-HuMic Facility

- Asia's first health research-related Pre-clinical Network Facility has been inaugurated in Faridabad, Haryana, under the Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovations (CEPI).
- Additionally, the **Genetically Defined Human Associated Microbial Culture Collection (Ge-HuMic)** Facility has also been inaugurated.
- About CEPI
 - **Genesis**: Launched in 2017 by Norway and India, along with the **Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation**, and the **World Economic Forum (WEF).**
 - Aim: To speed up the development of vaccines for emerging infectious diseases and ensure fair access to these vaccines.
 - Headquarters: Oslo, Norway.

