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**IMPORTANT
HISTORY
MCQ**

For TET/CTET Paper 2

CTET HISTORY MCQ

1. At which of the following places was the first ever European township constructed in India?

- A. Kochi
- B. Chinsurah
- C. Surat
- D. Chennai

Answer: **option A**

2. Which Viceroy passed the famous Indian Coinage and Paper Currency act (1899)?

- A. Lord Minto
- B. Lord Hardinge
- C. Lord Curzon
- D. Lord Dufferin

Answer: **option C**

3. Which among the following is not a correct pair?

- A. Ellora Caves – Rastrakuta Rulers
- B. Mahabalipuram – Pallava Rulers
- C. Khajuraho – Chandellas
- D. Elephanta Caves – Maurya Era

Answer: **option D**

4. Upanishads are books on:

- A. Social Life
- B. Politics
- C. Medicines
- D. Philosophy

Answer: **option B**

5. Who among the following was the last Independent Nawab of Bengal?

- A. Siraj ud Daula
- B. Mir Kasim
- C. Mir Jafar
- D. Shujaud daula

Answer: **option A**

6. Which of the following was not the social and religious reason for the Revolt of 1857?

- A. Adoption of free trade imperialism from 1800, de-industrialization and drain of wealth
- B. Abolition of Sati in 1829
- C. Hindu Widow Remarriage Act of 1856
- D. Doctrine of Lapse

Answer: **option A**

7. Which of the following was the impact of 1857 revolt?

- A. Doctrine of Lapse was withdrawn
- B. End of Peshwaship and the Mughal rule
- C. control of Indian administration was passed on to the British Crown
- D. All of the above

Answer: **option D**

8. What was the role of Tatia Tope in 1857 mutiny?

- A. He was commander-in-chief of the army of Nana Saheb
- B. He organized Bhils of Panchmahal region against the British
- C. Both A and B

D. Neither A nor B

Answer: **Option C**

9. Who among the following British Officials suppressed the Revolt of Jhansi?

- A. Colin Campbell
- B. Henry Havelock
- C. Henry Lawrence
- D. Hugh Rose

Answer: **option C**

10. Which among the following leader was associated with Barout in Uttar Pradesh during 1857 revolts?

- A. Veer Kuwar Singh
- B. Taty Tope
- C. Shah Mal
- D. Maulavi Ahamadullah Shah

Answer: **Option C**

11. Which of the following poet was known as the “Parrot Of India”?

- A. Kaiqubad
- B. Al-Beruni
- C. Aamir Khusro
- D. None of the above

Answer: **option C**

12. Babur, the ruler of Kabul was invited by which of the following to invade India?

- A. Ibrahim Khan Lodi
- B. Daulat Khan Lodi
- C. Bahlol Lodi
- D. None of the above

Answer: **option B**

13. Which empire among the mentioned lasted the longest in terms of reign?

- A. The Pratiharas
- B. The Palas
- C. The Senas
- D. The Rashtrakutas

Ans: **option D**

14. Whom did Jahangir used to mention by the name “English Khan”?

- A. Willian Hawkins
- B. Sir Thomas Roe
- C. William Bentinck
- D. None of the above.

Answer: **option A**

15. The period from 1206 A.D. to 1526 A.D. came to be known as

- A. Rajputana Period
- B. Sultanate Period
- C. Mughal Period
- D. Chola Period

Answer: **option B**

16. Qutub-ud-din-Aibak founded which of the following dynasty?

- A. Mamluk
- B. Tughlaq
- C. Khilji
- D. None of the above

Answer: **option A**

17. The first victim of the British policy of Subsidiary Alliance was___?

- A. Avadh
- B. Mewar
- C. Mysore
- D. Hyderabad

Answer: **option D**

18. The first sultan to invade south India was?

- A. Akbar
- B. Balban
- C. Altamash
- D. Alauddin Khilji

Answer: **option D**

19. Which among the following was the venue of the INA trial?

- A. Calcutta High Court
- B. Supreme Court
- C. Federal Court
- D. Red Fort

Answer: **option D**

20. During the company rule, the Hindu Widows Remarriage Act was drafted by?

- A. Lord Canning
- B. Lord Dalhousie
- C. Lord Hardinge
- D. None of the above

Answer: **option B**

21. Which monument was built in a memory of a British Monarch?

- A. Victoria Memorial
- B. Prince of Wales Memorial
- C. King George Memorial
- D. King Richard Memorial

Answer: **option A**

22. In which city would you find the mosque with 'Shaking Minarets'?

- A. Jammu
- B. Delhi
- C. Lucknow
- D. Ahmedabad

Answer: **option D**

23. The architecture of the city of Cochin in Kerala reflects the influence of?

- A. The British
- B. The Dutch
- C. The Portuguese
- D. All of the above

Answer: **option D**

24. Which art was patronised during the rule of Jahangir?

- A. Painting
- B. Music
- C. Dance
- D. Sculpture

Answer: **option A**

25. Which museum was designed by George Witter, was formerly known as Prince of Wales Museum?

- A. Veermata Sanghralaya
- B. Mahatma Gandhi Sanghralaya
- C. Dr. Ambedkar Sanghralaya
- D. Chhatrapati Shivaji Vastu Sanghralaya

Answer: **option D**

26. Which Historical monument was built to commemorate the visit of King George V & Queen Mary to Bombay?

- A. India Gate
- B. Gateway of India
- C. Church Gate
- D. Arc of Victory

Answer: **option B**

27. The Gandhi Mandapam where Gandhiji's ashes were placed before immersion is in...

- A. Gandhinagar
- B. Kanyakumari
- C. Ahmedabad

D. Kanyakumari

Answer: **option D**

28. Which of these cities has the maximum number of historical monuments?

- A. Punjab
- B. Delhi
- C. Mumbai
- D. Kolkata

Answer: **option B**

29. Which dynasty was ruling in Delhi and was defeated by Babur when he invaded India?

- A. Tughlaq Dynasty
- B. Chola Dynasty
- C. Lodhi Dynasty
- D. Khilji Dynasty

Answer: **option C**

30. In 1857 there was a major rebellion against the British. It began in which city?

- A. Bangalore
- B. Delhi
- C. Bombay
- D. Meerut

Answer: **option D**

31. The first Indian woman to preside a session of Indian National Congress was__?

- A. Sarojini Naidu
- B. Vijayalakshmi Pandit
- C. Aruna Asaf Ali
- D. Sucheta Kriplani

Answer: **option A**

32. Kunwar Singh was a leader of the revolt of 1857 in which among the following modern states?

- A. UttarPradesh
- B. Himachal Pradesh
- C. Uttarakhand
- D. Bihar

Answer: **option D**

33. Whom of the following vote against the partition of India in the A.I.C.C. meeting held on 14th June 1947?

- A. Govind Vallabhai Pant
- B. Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan
- C. Abul Kalam Azad
- D. Sardar Patel

Answer: **option B**

34. The first All India Trade Union was created in 1920 by?

- A. N M Joshi
- B. VV Giri
- C. Purshottam Thakurdas
- D. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee

Answer: **option A**

35. In which province Muslim League formed their first government after 1946 elections?

- A. Madras
- B. United Province
- C. Bengal
- D. Bombay

Answer: **option C**

36. Who among the following were the first to established "Printing Press" in India?

- A. British
- B. Dutch
- C. French
- D. Portuguese

Answer: **option D**

37. Which of these remains of the Gupta empire is the western Indian city of Ajanta most notable for?

- A. Stone Carvings
- B. Cave Paintings
- C. Large Temples
- D. Buddhist Monastery

Answer: **option B**

38. The agitation against the partition of Bengal was led by whom of the following?

- A. Surendranath Banerjee
- B. Aruna Asaf Ali

- C. CR Das
- D. Sardar Vallabhai Patel

Answer: **option A**

39. The Gandhara and Mathura School of Art developed during the reign of which ruler?

- A. Kanishka
- B. Guptas
- C. Harshvardhan
- D. Mahendra

Answer: **option A**

40. Atal Bihari Vajpayee was sworn in as India's Prime Minister for how many times?

- A. 4
- B. 2
- C. 1
- D. 3

Answer: **option D**

41. The Iron Pillar at Mehrauli was built during the ruling period of which dynasty?

- A. Maurya Dynasty
- B. Chola Dynasty
- C. Kushan Dynasty
- D. Gupta Dynasty

Answer: **option D**

42. Who attended the second round table conference as a representative/s of Congress?

- A. Motilal Nehru
- B. Gandhiji
- C. Both A & B
- D. None of the above

Answer: **option B**

43. Which among the following suspended the Non-cooperation movement?

- A. Chauri Chaura Incident
- B. Jallianwala Bagh Incident
- C. Peterloo massacre of 1819
- D. None of the above

Answer: **option A**

44. There were four dynasties flourishing in Tamil Nadu. Three of them were Cheras, Cholas, Pandyas. Which was the fourth?

- A. Hoysalas
- B. Rashtrakutas
- C. Pallavas
- D. Kakatiyas

Answer: **option C**

45. Who among the following drafted the the resolution on fundamental rights for the Karachi session of congress in 1931?

- A. Dr. B R Ambedkar
- B. Dr. Rajendra Prasad
- C. Sarday Vallabhai Patel
- D. Jawaharlal Nehru

Answer: **option D**

46. Who defeated the Marathas in the 3rd battle of Panipat?

- A. The Rajputs
- B. The Afghans
- C. The Mughals
- D. The British

Answer: **option B**

47. In the Nagpur session of the Congress in 1920, who among the following moved the main resolution for the Non-cooperation?

- A. Mahatma Gandhi
- B. Jawaharlal Nehru
- C. C.R. Das
- D. C. Rajagopalachari

Answer: **option C**

48. Who among the following is also known as “Gandhi of Bihar”?

- A. Dr. Rajendra Prasad
- B. Babu Kunwar Singh
- C. Jayaprakash Narayan
- D. Sheel Bhadra Yag

Answer: **option A**

49. Which among the following was the only session in which Mahatma Gandhi elected as Congress President?

- A. Lucknow
- B. Belgaum
- C. Mumbai
- D. Karachi

Answer: **option B**

50. Who among the following led the Swadeshi Movement in Delhi?

- A. B.C. Pal
- B. Madan Mohan Pal
- C. C.R. Das
- D. Annie Besant

Answer: **option C**

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