



NABARD Grade A 2022

Phase 2 PYQs

ESI & ARD Paper



Agriculture Rural Development (Q.1 to Q.15):2022

2 Markers Questionnaire

I.1) Parturition, also known as farrowing, refers to the process of giving birth to piglets in India's pig farming sector. In the context of pigs, the gestation period is the time between successful mating and farrowing (giving birth to piglets). During this period, sows undergo physiological and behavioural changes, birth of young pigs. Adequate care, nutrition, and proper housing are crucial during gestation to ensure the health and well-being of the sow and piglets. Timely intervention during parturition may be necessary to assist with difficult births. Academic research focuses on optimizing pig reproduction efficiency and ensuring successful farrowing to enhance the productivity and sustainability of pig farming in India. Answer the following questions based on above passage.

Q.1)The Process of parturition (Act of giving birth) in pig is called ____

- (a) Foaling
- (b) Calving
- (c) Lambing
- (d) Farrowing
- (e) Kidding

Answer - (d)

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Q.2) The Gestation period in swine is _____

- (a) 140 days
- (b) 150 days
- (c) 114 days
- (d) 135 days
- (e) 102 days

Answer - (c)

Q.3) The Parturition process in swine generally takes place during

- (a) Early morning
- (b) Forenoon
- (c) Evening
- (d) Night
- (e) Afternoon

Answer - (d)

1.4) The cage system for poultry, from an agricultural perspective, is a technical and academic approach to housing laying hens in controlled environments. It involves keeping the hens in wire cages with specific floor space allocations. The usual floor space is __1.__ and the height, 17 inches. The cage system allows efficient use of space, easy manure management, and reduced disease transmission. Pullets, which are more often used than birds of over _2._ should be placed in the cages. It ensures proper hygiene, better feed conversion, and enhanced egg production. However, animal welfare concerns arise, leading to discussions on alternative housing systems that prioritize the well-being of pullets in commercial egg production. Pullets, which are more often used than birds of over _2._ should be placed in the cages at least __3.__ before they are expected to lay. Read the paragraph and answer the following questions.

Q.4) The usual floor space is __1.__ and the height, 17 inches.

- (a) 10 X 12 inches
- (b) 14 X 16 inches
- (c) 16 X 18 inches
- (d) 20 X 20 inches
- (e) 22 X 28 inches

Answer - (b)

Q.5) Pullets, which are more often used than birds of over _2._ should be placed in the cages.

- (a) 6 months
- (b) 8 months
- (c) 10 months
- (d) 1 year
- (e) 2 year

Answer - (d)

Q.6) Pullets, which are more often used than birds of over _2._ should be placed in the cages at least _3._ before they are expected to lay. Which of the following terms would be most suitable to be filled in blank 3?

- (a) One month
- (b) Two months
- (c) Three months
- (d) Six months
- (e) Eight months

Answer - (a)

Q.7) As per the Economic Survey 2021 -22, What is the Gross Value Addition (GVA) of Agriculture Sector in India's total Economy?

- (a) 16.6%
- (b) 18.6%
- (c) 18.8%
- (d) 19.2%
- (e) 16.5%

Answer - (c)

Explanation -

Basic question of agricultural share in National income.

Q.8) As per the Economic Survey 2021 -22, the existing cropping pattern is skewed towards the cultivation of _____ that has led to depletion of ground water resources at alarming rates.

- (a) Sugarcane, Paddy, Wheat
- (b) Paddy, Wheat, Vegetable
- (c) Legumes, Paddy, Sugarcane
- (d) Oilseeds, Paddy, Sugarcane
- (e) None of the above

Answer - (a)

Explanation -

Before the examination its very important to read such documents or you can simply search Budget or Economic survey analysis videos by Olievboard in you tube.

Q.9) What is the scientific name of strawberry?

- (a) Vitis vinifera
- (b) Fragaria ananassa
- (c) Psidium guajava
- (d) Malus domestica
- (e) Musa paridisiaca

Answer - (b)

Q.10) A scientific process of converting organic matter into compost by earthworms is called ____.

- (a) FYM
- (b) Compost
- (c) Vermicompost
- (d) Green Manure
- (e) Blood manure

Answer - (c)

Explanation -

One more conceptual question from the Chapter of "SOIL SCIENCES and ORGANIC FARMING".

1 Marks Questionnaire

Q.11) Soil that comprises of both sand, silt and organic matter is termed as.....

- (a) Sandy soil
- (b) Clayey soil
- (c) Loamy soil
- (d) Both a and c
- (e) None of these

Answer - (c)

Explanation -

A conceptual question directly from the Chapter "Soil Sciences".

Q.12) A machine which is used to separate seeds from impurities, inert material and adulterants is ____

- (a) Roll mill
 - (b) Inclined draper
 - (c) Destoner
-

- (d) Vibratory separator
- (e) Air screen cleaner

Answer - (e)

Explanation -

One more conceptual question from the Chapter of "Agri -Engineering and mechanization".

Q.13) Which subsidiary of NABARD working with NBFCs is responsible for financing Farmers and cooperations?

- (a) NABCOMS
- (b) NABVENTURES
- (c) NABKISAN
- (d) Nabsamruddhi Finance Limited
- (e) None of these

Answer - (b)

NABVENTURES is a venture growth equity fund that invests in agriculture, food, rural businesses and agri/rural financial services at early to mid-stage.

I.14) e-NAM (National Agriculture Market) in India, from an agricultural perspective, is a technical and academic digital platform initiated by the Government of India to connect agricultural markets across the country. It facilitates online trading of agricultural commodities, promoting transparency, efficiency, and competitive pricing. Farmers can register and list their produce on the platform, enabling access to a nationwide market. Traders, processors, and buyers can participate in real-time bidding, leading to fair price discovery. e-NAM also offers information on market trends and prices, aiding farmers in making informed selling decisions. The platform's implementation supports agricultural growth, reduces market inefficiencies, and enhances farmer income in India.

Read the paragraph and answer the following questions.

Q.14) In which of the following years, e -NAM was launched?

- (a) 2016
- (b) 2017
- (c) 2018
- (d) 2019
- (e) None of the above

Answer - (a)

Q.15) State can take the advantages of the e -NAM portal if they fulfil which of the following conditions?

- 1) Provision of e -auction/ e -trading as a mode for price discovery
 - 2) Single trading license to be valid across the State
 - 3) Single point for levy of market fees across the State
-

- (a) Only I
- (b) I & II
- (c) II & III
- (d) I & III
- (e) I, II, & III

Answer - (e)

Explanation -

You can answer such technical questions only if you regularly go through Government Schemes and Current Affairs as well.

English

NABARD Grade A 2025

Phase 2 Crash Course

Economic and Social Issues (Q.1 to 15):2022

2 Marks Questionnaire

Q.1) In 2020, e-NAM was integrated with Karnataka's Unified Market Portal. This facilitates traders across both platforms to execute seamless trading in the platforms using Single Sign On Framework. What is the name of Karnataka's Portal?

- (a) Rashtriya e -Market Services
- (b) Trading with Ease
- (c) One State One Market
- (d) State Specified Agri Market
- (e) None of the above

Answer - (a)

Explanation -

This question was from broader theme of e -NAM. But this question is based on current news and trending updates about e -NAM. If you regularly read newspapers and also follow the current affairs sessions you will mark it correct in exam.

I.2) NAMASTE is a Central Sector Scheme of the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment (MoSJE) as a joint initiative of the MoSJE and the Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs (MoHUA). NAMASTE envisages the safety and dignity of sanitation workers in urban India by creating an enabling ecosystem that recognizes sanitation workers as one of the key contributors to the operations and maintenance of sanitation infrastructure. In the Union Budget 2023, the Government of India allocated Rs 100 crores for the NAMASTE scheme. With this, the GoI aims to mechanize septic tank cleaning and sewer cleaning in towns and cities. The scheme aims to provide an alternate livelihood to sanitation workers. In addition, NAMASTE will strive to bring behavioral changes to them.

Read the paragraph and answer the following questions.

Q.2) Which of the following Statements is/are Correct outcomes of NAMASTE Scheme?

- 1) Zero fatalities in sanitation work in India**
- 2) All sanitation work is performed by skilled workers**
- 3) Strengthened supervisory and monitoring systems only at state level to ensure enforcement and monitoring of safe sanitation work**

- (a) Only I
 - (b) I & II
 - (c) II & III
 - (d) I & III
 - (e) I, II, & III
-

Answer - (b)

Explanation -

Similar question on Schemes. The learning we get from such questions is not to ignore CORE CONCEPTS of all important scheme. Three things you cannot miss to solve such type of question is PIB Session ,Daily CA and Govt schemes classes.

Q.3) _____ Cities (converging with AMRUT cities) will be taken up under this phase of NAMASTE.

- (a) 200
- (b) 300
- (c) 500
- (d) 800
- (e) None of the above

Answer - (c)

Q.4) The NAMASTE Scheme has been approved with an outlay of Rs. 360 crore for four years from 2022 -23 to_____.

- (a) 2024 -25
- (b) 2025 -26
- (c) 2026 -27
- (d) 2027 -28
- (e) None of the above

Answer - (b)

Explanation -

I.5) The Pradhan Mantri Awas Gramin Yojana (PMAY-G) in India, from an agricultural perspective, is a technical and academic housing scheme initiated by the government to provide housing for rural families. It aims to improve the living conditions of farmers and agricultural workers by offering financial assistance to construct pucca houses. The scheme emphasizes inclusive development, targeting those belonging to lower-income groups in rural areas. By providing secure and improved housing facilities, PMAY-G seeks to uplift the socio-economic status of rural communities, promoting better health and overall well-being. This, in turn, contributes to a sustainable and prosperous agricultural sector in India. Read the paragraph and answer the following questions.

Q.5) Under the PM Awas Yojana - Gramin, the minimum size of a house has been increased to _____ from the earlier 20 Square Meters.

- (a) 22 Square Meters
- (b) 23 Square Meters
- (c) 24 Square Meters
- (d) 25 Square Meters
- (e) 30 Square Meters

Answer - (d)

Explanation -

PMAY -G scheme is often seen in Newspaper, Current affairs .You need to keep eyes on PIB releases to solve such govt schemes questions

Q.6) Under the PM Awas Yojana - Garmin, the monetary assistance for building pucca house is _____ in hilly states, difficult areas, and Integrated Action Plan districts in tribal and backward regions.

- (a) 1.20 lakh
- (b) 1.30 lakh
- (c) 1.40 lakh
- (d) 1.50 lakh
- (e) None of the above

Answer - (b)

Q.7) Several Government Initiatives are being run under PM Awas Yojana - Gramin to achieve behavioural Change and Open Defecation Status. Which of the following Campaign works on that front?

- (a) Swacch Bharat Mission
- (b) NAMASTE
- (c) SMILE
- (d) Har Ghar Jal
- (e) None of the above

Answer - (a)

I.8) The Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY) in India, from an agricultural perspective, is a technical and academic skill development scheme aimed at enhancing the capabilities of the agricultural workforce. It focuses on providing technical training and academic support to farmers and rural youth engaged in agriculture-related activities. PMKVY offers courses on modern farming practices, use of advanced agricultural machinery, organic farming techniques, and sustainable resource management. The scheme aims to empower farmers with updated skills and knowledge to increase productivity, adopt climate-resilient practices, and promote efficient resource utilization. Through PMKVY, the agricultural workforce can effectively contribute to the growth and sustainability of India's agriculture sector.

Read the paragraph and answer the following questions.

Q.8) A sub - scheme of PMKVY for the promotion of traditional agriculture Knowledge launched with the name?

- (a) Paramparagat Krishi Vikas Yojana
- (b) Mission Organic Value Chain Development for North East Region
- (c) Bhartiya Prakritik Krishi Padhati (BPKP)
- (d) Soil Health Card
- (e) None of the above

Answer - (c)

Q.9) Under BPKP, financial assistance of Rs ____ for 3 years is provided for cluster formation, capacity building and continuous hand holding by trained personnel, certification and residue analysis.

- (a) Rs 31000 /Ha
- (b) Rs 32500/HA
- (c) Rs 12200/Ha
- (d) Rs 50000/Ha
- (e) Rs 55000/Ha

Answer - (c)

Q.10) Which one of the following is not align with the aim and objectives of BPKP

- (a) Promotion of traditional indigenous practices
- (b) Promotion of Natural farming
- (c) On Farm Recycling
- (d) Organic farming
- (e) Use of cow dungs

Answer - (d)

Explanation -

1 Marks Questionnaire

Q.11) Under PDS system the foodgrains via ration shops are provided at highly subsidized rate. The price for rice is ____

- (a) Rs 5/ kg
- (b) Rs 3/kg
- (c) Rs 2/kg
- (d) Rs 10/kg
- (e) Rs 50/ kg

Answer - (b)

Explanation -

Central Issue Price (CIP) has remained at Rs. 2 per kg for wheat and Rs. 3 per kg for rice for years. So, every candidate should be knowing such BASIC information.

Q.12) Under MNREGA, additional workdays fordrought prone areas.

- (a) 100
- (b) 120
- (c) 500
- (d) 150
- (e) 200

Answer - (d)

Explanation -

A question from MNREGA Scheme. As you all know that it is an important and flagship scheme. Now such schemes are covered in PIB and Government Schemes session. So please DO NOT miss these sessions. Everything is covered in "DEPTH" in these sessions, so only thing you have to do is regularly go through the sessions. An in-depth analysis of every scheme to find relevant facts can only ensure that you are well-versed with all of these.

Anyways, it's an important fact and expected from you as a serious aspirant.

Such opportunities are "FREE TICKETS" to get the marks in the exam. If you had covered PIB sessions and revised it enough number of times, you wouldn't get it wrong.

It's difficult if you are a procrastinator or a student running after everything under the sun but not covering what's relevant.

But it has been picked up from a recent release, making it a doable question.

Till now, we haven't found anything irrelevant. Let's move on!

Q.13) Organization conditionalities were followed in executing the 1991 LPG Reforms in India

- (a) World bank
- (b) IMF
- (c) IBRD
- (d) Both a and c
- (e) Both b and c

Answer - (e)

Explanation -

IMF and IBRD had put conditionalities before the country in LPG reforms.

Q.14) Which of the following statement is correct regarding to ASHA?

1) She should be illiterate.

2) Age limit should be 25 to 45 years.

3) The ASHAs will receive performance-based incentives for promoting universal immunization.

- (a) Statement 1 is correct
-

- (b) Statement 2 is correct
- (c) Both 1 and 2 are correct
- (d) both 2 and 3 are correct
- (e) all are correct

Answer - (d)

Q.15) Which of the following statement regarding RMNCH+ Scheme is correct

- 1) Prioritization of high -impact interventions for various lifecycle stages.
- 2) Broad -based collaboration and partnerships with ministries, departments, development partners, civil
- 3) society, and other stakeholders.
- 4) Increasing effectiveness of investments by prioritizing geographical areas based on evidence.
- 5) a national public health insurance fund of the Government of India that aims to provide free access to






- (a) Statement 1 and 2 is correct
- (b) Statement 2 and 3 is correct
- (c) Both 1, 2 and 3 are correct
- (d) both 1,2, 3 and 4 are correct
- (e) All are correct

Answer - (c)

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ESI/ARD(2022)

Q.1) Pradhan Mantri Matsya Sampada Yojana - aims, objectives, Implementation, and strategy. (COMPULSORY)(15 marks 600 Words)

Q.2) In Public Distribution System, Government plays important role in food economy but there are lacunae/ Challenges in PDS system. (15 Marks 600 Words)

Q.3) Social Infrastructure is prerequisite for inclusive growth. Discuss .(15 Marks 600 Words)

Q.4) Benefits of globalization on Indian economy. (COMPULSORY) (10 Marks 400 Words)

Q.5) Discuss Objectives and Components of NRLM. Benefit to economy and society. (10 marks 400 Words)

Q.6) What is social forestry. What are facets of social forestry and economic benefits out of it. (10 marks. 400 Words)






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