



NABARD Grade A 2022 Previous Year Paper Shift 2

NABARD Grade A PYQS



2022: (Q.51 to Q.70) Evening Shift

Q.51) What is the full form of TIFF?

- (a) Tagged Image Fax Format
- (b) Tagged Image File Format
- (c) Tagged Image File Font
- (d) Tagged Image Fax Font
- (e) Tagged Image Front File

Answer – (b)

Explanation -

TIFF is a popular format for encoding high resolution photographs or images.

Q.52) What is the attempt to acquire sensitive information such as usernames, passwords, and credit card details (and sometimes, indirectly, money) by masquerading as a trustworthy entity in an electronic communication?

- (a) Phishing
- (b) Spoofing
- (c) Identity theft
- (d) Authentication
- (e) Spamming

Answer – (a)

Explanation -

Phishing is a cybercrime in which a target or targets are contacted by email, telephone or text message by someone posing as a legitimate institution to lure individuals into providing sensitive data such as personally identifiable information, banking and credit card details, and passwords.

Q.53) While browsing the internet, which of the following key is used for full screen view?

- (a) F3
- (b) F5
- (c) F11
- (d) F9
- (e) F1

Answer – (c)

Explanation -

F11 key can take our screen into and out of full-screen mode quickly and easily.

Q.54) Which PowerPoint view displays each slide of the presentation as a thumbnail and is useful for rearranging slides?

- (a) Slide Show
- (b) Slide Master
- (c) Notes Page
- (d) Slide Design
- (e) Slide Sorter

Answer – (e)

Explanation -

PowerPoint Slide Sorter is one of the views available in Microsoft PowerPoint that lets you view all of your slides as horizontally sorted thumbnails. It helps to organize slides better, as you can rearrange them using drag and drop.

Q.55) If you wish to extend the length of the network without having the signal degrade, you would use a _____.

- (a) Repeater
- (b) Router
- (c) Gateway
- (d) Switch
- (e) Server

Answer – (a)

Explanation -

A repeater is a powerful network hardware device that regenerates an incoming signal from the sender before retransmitting it to the receiver. It is also known as a signal booster, and it helps in extending the coverage area of networks.

Q.56) What kind of memory is both static and non-volatile?

- (a) RAM
- (b) ROM
- (c) BIOS
- (d) CACHE
- (e) CMOS

Answer – (b)

Explanation -

Static memory refers to computer memory that holds fixed information and retains its programmed state as long as the power is on.

Volatile memory is used for temporary storage and loses its data when the power is turned off, while **non-volatile memory** is used for permanent or long-term storage and preserves data even when the power is off.

Q.57) A normal CD-ROM usually can store up to _____ data?

- (a) 680 KB
- (b) 680 Bytes
- (c) 680 MB
- (d) 680 GB
- (e) 680 TB

Answer – (c)

Explanation -

A CD-ROM (Compact Disc Read-Only Memory) is a type of compact disc that can only be read, not written to. It is a digital storage medium that can hold large amounts of data, including text, images and audio.

Q.58) What is a light pen?

- (a) Mechanical input device
- (b) Optical input device
- (c) Electronic input device
- (d) Optical output device
- (e) Electronic output device

Answer – (b)

Explanation -

Light Pen is a pointing device which is used to select a displayed menu item or draw pictures on the monitor screen.

Q.59) What is the full form of UNIVAC?

- (a) Universal Automatic Computer
- (b) Universal Array Computer
- (c) Unique Automatic Computer
- (d) Unvalued Automatic Computer
- (e) Unique Array Computer

Answer – (a)

Explanation -

UNIVAC, the UNIVersal Automatic Computer, was the first computer built for general commercial use and used magnetic tape, rather than punch cards, to input and store data.

Q.60) Who among the following is known as father of Internet?

- (a) Adlof Garrifield
- (b) Tim Berners Lee
- (c) Adder Tiff
- (d) Douglas Engelbart
- (e) Vint Cerf

Answer – (e)

Explanation -

Vint Cerf designed the TCP/IP protocols and the internet architecture with his co-designer Robert E. Kahn.

Q.61) In which of the following topology, each device is connected to every other device on a network through a dedicated point-to-point link?

- (a) Star topology
- (b) Mesh topology
- (c) Bus topology
- (d) Ring topology
- (e) Tree topology

Answer – (b)

Explanation -

Mesh topology is a point-to-point connection, which means that there are multiple paths that data can take between any two devices, providing redundancy and fault tolerance in case of a network failure.

Q.62) Which ports connect special types of music instruments to sound cards?

- (a) BUS
- (b) CPU
- (c) USB
- (d) MIDI
- (e) UPS

Answer – (d)

Explanation -

MIDI stands for Musical Instrument Digital Interface. It is a standard for digitally representing and transmitting sound.

Q.63) Which files are contents readymade styles that can be used for a word document?

- (a) Presentation
- (b) Letters
- (c) Magic wands
- (d) Templates
- (e) WordArt

Answer – (d)

Explanation -

Templates are files that help you design interesting, compelling, and professional-looking documents. They contain content and design elements that you can use as a starting point when creating a document.

Q.64) Which of the following techniques can be used to store a large number of files in a small amount of storage space?

- (a) File adjustment
- (b) File copying
- (c) File compatibility
- (d) File compression
- (e) File maintenance

Answer – (d)

Explanation -

A compressed file is a file reduced in size through the application of a compression algorithm, commonly performed to save disk space. The act of compressing a file makes it unreadable to most programs until the file is uncompressed.

Q.65) Which of the following shortcut key save the open document in MS Word like 'Ctrl + S'?

- (a) F8
- (b) F9
- (c) F12
- (d) F10
- (e) F6

Answer – (c)

Explanation -

When we press F12, 'Save as' dialog box is opened to save the document with a specific file name or in a new folder.

Q.66) Which printer is also called Inkless Printer?

- (a) Thermal Printer
- (b) Inkjet Printer
- (c) Dot Matrix Printer
- (d) Plotter
- (e) Line printer

Answer – (a)

Explanation -

Thermal printers, whether using direct thermal or thermal transfer technology, use heat to print labels. This is why they are also known as inkless printers.

Q.67) Where are data and programme stored when the processor uses them?

- (a) Disk memory
- (b) Main memory
- (c) Secondary memory
- (d) Programme memory
- (e) None of these

Answer – (b)

Explanation -

Primary storage, also known as **main storage** or **memory**, is the part of a computer where data is stored for quick access by the processor. The terms **random access memory (RAM)** and **memory** are often used interchangeably with primary storage.

Q.68) ASCII stands for

- (a) American Stable Code for International Interchange
- (b) American Standard Case for Institutional Interchange
- (c) American Standard Code for Information Interchange
- (d) American Standard Code for Interchange Information
- (e) American Stable Code for Information Interchange

Answer – (c)

Explanation -

ASCII, short for **American Standard Code for Information Interchange**, is a standard format for encoding data to enable electronic communication between computers. It assigns numeric values to letters, numbers, punctuation marks, and other characters used in computers.

Q.69) Vendor-created program modifications are called _____.

- (a) Holes
- (b) Patches
- (c) Fixes
- (d) Overlaps
- (e) Antiviruses

Answer – (b)

Explanation -

A patch is a set of updates made to a computer program or its data. It is used to fix problems, improve performance, or address security issues.

Q.70) _____ is used in second generation computer.

- (a) Vacuum tubes
- (b) Microprocessor
- (c) Integrated circuit
- (d) Transistors
- (e) AI

Answer – (d)

Explanation -

Second-generation computers were used from 1959 to 1965. They used transistors instead of vacuum tubes, making them cheaper, more energy-efficient, smaller, more reliable, and faster.

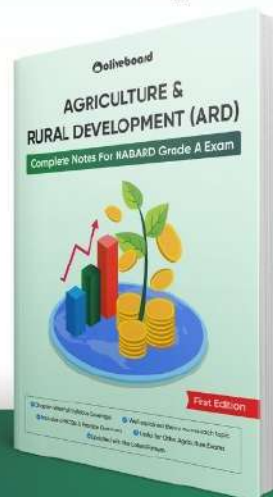
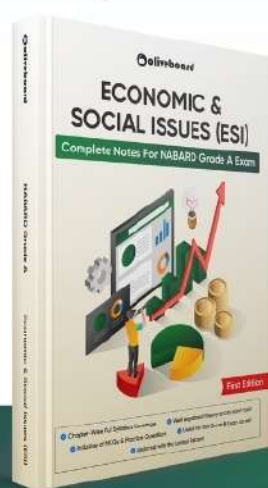
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