



रेलवे भर्ती बोर्ड / RAILWAY RECRUITMENT BOARD
सी ई एन नं. - 04/2024 - CEN No. - 04/2024



Test Date	30/04/2025
Test Time	9:00 AM - 10:30 AM
Subject	CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGIST

* Note
Correct Answer will carry 1 mark per Question.
Incorrect Answer will carry 1/3 Negative mark per Question.

1. Options shown in green color with a tick icon are correct.
2. Chosen option on the right of the question indicates the option selected by the candidate.

Section : General Ability

Q.1	What role do gases used in and discharged from refrigerators and air conditioners play in air pollution?
Ans	☒ 1. They help in the natural cooling of the Earth's surface. ☒ 2. They increase the levels of oxygen in the atmosphere. ☒ 3. They are responsible for the depletion of the ozone layer. ☒ 4. They contribute to smog formation in urban areas.
Q.2	Which of the following substances will not be broken down by the action of bacteria?
Ans	☒ 1. Cotton ☒ 2. Newspapers ☒ 3. Plastics ☒ 4. Fruits
Q.3	What should come in place of the question mark (?) in the given series based on the English alphabetical order? YFO BJR ENU HRX ?
Ans	☒ 1. LVC ☒ 2. MTZ ☒ 3. LUB ☒ 4. KVA
Q.4	What is the maximum value that must be assigned to A so that the 8-digit number 866A2316 is divisible by 4?
Ans	☒ 1. 8 ☒ 2. 4 ☒ 3. 9 ☒ 4. 7
Q.5	Which of the following compounds does NOT belong to the same homologous series as the others?
Ans	☒ 1. Methanol (CH₃OH) ☒ 2. Ethanoic acid (CH₃COOH) ☒ 3. Ethanol (C₂H₅OH) ☒ 4. Propanol (C₃H₇OH)

Q.6	Where was the 4 th edition of the India-Malaysia joint military exercise Harimau Shakti held in 2024?
Ans	☒ 1. Bentong Camp, Pahang district, Malaysia ☐ 2. Port Blair, India ☐ 3. Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia ☐ 4. Mizoram, India
Q.7	What will come in the place of the question mark '(?)' in the following equation, if '+' and '-' are interchanged and 'x' and '÷' are interchanged? $112 \times 2 \div 4 - 12 + 13 = ?$
Ans	☒ 1. 223 ☐ 2. 112 ☐ 3. 250 ☐ 4. 241
Q.8	5 bags and 18 pens together cost ₹1710, whereas 4 bags and 13 pens together cost ₹1256. The cost of 12 bags exceeds the cost of 6 pens by:
Ans	☐ 1. ₹173 ☐ 2. ₹169 ☒ 3. ₹168 ☐ 4. ₹164
Q.9	For a spherical mirror with _____ aperture, the principal focus lies midway between the pole and the centre of curvature.
Ans	☐ 1. a large ☒ 2. a small ☐ 3. infinite ☐ 4. any
Q.10	A manufacturer sells a product to a wholesaler at a profit of 25%. The wholesaler, in turn, sells it to a retailer at a profit of 28%, and the retailer sells it to a customer at a profit of 25%. If the customer pays ₹122, find the cost price (in ₹) for the manufacturer.
Ans	☐ 1. 64 ☒ 2. 61 ☐ 3. 60 ☐ 4. 59
Q.11	Who among the following chaired the State Reorganisation Commission after India's independence in the early 1950s?
Ans	☒ 1. Saiyid Fazl Ali ☐ 2. Sardar Patel ☐ 3. Jawaharlal Nehru ☐ 4. Dr. BR Ambedkar
Q.12	Which Indian cricketer was nominated for the Laureus Comeback of the Year Award in February 2025?
Ans	☐ 1. Jasprit Bumrah ☐ 2. Virat Kohli ☐ 3. Ravindra Jadeja ☒ 4. Rishabh Pant

Q.13	Find the number of bricks, each measuring 21 cm × 48 cm × 20 cm, required to construct a wall 56 m long, 14 m high and 0.4 m thick, while the sand and cement mixture occupies 10% of the total volume of wall.
Ans	✖ 1. 14100 ✖ 2. 14300 ✔ 3. 14000 ✖ 4. 13900
Q.14	What is the approximate current when a potential difference of 0.5 V is applied across a nichrome wire having length 1 m and cross-sectional area 2 mm ² ? (Consider the resistivity of nichrome wire as 1 × 10 ⁻⁶ Ω m.)
Ans	✖ 1. 20 A ✖ 2. 2 A ✔ 3. 1 A ✖ 4. 10 A
Q.15	Which of the following organisms break down biodegradable substances?
Ans	✖ 1. Bacteria and Green plant ✖ 2. Fungi and Green plant ✔ 3. Bacteria and Fungi ✖ 4. Chordates and Green plant
Q.16	Between which two ranges does the rift valley of the Narmada River lie?
Ans	✖ 1. Western Ghats and Eastern Ghats ✖ 2. Pir Panjal and Mahabharata ✔ 3. Vindhyas and Satpuras ✖ 4. Aravalli and Nilgiri
Q.17	Which of the following letter-number clusters will replace the question mark (?) in the given series to make it logically complete? SOW21, XTB37, CYG53, HDL69, ?
Ans	✖ 1. MIO85 ✖ 2. NIQ85 ✔ 3. MIQ85 ✖ 4. MKQ85
Q.18	In the Delhi Legislative Assembly election held on 5 February 2025, which party emerged victorious?
Ans	✔ 1. Bharatiya Janata Party ✖ 2. Bahujan Samaj Party ✖ 3. Aam Aadmi Party ✖ 4. Indian National Congress
Q.19	Which of the following provisions regarding reservation in Panchayati Raj Institutions in India is mandated by the 73 rd Constitutional Amendment Act?
Ans	✖ 1. At least 50% of the seats are reserved for economically weaker sections. ✔ 2. Not less than one-third of the total seats for direct election must be reserved for women. ✖ 3. At least 50% of the seats are reserved for Scheduled Castes. ✖ 4. No seats are to be reserved for any category.

Q.20	The Sun is visible _____ before actual sunrise due to atmospheric refraction.
Ans	☒ 1. 2 minutes ☐ 2. 1 minute ☐ 3. 3 minutes ☐ 4. 4 minutes
Q.21	Which of the following movements takes place without thinking about it?
Ans	☐ 1. Buffaloes chewing cud ☒ 2. Pulling hand back from the flame ☐ 3. Cat running ☐ 4. Children playing
Q.22	Seven boxes A, B, E, F, G, N and O are kept one over the other but not necessarily in the same order. Only B is kept above A. Only E is kept between A and F. Only G is kept below O. How many boxes are kept between N and G?
Ans	☒ 1. One ☐ 2. Four ☐ 3. Three ☐ 4. Two
Q.23	Regarding the relationship between the Fundamental Rights (FR) and the Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSP) in India, which of the following assertions is true?
Ans	☐ 1. DPSP are justiciable and can override FR when necessary. ☐ 2. FR are subordinate to DPSP in case of any conflict. ☐ 3. DPSP can be enforced directly in the courts, similar to FR. ☒ 4. Both serve as independent pillars; however, FR are legally enforceable while DPSP cannot be.
Q.24	A can lay railway track between two given stations in 14 days and B can do the same job in 28 days. With the help of C, they did the job in 4 days only. Then, C alone can do the job in:
Ans	☐ 1. 10 days ☐ 2. 9 days ☒ 3. 7 days ☐ 4. 8 days
Q.25	Identify the correct statements regarding mixtures and compounds. 1. The components of a mixture retain their individual properties, whereas the components of a compound do not. 2. A compound has a fixed composition, but a mixture can have variable proportions of its components. 3. Mixtures can only be separated by chemical methods, while compounds can be separated by physical methods.
Ans	☐ 1. Only 1 and 3 are correct ☒ 2. Only 1 and 2 are correct ☐ 3. All three statements 1, 2 and 3 are correct ☐ 4. Only 2 and 3 are correct
Q.26	Town E is to the west of town B. Town C is to the east of town B. Town A is to the north of town B. Town F is to the north of town C. Town A is to the west of town F. What is the position of town F with respect to town E?
Ans	☐ 1. North-west ☐ 2. South ☒ 3. North-east ☐ 4. South-west

Q.27	Which flagship programme has been specifically designed to reduce rural poverty and guarantee wage employment in India?
Ans	☐ 1. Make in India ☐ 2. Startup India ☐ 3. Skill India ☒ 4. MGNREGA

Section : Professional Ability

Q.1	In crisis intervention for clients with Borderline Personality Disorder (BPD), what does Linehan's Dialectical Behaviour Therapy (DBT) emphasise first?
Ans	☒ 1. Validation before change ☐ 2. Cognitive restructuring ☐ 3. Exposure techniques ☐ 4. Interpretation of transference

Q.4	What does 'social pathology' refer to in sociological terms?
Ans	☐ 1. Public health interventions ☐ 2. Genetic predisposition to crime ☐ 3. Study of biological diseases ☒ 4. Social behaviours and conditions disrupting societal well-being
Q.5	According to the biopsychosocial model, mental disorders are best understood by considering:
Ans	☐ 1. only biological factors ☐ 2. only social and cultural influences ☒ 3. biological, psychological, and social factors interactively ☐ 4. only psychological factors
Q.6	The 'disability paradox' refers to:
Ans	☐ 1. the genetic basis of invisible disabilities ☐ 2. the inability to diagnose certain disabilities ☐ 3. the conflict between medical and social models ☒ 4. the contradiction between high self-reported quality of life in disabled individuals and societal assumptions of suffering
Q.7	According to Robert Merton's Strain Theory, what contributes to social pathology like crime?
Ans	☐ 1. Neurochemical imbalances ☐ 2. Parental neglect ☒ 3. Disparity between societal goals and legitimate means ☐ 4. Genetic abnormalities
Q.8	Critical Incident Stress Debriefing (CISD) is controversial because:
Ans	☐ 1. it may decrease PTSD risk through re-traumatisation ☐ 2. it is too brief to be effective ☒ 3. it lacks empirical support for prevention efficacy ☐ 4. it does not help in coping with stress
Q.9	Which neuroendocrine abnormality is most consistently found in adolescent-onset conduct disorder?
Ans	☐ 1. High TSH levels ☐ 2. Elevated prolactin ☐ 3. Low growth hormone ☒ 4. Low cortisol reactivity
Q.10	A 65-year-old man presents with visual hallucinations, fluctuating cognition and Parkinsonism. The most likely diagnosis is:
Ans	☐ 1. Frontotemporal dementia ☐ 2. Vascular dementia ☒ 3. Dementia with Lewy bodies (DLB) ☐ 4. Alzheimer's dementia
Q.11	The primary focus of the 'miracle question' technique is to:
Ans	☐ 1. behavioural activation ☒ 2. solution construction ☐ 3. trauma processing ☐ 4. problem analysis

Q.12	What does the family system model suggest as a potential cause of mental disorders?
Ans	✓ 1. Dysfunctional family dynamics and communication patterns ✗ 2. Neurotransmitter deficiencies ✗ 3. Genetic mutations alone ✗ 4. Individual psychological trauma
Q.13	Which phase of Caplan's (1964) crisis model involves unsuccessful coping attempts?
Ans	✗ 1. Recoil phase ✗ 2. Impact phase ✓ 3. Adjustment phase ✗ 4. Adaptive phase
Q.14	Which of the following is a hallmark feature of delirium?
Ans	✓ 1. Fluctuating level of consciousness ✗ 2. Stable memory impairment ✗ 3. Fixed delusions ✗ 4. Gradual cognitive decline
Q.15	The "biosocial theory" of borderline personality disorder emphasizes:
Ans	✗ 1. Dopamine dysfunction ✗ 2. Neurostructural abnormalities ✗ 3. Serotonin deficiency ✓ 4. Emotional vulnerability & invalidating environment
Q.16	Motivational interviewing would be the least appropriate for:
Ans	✓ 1. a client with active psychosis ✗ 2. an alcoholic in the precontemplation stage ✗ 3. a smoker contemplating quitting ✗ 4. a student procrastinating on assignments
Q.17	The most common psychiatric disorder in adolescents is:
Ans	✗ 1. bipolar disorder ✗ 2. major depressive disorder ✗ 3. schizophrenia ✓ 4. anxiety disorders
Q.18	A client in crisis reveals suicidal thoughts during a counselling session, stating they feel hopeless after a recent job loss but have no concrete plan. The counselor's most appropriate next step is to:
Ans	✗ 1. schedule a follow-up session for the following week ✗ 2. change the topic to avoid escalating the client's distress ✓ 3. conduct a detailed risk assessment while maintaining therapeutic rapport ✗ 4. immediately contact emergency services
Q.19	What does the traumagenic neurodevelopmental model of schizophrenia emphasise?
Ans	✗ 1. Purely genetic causes ✗ 2. Dopamine dysfunction alone ✗ 3. Faulty parenting as the sole cause ✓ 4. Early trauma disrupting brain development

Q.20	Which of the following techniques should be avoided during acute crisis intervention?
Ans	☒ 1. Deep trauma processing ☐ 2. Active listening ☐ 3. Breathing retraining ☐ 4. Grounding exercises
Q.21	The Columbo approach aligns with postmodern therapy through its:
Ans	☐ 1. focus on behavioural metrics ☒ 2. emphasis on the not-knowing position ☐ 3. deconstruction of problem narratives ☐ 4. use of therapeutic expertise
Q.22	Which psychological theory focusses on adapting to disabilities through coping strategies?
Ans	☐ 1. Behaviourism ☐ 2. Psychoanalytic theory ☒ 3. Stress and coping theory ☐ 4. Social learning theory
Q.23	According to Roberts' 7-Stage Crisis Model (R-SSCIM), 'establishing rapport' occurs:
Ans	☐ 1. during the termination phase ☐ 2. concurrently with problem exploration ☒ 3. before defining the crisis ☐ 4. after risk assessment
Q.24	Which genetic finding is most robustly associated with schizotypal personality disorder?
Ans	☐ 1. DRD4 7-repeat allele ☒ 2. COMT Val158Met polymorphism ☐ 3. MAOA-L variant ☐ 4. 5-HTTLPR short allele
Q.25	Which neurotransmitter is most implicated in the impulsivity seen in antisocial personality disorder?
Ans	☐ 1. Dopamine ☐ 2. Acetylcholine ☒ 3. Serotonin ☐ 4. GABA
Q.26	The tripartite model of emotion regulation in adolescent anxiety disorders emphasises dysfunction in the:
Ans	☐ 1. basal ganglia ☐ 2. cerebellar vermis ☐ 3. occipital lobe ☒ 4. amygdala-PFC circuitry
Q.27	Gestalt therapy's 'empty chair' technique utilises which of the following?
Ans	☐ 1. Dream analysis ☐ 2. Systematic desensitisation ☒ 3. Two-chair dialogue ☐ 4. Free association

Q.28	What does 'ableism' refer to?
Ans	☒ 1. Neurological disorder ☒ 2. Discrimination favouring able-bodied individuals ☒ 3. Genetic predisposition to disability ☒ 4. Physical therapy
Q.29	What critique applies to the DSM-5's categorical model of mental disorders?
Ans	☒ 1. It ignores biological factors entirely. ☒ 2. It fails to account for comorbid conditions and symptom overlap. ☒ 3. It overemphasises dimensional aspects of symptoms. ☒ 4. It is solely based on psychoanalytic theory.
Q.30	In Hepworth's three-stage model, the 'insight' phase primarily involves:
Ans	☒ 1. gathering biopsychosocial data ☒ 2. connecting patterns to presenting issues ☒ 3. preparing for termination ☒ 4. implementing behavioural strategies
Q.31	What concept describes how societal labels can amplify deviant behaviour?
Ans	☒ 1. Social Darwinism ☒ 2. Labelling Theory ☒ 3. Cultural Lag ☒ 4. Structural Functionalism
Q.32	Which factor is most protective against suicide in depressed adolescents?
Ans	☒ 1. High IQ ☒ 2. Strong peer connections ☒ 3. Single-child status ☒ 4. Artistic ability
Q.33	Unconditional positive regard requires the therapist to:
Ans	☒ 1. maintain nonjudgmental acceptance ☒ 2. avoid setting boundaries ☒ 3. focus exclusively on strengths ☒ 4. approve all client behaviours
Q.34	Which of the following models of mental disorders focuses primarily on maladaptive thought patterns?
Ans	☒ 1. Cognitive Model ☒ 2. Humanistic Model ☒ 3. Sociocultural Model ☒ 4. Behavioural Model
Q.35	Which cluster of personality disorders is characterised by dramatic, emotional or erratic behaviour?
Ans	☒ 1. Cluster C ☒ 2. Cluster B ☒ 3. Cluster D ☒ 4. Cluster A

Q.36	Which response demonstrates effective use of open-ended questioning?
Ans	☒ 1. "What brings you here today?" ☐ 2. "Are you feeling depressed?" ☐ 3. "You seem anxious, correct?" ☐ 4. "On a scale of 1-10, how would you rate your mood?"
Q.37	What does the social model of disability emphasise as the primary cause of disability?
Ans	☐ 1. Cognitive deficits ☒ 2. Societal barriers and attitudes ☐ 3. Genetic factors ☐ 4. Individual impairments
Q.38	The 'third space' concept in cultural crisis intervention refers to:
Ans	☐ 1. neutral settings for mediation ☐ 2. third-wave CBT techniques ☐ 3. transitional housing programs ☒ 4. blended cultural frameworks for healing
Q.39	Which personality disorder shows the highest heritability estimate in twin studies?
Ans	☒ 1. Antisocial ☐ 2. Histrionic ☐ 3. Dependent ☐ 4. Avoidant
Q.40	The biomedical model primarily attributes mental illness to:
Ans	☒ 1. biochemical imbalances and brain abnormalities ☐ 2. faulty learning ☐ 3. unresolved unconscious conflicts ☐ 4. societal oppression
Q.41	Which of the following models critiques the concept of 'mental illness' and views psychological distress as a result of societal labeling?
Ans	☐ 1. Medical Model ☐ 2. Sociocultural Model ☒ 3. Anti-psychiatry Model ☐ 4. Behavioural Model
Q.42	In the differential diagnosis of disruptive mood dysregulation disorder (DMDD), which findings would most support bipolar disorder?
Ans	☐ 1. Sleep disturbances ☒ 2. Episodic euphoria ☐ 3. School refusal ☐ 4. Chronic irritability
Q.43	The 'exposure effect' in disability studies posits that:
Ans	☐ 1. disabled people are more prone to infections ☐ 2. genetic testing can predict disability onset ☐ 3. disabilities worsen with age ☒ 4. increased visibility of disabled individuals reduces prejudice through familiarity

Q.44	The 'Window of Tolerance' concept in crisis work refers to:
Ans	☒ 1. session duration limits ☒ 2. optimal arousal for information processing ☒ 3. legal timeframes for intervention ☒ 4. medication titration windows
Q.45	What does the 'broken windows theory' suggest?
Ans	☒ 1. Visible signs of disorder such as littering etc., leads to crime and decay in future. ☒ 2. Social deviance buds from mental illness. ☒ 3. Deviance reflect conscious choices. ☒ 4. Poverty is caused by genetic factors.
Q.46	Which neurobiological system is most implicated in crisis responses?
Ans	☒ 1. Hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal axis ☒ 2. Default mode network ☒ 3. Mirror neuron system ☒ 4. Dopaminergic pathways
Q.47	Which of the following best describes the 'adolescent paradox' in neurodevelopment?
Ans	☒ 1. Early puberty, causing late brain maturation ☒ 2. High dopamine with low serotonin activity ☒ 3. Increased myelination with decreased synaptic pruning ☒ 4. Peak cognitive ability with heightened emotional vulnerability
Q.48	What does the network model of mental disorders propose about symptoms?
Ans	☒ 1. They are entirely socially constructed. ☒ 2. They interact in a causal feedback loop. ☒ 3. They can only be explained by psychoanalytic theory. ☒ 4. They are caused by a single underlying biological defect.
Q.49	The 'affirmation model' of disability (Swain and French, 2000) emphasises:
Ans	☒ 1. disability as a neutral or positive identity, not a loss ☒ 2. the superiority of the medical model ☒ 3. cognitive rehabilitation is the only intervention ☒ 4. genetic engineering to eliminate disabilities
Q.50	What is the primary purpose of using Socratic questioning in Cognitive Behavioural Therapy (CBT)?
Ans	☒ 1. Establish behavioural experiments ☒ 2. Provide psychoeducation ☒ 3. Examine evidence for beliefs ☒ 4. Elicit automatic thoughts
Q.51	A client expresses suicidal ideation without a plan. The therapist's first action should be:
Ans	☒ 1. schedule follow-up ☒ 2. conduct a suicide risk assessment ☒ 3. explore family history ☒ 4. normalise the feelings

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Q.52	Which EEG finding is most characteristic of Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease (CJD)?
Ans	☐ 1. Triphasic waves ☒ 2. Periodic sharp wave complexes ☐ 3. Diffuse slowing ☐ 4. Spike-and-wave discharges
Q.53	Which intervention has the strongest evidence for adolescent depression?
Ans	☐ 1. Atypical antipsychotics ☐ 2. Play therapy ☐ 3. Psychoanalysis ☒ 4. Cognitive behavioural therapy
Q.54	The 'prodromal phase' of schizophrenia in adolescents most commonly includes:
Ans	☐ 1. visual hallucinations ☐ 2. psychomotor retardation ☐ 3. manic episodes ☒ 4. attenuated psychotic symptoms
Q.55	Which personality disorder is characterised by pervasive distrust and suspicion of others?
Ans	☐ 1. Schizoid ☒ 2. Paranoid ☐ 3. Histrionic ☐ 4. Dependent
Q.56	According to the 'double disadvantage' hypothesis in disability psychology:
Ans	☐ 1. physical disabilities are harder to treat than mental ones ☐ 2. disability stigma is universal across cultures ☐ 3. disabilities are always congenital ☒ 4. disabled individuals face compounded discrimination when belonging to other marginalised groups (e.g., race, gender)
Q.57	Reflective listening serves to:
Ans	☒ 1. mirror both content and affect ☐ 2. establish behavioural contracts ☐ 3. challenge cognitive distortions ☐ 4. provide psychoeducation
Q.58	The primary goal of crisis intervention is to:
Ans	☐ 1. diagnose psychiatric disorders ☐ 2. develop comprehensive treatment plans ☐ 3. provide long-term psychotherapy ☒ 4. restore immediate psychological equilibrium
Q.59	Which critique applies to the medical model of disability from a psychological perspective?
Ans	☐ 1. It ignores the role of neuroplasticity. ☐ 2. It is incompatible with genetic research. ☒ 3. It pathologises disability while neglecting adaptive resilience and identity. ☐ 4. It overemphasises social barriers.

Q.60	Which defense mechanism is most characteristic of narcissistic personality disorder?
Ans	☒ 1. Idealisation/devaluation ☐ 2. Projection ☐ 3. Splitting ☐ 4. Intellectualisation
Q.61	Countertransference refers to:
Ans	☐ 1. the cognitive schema activation ☐ 2. the behavioural reinforcement patterns ☐ 3. the client's displacement of childhood feelings ☒ 4. the therapist's emotional reactions to the client
Q.62	A patient with chronic alcohol use develops confabulation and anterograde amnesia. The most likely diagnosis is:
Ans	☐ 1. alcohol-induced dementia ☐ 2. delirium tremens ☐ 3. Wernicke's encephalopathy ☒ 4. Korsakoff's syndrome
Q.63	Avoidant personality disorder is often comorbid with which Axis I disorder?
Ans	☐ 1. OCD ☐ 2. Bipolar disorder ☐ 3. Schizophrenia ☒ 4. Social anxiety disorder
Q.64	Crisis hotlines primarily utilise which counselling approach?
Ans	☐ 1. Solution-focussed therapy ☒ 2. Non-directive active listening ☐ 3. Behavioural activation ☐ 4. Psychodynamic therapy
Q.65	Which of the following models of mental disorders emphasizes unconscious conflicts and early childhood experiences as the root of psychological problems?
Ans	☐ 1. Behavioural Model ☒ 2. Psychodynamic Model ☐ 3. Biological Model ☐ 4. Cognitive Model
Q.66	Which of the following is the most common reversible cause of dementia?
Ans	☐ 1. Prion disease ☒ 2. Vitamin B12 deficiency ☐ 3. Normal pressure hydrocephalus ☐ 4. Huntington's disease
Q.67	Which of the following is NOT included in the Triarchic Model of Psychopathy?
Ans	☒ 1. Grandiosity ☐ 2. Disinhibition ☐ 3. Boldness ☐ 4. Meanness

Q.68	The primary purpose of establishing rapport in initial counselling interviews is to:
Ans	☐ 1. develop immediate treatment plans ☐ 2. assess cognitive functioning ☒ 3. create a safe space for client self-disclosure ☐ 4. formally diagnose mental health conditions
Q.69	A 14-year-old exhibits school refusal, somatic complaints and excessive clinginess to parents. The most likely diagnosis is:
Ans	☒ 1. separation anxiety disorder ☐ 2. social anxiety disorder ☐ 3. oppositional defiant disorder ☐ 4. panic disorder
Q.70	The hallmark feature of borderline personality disorder (BPD) is:
Ans	☐ 1. social detachment ☐ 2. grandiosity ☐ 3. perfectionism ☒ 4. fear of abandonment