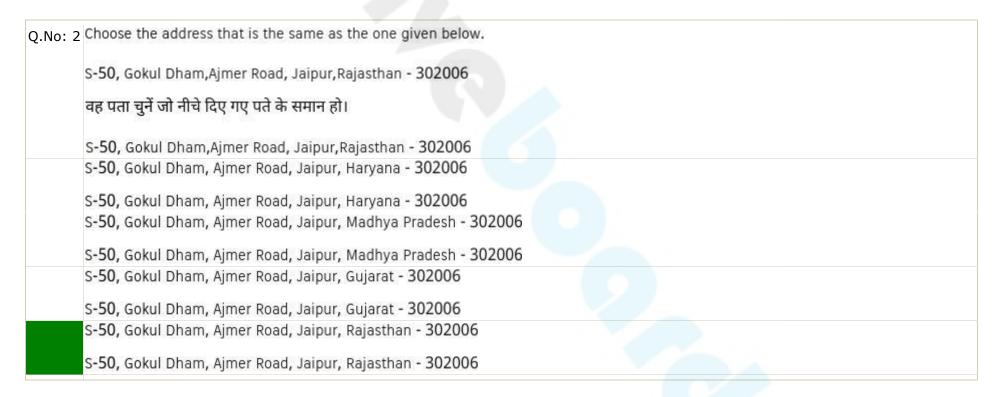
Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: 19 Sep 2025
Test Time and Shift	: 09:00 AM (Shift-1)
Centre Name	:
Correct Option selected Wrong Option select	cted Correct Option Not Answered

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.

CFJ, HKO, MPT, ?





Q.No: 3 Choose the address that is the same as the one given below.
Sample Address:27, White Orchid Complex,S.G. Highway, Ahmedabad,Gujarat - 380054
वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो।
Sample Address:27, White Orchid Complex,S.G. Highway, Ahmedabad,Gujarat - 380054
27, White Orchid Complex, S.G. Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054
27, White Orchid Complex, S.G. Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054
27 White Orchid Complex, SG Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054
27 White Orchid Complex, SG. Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054
27, White Orchid Complex, SG. Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054
27, White Orchid Complex, SG. Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054
27, White Orchid Complex, S.G. Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054
27, White Orchid Complex, S.G. Highway, Ahmadabad, Gujarat - 380054
27, White Orchid Complex, S.G. Highway, Ahmadabad, Gujarat - 380054

Q.No: 4 Consider the following statement and choose the option that follows. Statement: A large number of city dwellers are subscribing to organic vegetable delivery services. Conclusion I. People are becoming more health conscious. Conclusion II. Supermarkets are no longer preferred. निम्नलिखित कथन पर विचार कीजिए और उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्प का चयन कीजिए। कथन: शहर में रहने वाले लोगों की बड़ी आबादी जैविक सब्जी वितरण सेवाओं की सदस्यता ले रहे हैं। निष्कर्ष I. लोग स्वास्थ्य के प्रति अधिक जागरूक हो रहे हैं। निष्कर्ष II. सुपरमार्केट अब पसंद नहीं किए जाते हैं। Only I follows

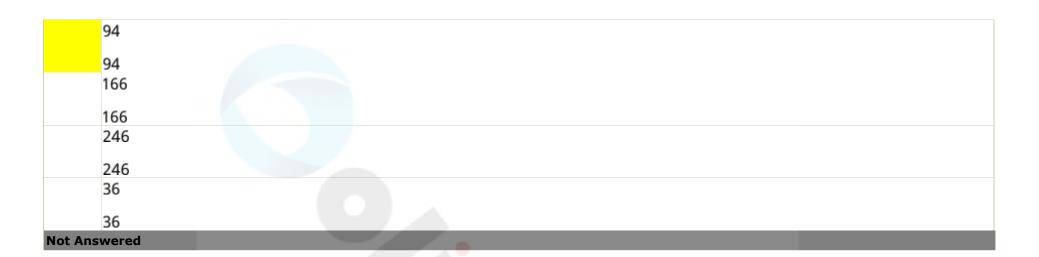
केवल । अनुसरण करता है

Only II follows

केवल ॥ अनुसरण करता है
Both follows
दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
Neither follows
कोई भी अनुसरण नहीं करता है

O.No: 5 Consider the following statement and choose the option that follows. Statements: I. The government launched a financial literacy mission. II. Many citizens remain unaware of basic banking facilities. निम्नलिखित कथन पर विचार कीजिए और उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्प का चयन कीजिए। कथन: ।. सरकार ने एक वित्तीय साक्षरता मिशन शुरू किया। ॥. कई नागरिक बुनियादी बैंकिंग सुविधाओं से अनभिज्ञ हैं। Lis the cause and II is the effect. । कारण है और ॥ प्रभाव है। II is the cause and I is the effect. ॥ कारण है और। प्रभाव है। Both are effects of the same cause. दोनों एक ही कारण के प्रभाव हैं। No relation. इनमें कोई संबंध नहीं है

Q.No: 6 Find out the WRONG number in the given series. 336, 246, 166, 94, 36, -14 दी गई श्रृंखला में गलत संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए। 336, 246, 166, 94, 36, -14



Q.No: 7 Read the given statement and conclusions carefully. Decide which of the given conclusions is/are definitely TRUE from the statement.

Statement: $P > Q < S \le T = R \ge U > V$

Conclusion I: Q < R Conclusion II: U > T

दिए गए कथन और निष्कर्षों को ध्यान से पढ़ें। निर्णय लें कि दिए गए निष्कर्षों में से कौन सा/से निष्कर्ष कथन से निश्चित रूप से सत्य है/हैं।

कथन: P > Q < S ≤ T = R ≥ U > V

निष्कर्ष ।: Q < R निष्कर्ष ॥: U > T

Only Conclusion I is True.

केवल निष्कर्ष । सत्य है।

Only Conclusion II is True.

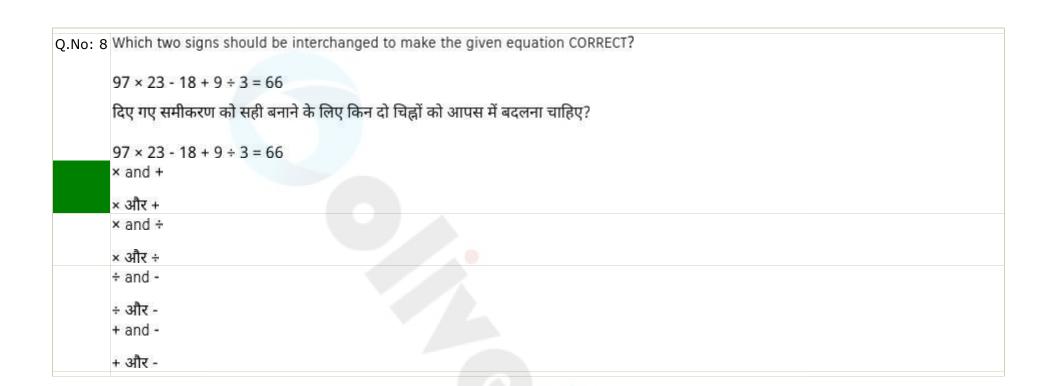
केवल निष्कर्ष ॥ सत्य है।

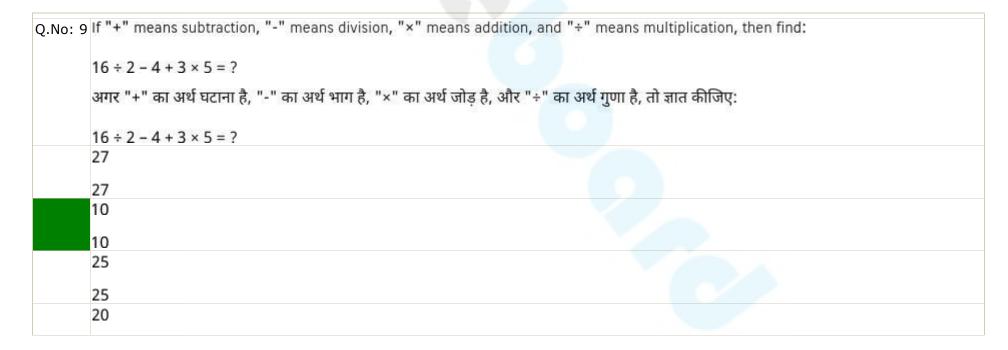
Both Conclusion I and Conclusion II are True.

निष्कर्ष । और निष्कर्ष ॥ दोनों सत्य हैं।

Both Conclusion I and Conclusion II are False.

निष्कर्ष । और निष्कर्ष ॥ दोनों असत्य हैं।

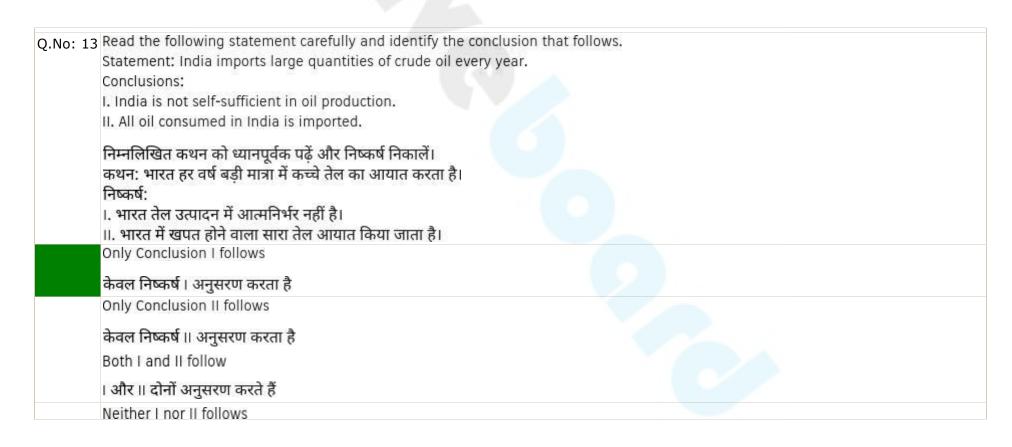




Q.No: 10	A is the only daughter of B, who is the only son of C. How is A related to C?
	A, B की एकमात्र पुत्री है, जो C का एकमात्र पुत्र है। A का C से क्या संबंध है?
	Daughter
	पुत्री
	Sister
	बहन
	Granddaughter
	पोती
	Cousin
	चचेरी

Q.	.No: 11 In the following question SEAT: TEAS:: ROPE:?	n, find out the alternative that w	ill replace the question mark.	
	निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में, वह विव SEAT : TEAS :: ROPE : ?	क्ल्प ज्ञात कीजिए जो प्रश्न चिह्न के स्था	न पर आएगा।	
	PEOR			
	PEOR			
	PERO			
	PERO			
	EPRO			
	EPRO			
	EOPR			
	EOPR			

Q.No: 12 What comes next	2, 3, 5, 9, 17, 33, ?	
इसके बाद क्या आए	T: 2, 3, 5, 9, 17, 33, ?	
65		
65		
63		
63		
61		
61		
67		
67		



न तो। और न ही॥ अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 14 Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.

Statement: Government vehicles are instructed to avoid using sirens except during emergencies.

Conclusions:

I. Sirens are often used unnecessarily.

II. This will help reduce noise pollution.

निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें।

कथन: सरकारी वाहनों को आपात स्थिति को छोड़कर सायरन का उपयोग न करने का निर्देश दिया जाता है। निष्कर्ष:

।. सायरन का प्रयोग अक्सर बिन-ज़रूरी रूप से किया जाता है।

॥. इससे ध्वनि प्रदूषण कम करने में मदद मिलेगी।

Only Conclusion I follows

केवल निष्कर्ष । अनुसरण करता है

Only Conclusion II follows

केवल निष्कर्ष ॥ अनुसरण करता है

Both I and II follow

। और ॥ दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं

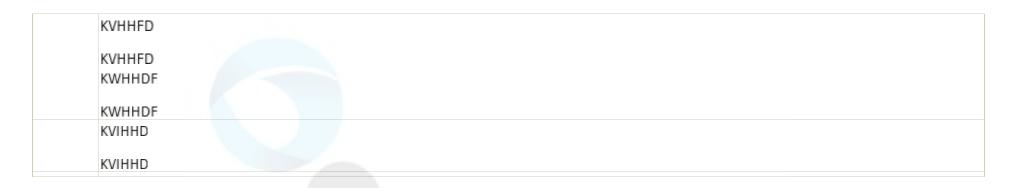
Neither I nor II follows

न तो। और न ही॥ अनुसरण करता है

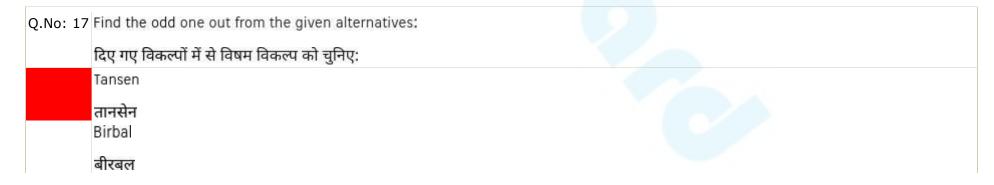
Q.No: 15 If "ROME" is coded as "VSQI", what is the code for "GREECE"?

यदि "ROME" को "VSQI" के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो "GREECE" का कोड क्या होगा?

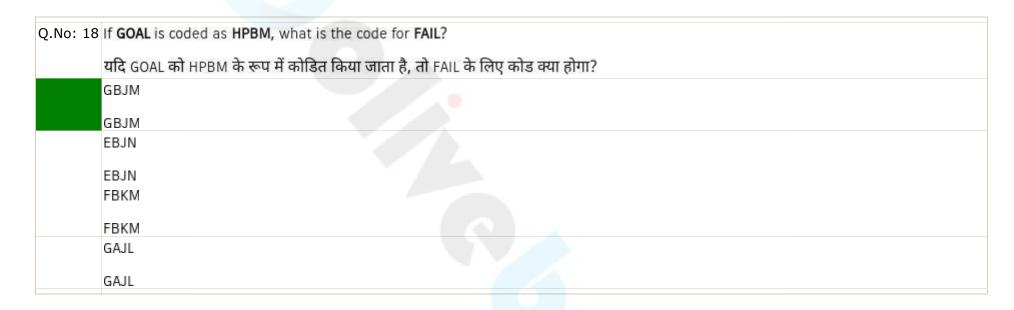
KVIIGI

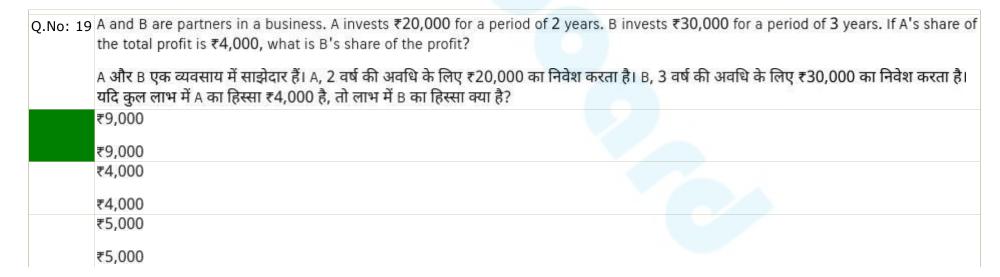






Abul Fazl
अबुल फ़ज़ल Tagore
Tagore .
टैगोर





₹7,000			
₹7,000			

No: 20 If 9 % 2 = 81 and 8 % 2 = 64, what is 7 % 2?
यदि 9 % 2 = 81 और 8 % 2 = 64 है, तो 7 % 2 क्या है?
56
56
49
49
45
45
63
63



	No: 22 If A is the brother of B, B is the sister of C, and C is the father of D, how is A related to D?
	यदि A, B का भाई है, B, C की बहन है, और C, D का पिता है, तो A, D से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Uncle
	चाचा
	Father
	पिता
	Brother भाई
-	
	Cousin
	चचेरा

```
Q.No: 23 If '+' means '-', '-' means 'x', 'x' means '÷', and '÷' means '+', then 20 + 5 × 4 - 2 = ?

यदि '+' का अर्थ '-', '-' का अर्थ 'x', 'x' का अर्थ '÷', और '÷' का अर्थ '+' है, तो 20 + 5 × 4 - 2 = ?

12

12

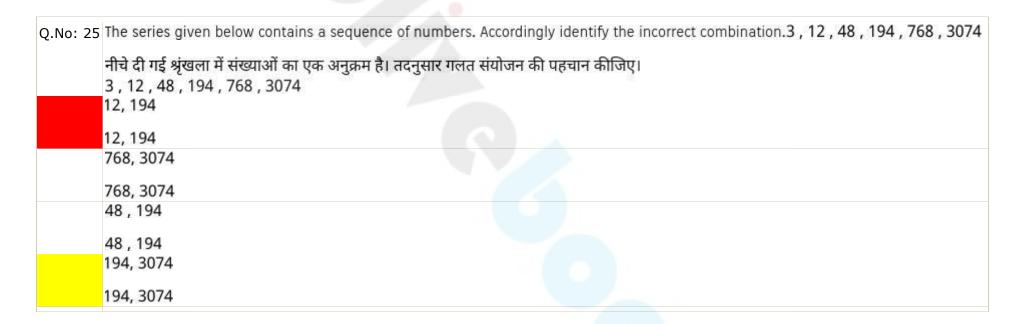
5

16.78

17.5
```

```
Q.No: 24 Find the next number in the series : 2, 5, 11, 23, 47, ?
शृंखला में अगला अंक ज्ञात कीजिए: 2, 5, 11, 23, 47, ?
95
```

95	
97	
0.7	
97	
93	
93	
99	
99	





Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: 19 Sep 2025
Test Time and Shift	: 09:00 AM (Shift-1)
Centre Name	

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate:

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

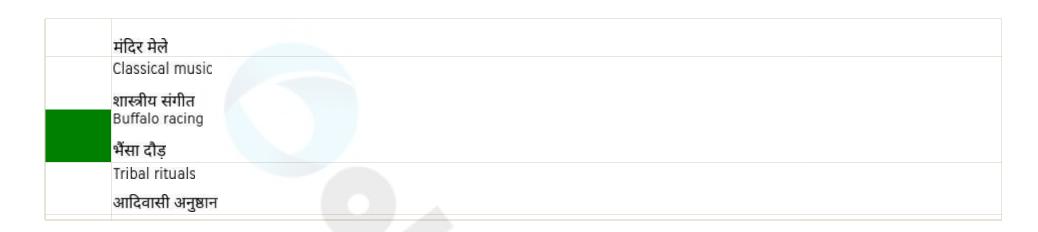
The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26 The Kambala Festival of coastal Karnataka is primarily associated with which of the following traditions?

तटीय कर्नाटक का कंबाला महोत्सव मुख्य रूप से निम्नलिखित में से किस परंपरा से जुड़ा हुआ है?

Temple fairs



Q.No: 27 Arrange the following historical structures in chronological order of their completion (earliest to latest):

- (a) Red Fort, Delhi
- (b) Jahangir Mahal, Orchha
- (c) Agra Fort (Akbar)

निम्नलिखित ऐतिहासिक संरचनाओं को उनके निर्माण के कालानुक्रमिक क्रम में व्यवस्थित करें (सबसे पहले से लेकर सबसे बाद में):

- (a) लाल किला, दिल्ली
- (b) जहाँगीर महल, ओरछा
- (c) आगरा किला (अकबर)
- (a) \rightarrow (b) \rightarrow (c)
- (a) \rightarrow (b) \rightarrow (c)
- (c) → (b) → (a)
- (c) → (b) → (a)
- (b) \rightarrow (c) \rightarrow (a)
- (b) \rightarrow (c) \rightarrow (a)
- (c) \rightarrow (a) \rightarrow (b)
- (c) \rightarrow (a) \rightarrow (b)

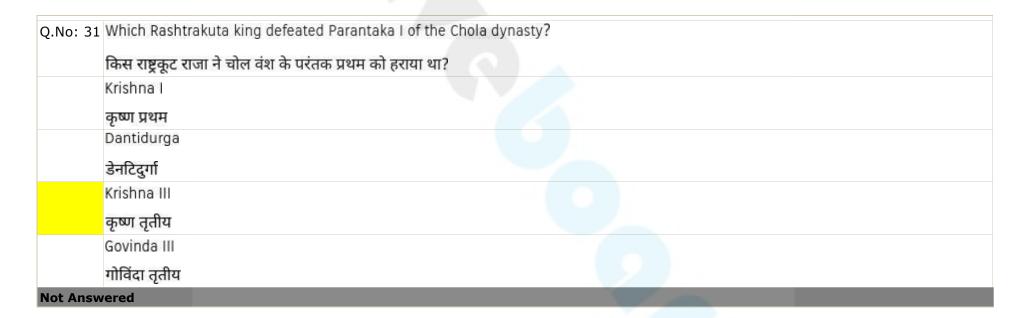
Not Answered

Dasaparadha – fines from ten offe	ices		
दशपराध - दस अपराधों पर जुर्माना			
Bhoga – free-labour levy			
भोगा – निःशुल्क श्रम कर			
Adeya – registry-keeping duty			
अदेया – रजिस्ट्री रखने का कर्तव्य			
Dhanya – forced labour			

-	Fill in the blanks:
1	The composition "Guru Bin Kaise Gun Gaaye" is set to the rhythmic cycle known as
ſ	रिक्त स्थान भरें:
	रचना "गुरु बिन कैसे गुण गाए" को नामक लयबद्ध चक्र पर सेट किया गया है।
3	Jhaptaal
5	झपताल
ŀ	Keharwa
ā	केहरवा
1	Teentaal
ā	तीनताल
Ē	Roopak
,	रूपक
Not Answe	

Q.No: 30 Fill in the blanks: According to official rules, a standard table tennis ball has a diameter of :

रिक्त स्थान भरें: आधिकारिक नियमों के अनुसार, एक मानक टेबल टेनिस गेंद का व्यास होता है:	
38 millimeters	
38 मिलीमीटर	
40 millimeters	
40 मिलीमीटर	
42 millimeters	
42 मिलीमीटर	
44 millimeters	
44 मिलीमीटर	
Not Answered	



Q.No: 32 Which of the following pairs (Governor-General - Policy followed) is correctly matched?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा युग्म (गवर्नर-जनरल - नीति का पालन) सही सुमेलित है?

Lord Hastings - Anti-expansionist policy

लॉर्ड हेस्टिंग्स - विस्तारवाद विरोधी नीति

Marquis of Hastings - Followed fiscal conservatism

मार्क्विस ऑफ हेस्टिंग्स - राजकोषीय रूढ़िवाद का पालन किया

Lord Wellesley - Pursued imperialist conquests

लॉर्ड वेलेस्ली - साम्राज्यवादी विजय अभियान

Henry Dundas - Opposed Charter renewal

हेनरी डंडास - चार्टर नवीनीकरण का विरोध किया

Not Answered

Q.No: 33 How is the lane width for athletes in races up to 400 meters determined on a synthetic track?

सिंथेटिक ट्रैक पर 400 मीटर तक की दौड़ में एथलीटों के लिए लेन की चौड़ाई कैसे निर्धारित की जाती है?

Each lane is 2 meters wide, marked by 10 cm lines.

प्रत्येक लेन 2 मीटर चौड़ी है, जिसे 10 सेमी की रेखाओं से चिह्नित किया गया है।

Each lane is 1.22 to 1.25 meters wide, marked by 5 cm lines.

प्रत्येक लेन 1.22 से 1.25 मीटर चौडी है, जो 5 सेमी की रेखाओं से चिह्नित है।

Lanes vary in width depending on the number of athletes.

एथलीटों की संख्या के आधार पर लेन की चौडाई अलग-अलग होती है।

There are no separate lanes for races up to 400 meters.

400 मीटर तक की दौड़ के लिए कोई अलग लेन नहीं है।

Not Answered

O.No: 34 Examine the statements below and select the most appropriate option.

Assertion (A): India's Dornier aircraft aid and OCC role show a shift in its development partnership with Sri Lanka towards defence focus.

Reason (R): President Disanayaka declined India's maritime security assistance and requested only cultural and financial cooperation.

नीचे दिए गए कथनों की जाँच कीजिए और सबसे उपयुक्त विकल्प चुनिए।

अभिकथन (A): भारत की डोर्नियर विमान सहायता और ओसीसी की भूमिका, श्रीलंका के साथ उसकी विकास साझेदारी में रक्षा पर ध्यान केंद्रित करने की दिशा में बदलाव दर्शाती है।

कारण (R): राष्ट्रपति दिसानायका ने भारत की समुद्री सुरक्षा सहायता को अस्वीकार कर दिया और केवल सांस्कृतिक और वित्तीय सहयोग का अनुरोध किया।

Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है

Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है

A is false, but R is true

A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

A is true, but R is false

A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है

Not Answered

Q.No: 35 'Half the Night is Gone' is written by which Sahitya Akademi winner?

'हाफ द नाइट इज़ गॉन' किस साहित्य अकादमी विजेता द्वारा लिखी गई है?

Amitav Ghosh

अमिताव घोष

Amit Chaudhuri

अमित चौधरी

Anuradha Roy

अनुराधा रॉय

Amitabha Bagchi

अमिताभ बागची

Not Answered

Q.No: 36 Who won the men's and women's recurve titles at the 2024 National Archery Championships held in Jamshedpur?

जमशेदपुर में आयोजित 2024 राष्ट्रीय तीरंदाजी चैंपियनशिप में पुरुष और महिला रिकर्व खिताब किसने जीते?
Atanu Das and Deepika Kumari
अतनु दास और दीपिका कुमारी
Dhiraj Bommadevara and Ankita Bhakat
धीरज बोम्मदेवरा और अंकिता भक्त
Dhiraj Bommadevara and Deepika Kumari
धीरज बोम्मदेवरा और दीपिका कुमारी
Pravin Jadhav and Komalika Bari

Not Answered

Q.No: 37 Which of the following about the 73rd Inter Services Water Polo Championship 2024-25 is/are correct?

- 1.) Hosted by Eastern Naval Command at Dolphin Hill Pool, Visakhapatnam.
- 2.) Navy defeated Army to win the title.

73वीं अंतर-सेवा वाटर पोलो चैंपियनशिप 2024-25 के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं?

- 1.) पूर्वी नौसेना कमान द्वारा डॉल्फिन हिल पूल, विशाखापत्तनम में आयोजित।
- 2.) नौसेना ने सेना को हराकर खिताब जीता।

Only 1 is correct

केवल 1 सही है

Only 2 is correct

केवल 2 सही है

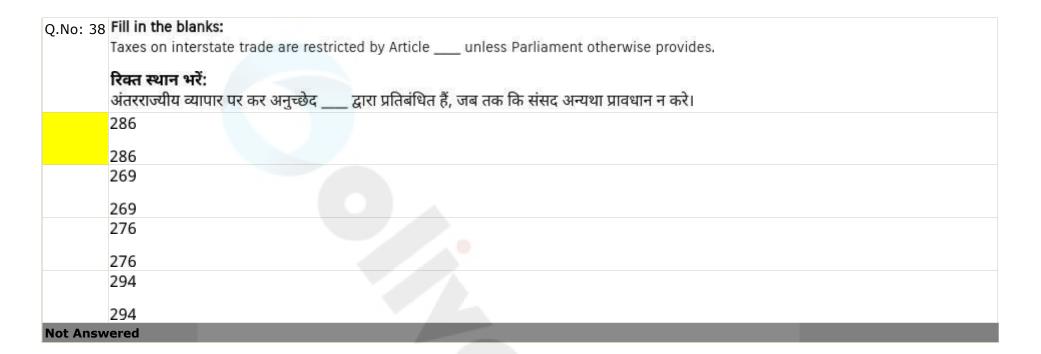
Both 1 and 2 are correct

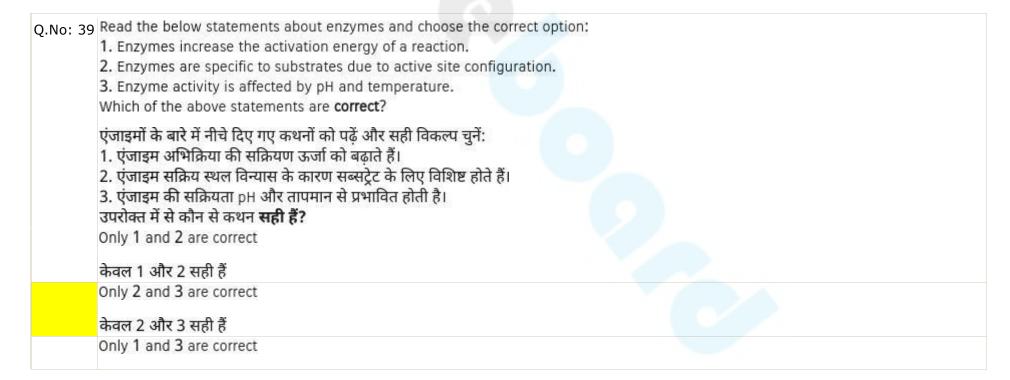
1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं

Neither 1 nor 2 is Correct

न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है

Not Answered





केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं

1, 2 and 3 all are correct

1, 2 और 3 सभी सही हैं

Not Answered

Q.No: 40 Which of the following statements about the Finance Commission of India is correct?

भारत के वित्त आयोग के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सही है?
Its recommendations are binding on the Union and State governments.

इसकी सिफारिशें केन्द्र और राज्य सरकारों पर बाध्यकारी हैं।
Its members enjoy a fixed tenure protected from executive removal.

इसके सदस्यों को एक निश्चित कार्यकाल मिलता है, जो कार्यकारी निष्कासन से सुरक्षित होता है।
Its recommendations are advisory in nature and not legally binding.

इसकी सिफारिशें सलाहकारी प्रकृति की हैं और कानूनी रूप से बाध्यकारी नहीं हैं।
It submits its report directly to the Parliament for enactment.

यह अधिनियमन के लिए अपनी रिपोर्ट सीधे संसद को प्रस्तुत करता है।

Q.No: 41 According to the 2025 Energy Transition Index, which factor is crucial for attracting long-term investment in energy transition?

2025 ऊर्जा संक्रमण सूचकांक के अनुसार, ऊर्जा संक्रमण में दीर्घकालिक निवेश को आकर्षित करने के लिए कौन सा कारक महत्वपूर्ण है?

High electricity tariffs
उच्च विद्युत शुल्क

Adaptive and stable policy frameworks

अनुकूली और स्थिर नीति ढांचे

Rapid fossil fuel subsidies

तीव्र जीवाश्म ईंधन सब्सिडी

Deregulated industrial zones

विनियंत्रित औद्योगिक क्षेत्र

Not Answered

Q.No: 42 Hojagiri dance, performed by women balancing bottles and lamps, is associated with which tribe and state?

बोतलों और लैंप को संतुलित करते हुए महिलाओं द्वारा किया जाने वाला होजागिरी नृत्य किस जनजाति और राज्य से संबंधित है?

Bodo - Assam

बोडो - असम

Reang - Tripura

रियांग - त्रिपुरा

Angami - Nagaland

अंगामी – नागालैंड

Mishing - Arunachal Pradesh

मिशिंग - अरुणाचल प्रदेश

Q.No: 43 What is the main reason for the decline in core inflation across most countries in 2024?

2024 में अधिकांश देशों में कोर मुद्रास्फीति में गिरावट का मुख्य कारण क्या है?

Fall in service sector productivity

सेवा क्षेत्र की उत्पादकता में गिरावट

Decrease in export demand

निर्यात मांग में कमी

Drop in international commodity prices

अंतर्राष्ट्रीय वस्तुओं की कीमतों में गिरावट

Increase in fiscal deficit

राजकोषीय घाटे में वृद्धि

Not Answered

Q.No: 44 What is meant by 'mixed economy	'?
'मिश्रित अर्थव्यवस्था' से क्या तात्पर्य है?	
Only private sector	
केवल निजी क्षेत्र	
Only public sector	
केवल सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र	
Both private and public sectors	
निजी और सार्वजनिक दोनों क्षेत्रों	
Only foreign companies	
केवल विदेशी कंपनियां	

Q.No: 46 Consider the following statements:

- 1. Article 131 provides exclusive original jurisdiction to High Courts in federal disputes.
- 2. The Supreme Court can adjudicate disputes between States under Article 131.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

	निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1. अनुच्छेद 131 संघीय विवादों में उच्च न्यायालयों को अनन्य आरंभिक अधिकारिता प्रदान करता है।
	 सर्वोच्च न्यायालय अनुच्छेद 131 के अंतर्गत राज्यों के बीच विवादों का निपटारा कर सकता है। उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन सा सही है/हैं?
	Only 1
	केवल 1
	Only 2
	केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2
	1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2
	न तो 1 और न ही 2
Not	Answered



Q.No: 48 Read the following statements carefully and choose the **correct** option regarding Assertion (A) and Reason (R).

Assertion (A): The disinvestment policy has been widely criticized in India.

Reason (R): It resulted in increased market monopoly by public sector undertakings.

िमम्लिखित कथनों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए और अभिकथन (A) तथा कारण (R) के संबंध में सही विकल्प चुनिए।

अभिकथन (A): भारत में विनिवेश नीति की व्यापक रूप से आलोचना की गई है।

कारण (R): इसके परिणामस्वरूप सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र के उपक्रमों का बाजार एकाधिकार बढ़ गया।

Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।

Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।

A is true but R is false.

A सत्य है लेकिन R असत्य है।

A is false but R is true.

A गलत है लेकिन R सत्य है।

Not Answered

Q.No: 49
What is the most notable feature of the Rouf dance of Kashmir?

कश्मीर के रौफ नृत्य की सबसे उल्लेखनीय विशेषता क्या है?
Colorful costumes
रंग-बिरंगी वेशभूषा
Hand gestures
हस्त संकेत
Footwork of dancers
नर्तकों के पैरों की गति
Musical instruments
संगीत वाद्ययंत्र

No: 50 Which matched pair is incorrect?
कौन सा सुमेलित युग्म गलत है?
Mesosphere - meteors burn
मध्यमंडल - उल्कापिंड जलते हैं
Stratosphere - ozone layer
समताप मंडल - ओजोन परत
Exosphere - tropospheric clouds
बहिर्मंडल - क्षोभमंडलीय बादल
Thermosphere - ISS orbit
थर्मोस्फीयर - आईएसएस कक्षा
t Answered

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	SSC CGL Tier 1 🔻
Test Date	: 19 Sep 2025
Test Time and Shift	: 09:00 AM (Shift-1)
Centre Name	: E
Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected	ected Correct Option Not Answered

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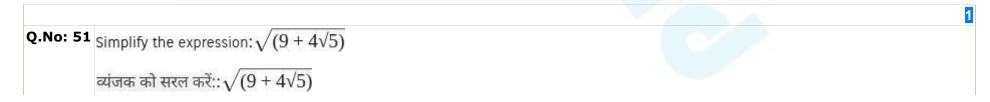
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PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)



```
\sqrt{5} + 2
\sqrt{5} + 2
3 + \sqrt{5}
3 + \sqrt{6}
2 + \sqrt{6}
3 + \sqrt{4}
```

Q.No: 52 If 25% of A = 20% of B = 10% of C, find A:B:C.

यदि A का 25% = B का 20% = C का 10%, तो A:B:C ज्ञात कीजिए।

4:5:10

4:5:10

10:5:4

10:5:4

5:4:10

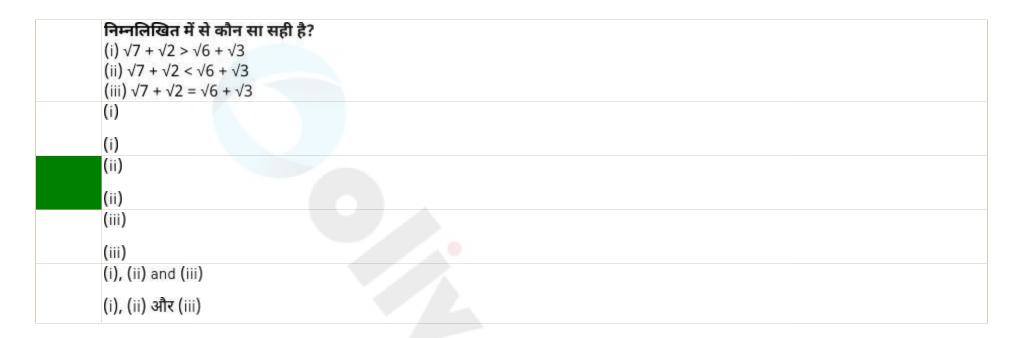
2:3:5

Q.No: 53 Which of the following is correct?

(i)
$$\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{2} > \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3}$$

(ii)
$$\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{2} < \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3}$$

(iii)
$$\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3}$$





Q.No: 56 If $x + \frac{1}{x} = -1$, then compute: $x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} + 2x^2$	$2 + \frac{2}{x^2}$.
यदि $x + \frac{1}{x} = -1$, तो : $x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} + 2x^2 + \frac{2}{x^2}$ क	ज मान ज्ञात कीजिए।
÷3	
-3	
3	
3	
4	
4	
-4	
-4	

Q.No: 57 Sarah lent ₹12000 to John on 10 January 2024 at a simple interest rate of 6% per annum. John plans to pay back the entire amount on 10 July 2024. What is the total amount John needs to return?

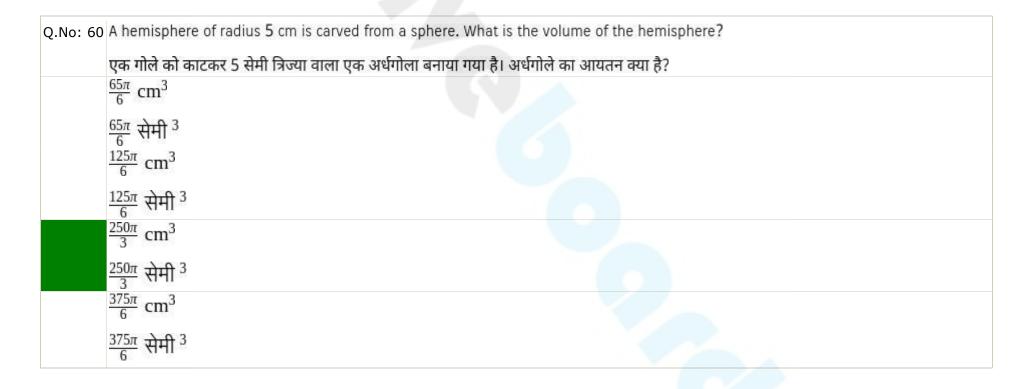
सारा ने 10 जनवरी 2024 योजना बनाई है। जॉन को व	को जॉन को 6% प्रति वर्ष की साधारण ब्याज दर पर ₹12000 उधार दिए। जॉन ने 10 जुलाई 2024 को पूरी राशि वापस करने की कुल कितनी राशि वापस करनी है?
₹12300	
₹12300	
₹12360	
₹12360	
₹12400	
₹12400	
₹12420	
₹12420	

Q.No: 58 If A, B, and C are three amounts of money such that B is the simple interest on A, and C is the simple interest on B, all for the same time and at the same rate of interest, then which of the following is true?

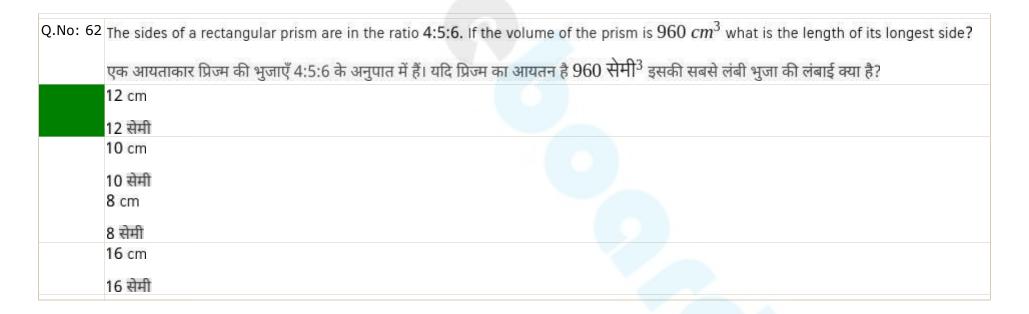
यदि A, B और C तीन धनराशियाँ इस प्रकार हैं कि B, A पर साधारण ब्याज है, और C, B पर साधारण ब्याज है, सभी एक ही समय के लिए और एक ही ब्याज दर पर हैं, तो निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा सत्य है? $A^2 = BC$ $A^2 = BC$ $B^2 = AC$ $C^2 = AB$ $C^2 = AB$ $C^4 = AB$ $C^2 = AB$ $C^2 = AB$ $C^2 = AB$ $C^3 = AB$ $C^4 = AB$

Q.No: 59 A tower is 20 meters tall. What is the length of the shadow cast by the tower when the sun's elevation is 45°?

10m		
10मीटर		
20m		
20मीटर		
$20\sqrt{3}$ m		
20√3 मीटर		
$10\sqrt{3}$ m		
10√3 मीटर		



Q.No: 61	A solid sphere is placed inside a cube such that it touches all six faces. What percentage of the cube's volume is not occupied by the sphere?
	एक ठोस गोला एक घन के भीतर इस प्रकार रखा गया है कि वह घन की सभी छहों सतहों को स्पर्श करता है।तो, घन के आयतन का कितना प्रतिशत भाग गोले द्वारा नहीं घेरा गया है?
	47.67%
	47.67%
	48.56%
	48.56%
	49.28%
	49.28%
	42.54%
	42.54%



Q.No: 63 A conical bucket is cut at one-third its height from the top. What is the ratio of the volumes of the two parts (top part to bottom part)?

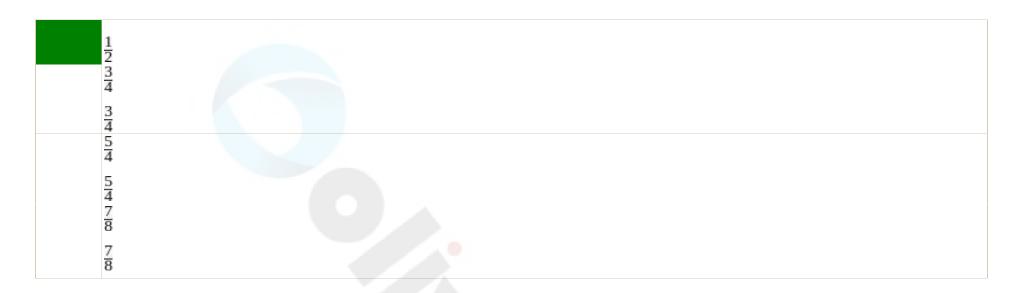
एक	शंक्वाकार बाल्टी को उसकी ऊँचाई के एक-तिहाई भाग पर ऊपर से काटा गया है। दोनों भागों (ऊपरी भाग से निचले भाग) के आयतनों का अनुपात क्या हैं:
1:4	8
1:3	8
1:2	26
1:2	26
1:2	27
1:2	27
1:1	7
1:	7

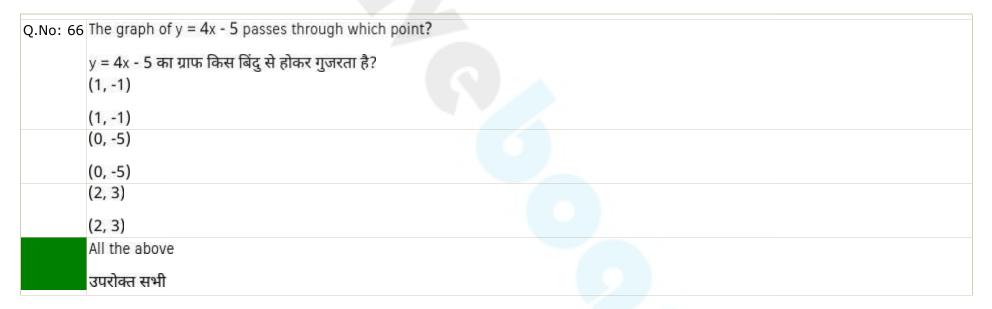
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Q.No: 64 If tanA + cotA = 2 and A \in (0, \pi/2), then what is sinA + cosA?

यदि tanA + cotA = 2 और A \in (0, \pi/2), तो sinA + cosA क्या है?

1
1
\sqrt{2}
\sqrt{2}
\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}
Cannot be determined
तय नहीं किया जा सकता
```

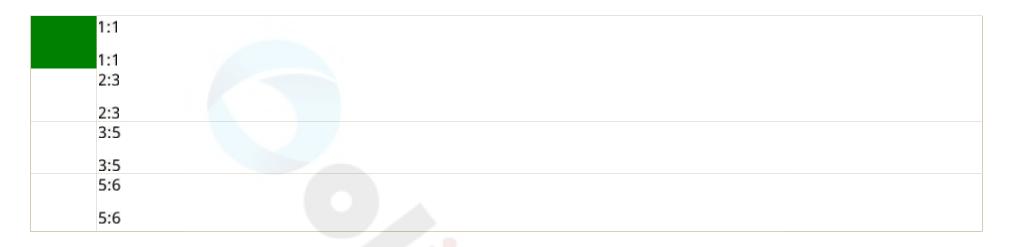
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Q.No: 65 What is the value of sin 20° cos 10° + cos 20° sin 10°? sin 20° cos 10° + cos 20° sin 10° का मान क्या है?
```





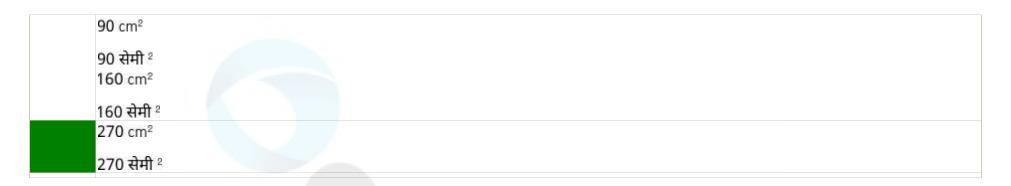
Q.No: 67 A sector of a circle has a central angle of 60° and a radius of 9 cm. Another sector of the same circle has a central angle of $\frac{\pi}{3}$ radians. What is the ratio of the area of the first sector to the area of the second sector?

एक वृत्त के एक त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण 60° और त्रिज्या 9 सेमी है। उसी वृत्त के एक अन्य त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण है $\frac{\pi}{3}$ रेडियन। पहले सेक्टर के क्षेत्रफल का दूसरे सेक्टर के क्षेत्रफल से अनुपात क्या है?









Q.No: 70 In a quadrilateral ABCD, a line segment BD is a diagonal such that AB=CD and ∠ABD=∠CDB. Are the triangles ABD and CDB congruent? If so, by what rule?

एक चतुर्भुज ABCD में, रेखाखंड BD एक विकर्ण है जिससे AB=CD और ∠ABD=∠CDB है। क्या त्रिभुज ABD और CDB सर्वांगसम हैं? यदि हाँ, तो किस नियम से?

Yes, by SSS

हाँ, एसएसएस द्वारा

Yes, by SAS

हाँ, एसएएस द्वारा

Yes, by ASA

हाँ, एएसए द्वारा

No, they are not congruent

नहीं, वे सर्वांगसम नहीं हैं

```
Q.No: 71 27^3 + 10^3 - 29^3 + 246 is equal to:
27^3 + 10^3 - 29^3 + 246 बराबर है:
0
0
-3460
```

```
-2860
-2860
1
1
```

```
Q.No: 72 If sinx = \frac{3}{5} and x \in (0, \pi/2), then find \frac{1+\tan x}{1-\tan x} यिद sinx = \frac{3}{5} और x \in (0, \pi/2), तो \frac{1+\tan x}{1-\tan x} का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

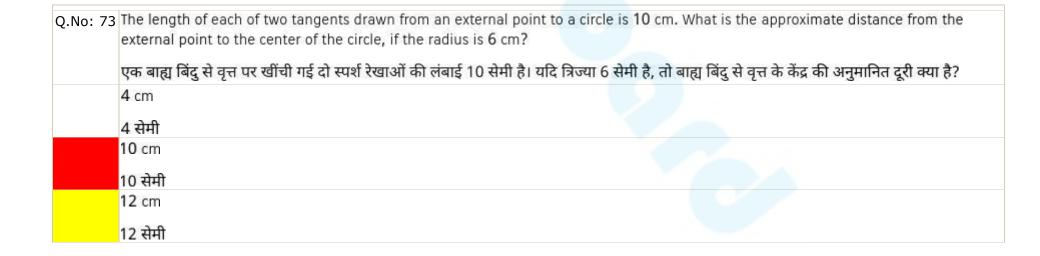
6

7

8

8

9
```



16 cm	
16 सेमी	
Q.No: 74 A circle	is inscribed in a right triangle with legs of length 5 and 12. What is the radius of the circle?
एक वृत्त	एक समकोण त्रिभुज के अन्दर बना है जिसके भुजाओं की लम्बाई 5 और 12 है। वृत्त की त्रिज्या क्या है?
2	
2	
3	
3	
4	
4	
5	
5	

Q.No: 75 What is the result of $(0.5^3 + 0.1^3 - 0.6^3) \div (3 \times 0.5^3)$	×0.1×0.6)?
(0.5³ + 0.1³ - 0.6³) ÷ (3×0.5×0.1×0.6) का परिणाम	क्या है?
-1	
-1	
0	
0	
1	
1	
2	
2	

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
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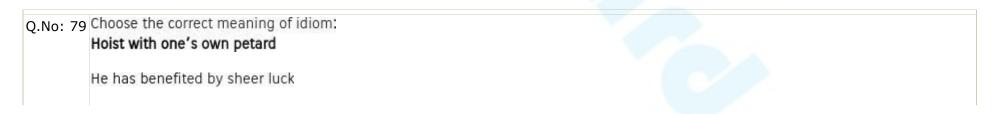
PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: FELICITOUS	
	Odd	

Irrelevant			
Unsuitable			
Appropriate			

Q.No: 77 Select the most appropriat	e synonym of the given word: DILATORY	
Quick		
Efficient		
Prompt		
Tardy		
Not Answered		





He has risen through deceit
He has gained unearned praise
He is destroyed by his own trap or scheme
t Answered
No: 80 Select the correct spelling of a word meaning 'a person who avoids work or effort'.
Sluggard
Sluggerd
Sluggart
Slugerd
No: 81 Which of these is the correct spelling of a theory centered on utility and outcomes?
Utilitarienism
Utiliterianism
Utilitarianism
Utillitarianism
No: 82 Choose the correct one-word substitution for: 'A person who pretends to be what he is not'.
Mimic

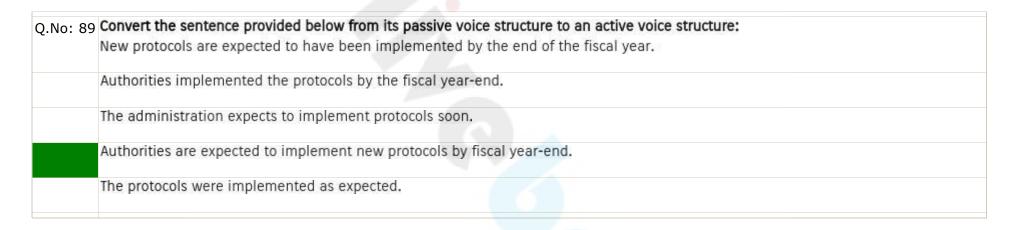
Actor	
Impostor	
Hypocrite	
Q.No: 83 Choose the correct one-word substitute for: 'A government or state in which those in power exploit national resources and stea	ľ.
Plutocracy	
Kleptomania	
Oligarchy	
Kleptocracy	
Q.No: 84 Choose the correct semantic fit:	
The intervention was seen as a to escalating tensions.	
deterrent	
detention	
detraction	
derision	
Q.No: 85 Find the part of the sentence that contains an error: She spoke (1)/ concise during the press briefing (2)/ to ensure the journalists (3)/ captured the key points accurately. (4)/	
(1)	

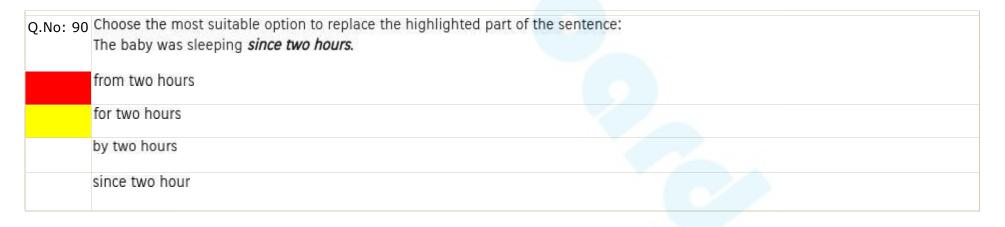
(2)		
(3)		
(4)		





Q.No: 88	Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word: The basilica was renowned for its acoustics and proportions.
	The archaeologist uncovered the foundations of a Roman basilica.
	The musician composed an oratorio for performance in the basilica.
	The botanist catalogued a rare basilica with serrated leaves.
	Pilgrims gathered inside the ancient basilica at dusk.





Q.No: 91 Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:

The relationship between morality and legality is neither linear nor synonymous. Though often conflated in everyday discourse, they belong to distinct conceptual realms. Legality refers to conformity with codified rules enforced by the state, whereas morality is guided by principles of right and wrong, which are often subjective and culturally contingent. The divergence between what is legal and what is moral forms one of the most enduring dilemmas in jurisprudence and civil ethics. Laws, by their very nature, are prescriptive and institutionalized, grounded in the need for order, predictability, and enforceability. Yet, legal codes are ultimately constructed within specific historical, political, and social contexts, and thus may reflect prevailing power structures more than universal justice. For instance, colonial laws legalizing racial segregation or past statutes criminalizing homosexuality demonstrate how legality can institutionalize what many later recognize as moral failures. Conversely, acts of civil disobedience—illegal by definition—often draw moral legitimacy from a higher ethical calling, Mahatma Gandhi's Salt March or Rosa Parks' defiance on a segregated bus were technically unlawful, yet they served as moral catalysts for transformative legal reform. This underscores a vital point: legality does not always equate to justice, and at times, morality must challenge the law to realign it with evolving human values. However, conflating morality with legality can be equally dangerous. In pluralistic societies, what constitutes "moral" varies widely across cultures, religions, and ideologies. If law were to enforce a singular moral worldview, it would risk descending into authoritarianism or theocracy. Hence, modern democratic legal systems are designed to be procedurally neutral, relying on constitutional frameworks that protect individual rights while accommodating moral diversity. The tension between morality and legality is also palpable in emerging debates around technology, bioethics, and freedom of expression. Laws often lag behind technological advances, creating grey zones where ethical concerns arise before legal clarity is established. Consider data privacy or artificial intelligence—practices that may be legal today but pose moral quandaries about consent, autonomy, and manipulation. Ultimately, an ideal legal system should neither operate in moral vacuum nor serve as a mere extension of moral absolutism. Instead, it must strike a delicate balance—upholding constitutional values while remaining responsive to the ethical pulse of the time. Citizens, too, bear a responsibility: to not only obey the law but to question it when it stagnates or strays from principles of justice.

What central idea does the passage emphasize about legality?

It is always aligned with morality

It should be based solely on religious values

It is contextually shaped and not always just

It evolves without societal influence

Q.No: 92 Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:

The relationship between morality and legality is neither linear nor synonymous. Though often conflated in everyday discourse, they belong to distinct conceptual realms. Legality refers to conformity with codified rules enforced by the state, whereas morality is guided by principles of right and wrong, which are often subjective and culturally contingent. The divergence between what is legal and what is moral forms one of the most enduring dilemmas in jurisprudence and civil ethics. Laws, by their very nature, are prescriptive and institutionalized, grounded in the need for order, predictability, and enforceability. Yet, legal codes are ultimately constructed within specific historical, political, and social contexts, and thus may reflect prevailing power structures more than universal justice. For instance, colonial laws legalizing racial segregation or past statutes criminalizing homosexuality demonstrate how legality can institutionalize what many later recognize as moral failures. Conversely, acts of civil disobedience—illegal by definition—often draw moral legitimacy from a higher ethical calling. Mahatma Gandhi's Salt March or Rosa Parks' defiance on a segregated bus were technically unlawful, yet they served as moral catalysts for transformative legal reform. This underscores a vital point: legality does not always equate to justice, and at times, morality must challenge the law to realign it with evolving human values. However, conflating morality with legality can be equally dangerous. In pluralistic societies, what constitutes "moral" varies widely across cultures, religions, and ideologies. If law were to enforce a singular moral worldview, it would risk descending into authoritarianism or theocracy. Hence, modern democratic legal systems are designed to be procedurally neutral, relying on constitutional frameworks that protect individual rights while accommodating moral diversity. The tension between morality and legality is also palpable in emerging debates around technology, bioethics, and freedom of expression. Laws often lag behind technological advances, creating grey zones where ethical concerns arise before legal clarity is established. Consider data privacy or artificial intelligence—practices that may be legal today but pose moral quandaries about consent, autonomy, and manipulation. Ultimately, an ideal legal system should neither operate in moral vacuum nor serve as a mere extension of moral absolutism. Instead, it must strike a delicate balance—upholding constitutional values while remaining responsive to the ethical pulse of the time. Citizens, too, bear a responsibility: to not only obey the law but to question it when it stagnates or strays from principles of justice.

Why does the author mention acts like Gandhi's Salt March and Rosa Parks' defiance?

To show how legal systems support all moral actions

To illustrate when legal disobedience is morally valid

To argue for stricter law enforcement

To show that all moral actions are illegal

Q.No: 93 Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:

The relationship between morality and legality is neither linear nor synonymous. Though often conflated in everyday discourse, they belong to distinct conceptual realms. Legality refers to conformity with codified rules enforced by the state, whereas morality is guided by principles of right and wrong, which are often subjective and culturally contingent. The divergence between what is legal and what is moral forms one of the most enduring dilemmas in jurisprudence and civil ethics. Laws, by their very nature, are prescriptive and institutionalized, grounded in the need for order, predictability, and enforceability. Yet, legal codes are ultimately constructed within specific historical, political, and social contexts, and thus may reflect prevailing power structures more than universal justice. For instance, colonial laws legalizing racial segregation or past statutes criminalizing homosexuality demonstrate how legality can institutionalize what many later recognize as moral failures. Conversely, acts of civil disobedience—illegal by definition—often draw moral legitimacy from a higher ethical calling, Mahatma Gandhi's Salt March or Rosa Parks' defiance on a segregated bus were technically unlawful, yet they served as moral catalysts for transformative legal reform. This underscores a vital point: legality does not always equate to justice, and at times, morality must challenge the law to realign it with evolving human values. However, conflating morality with legality can be equally dangerous. In pluralistic societies, what constitutes "moral" varies widely across cultures, religions, and ideologies. If law were to enforce a singular moral worldview, it would risk descending into authoritarianism or theocracy. Hence, modern democratic legal systems are designed to be procedurally neutral, relying on constitutional frameworks that protect individual rights while accommodating moral diversity. The tension between morality and legality is also palpable in emerging debates around technology, bioethics, and freedom of expression. Laws often lag behind technological advances, creating grey zones where ethical concerns arise before legal clarity is established. Consider data privacy or artificial intelligence—practices that may be legal today but pose moral quandaries about consent, autonomy, and manipulation. Ultimately, an ideal legal system should neither operate in moral vacuum nor serve as a mere extension of moral absolutism. Instead, it must strike a delicate balance—upholding constitutional values while remaining responsive to the ethical pulse of the time. Citizens, too, bear a responsibility: to not only obey the law but to question it when it stagnates or strays from principles of justice.

According to the passage, what risk arises from equating morality with legality in pluralistic societies?

Laws will be outdated

Citizens will become immoral

It may lead to authoritarian imposition of a singular worldview

Democracy will flourish

Q.No: 94 Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :

The relationship between morality and legality is neither linear nor synonymous. Though often conflated in everyday discourse, they belong to distinct conceptual realms. Legality refers to conformity with codified rules enforced by the state, whereas morality is guided by principles of right and wrong, which are often subjective and culturally contingent. The divergence between what is legal and what is moral forms one of the most enduring dilemmas in jurisprudence and civil ethics. Laws, by their very nature, are prescriptive and institutionalized, grounded in the need for order, predictability, and enforceability. Yet, legal codes are ultimately constructed within specific historical, political, and social contexts, and thus may reflect prevailing power structures more than universal justice. For instance, colonial laws legalizing racial segregation or past statutes criminalizing homosexuality demonstrate how legality can institutionalize what many later recognize as moral failures. Conversely, acts of civil disobedience—illegal by definition—often draw moral legitimacy from a higher ethical calling, Mahatma Gandhi's Salt March or Rosa Parks' defiance on a segregated bus were technically unlawful, yet they served as moral catalysts for transformative legal reform. This underscores a vital point: legality does not always equate to justice, and at times, morality must challenge the law to realign it with evolving human values. However, conflating morality with legality can be equally dangerous. In pluralistic societies, what constitutes "moral" varies widely across cultures, religions, and ideologies. If law were to enforce a singular moral worldview, it would risk descending into authoritarianism or theocracy. Hence, modern democratic legal systems are designed to be procedurally neutral, relying on constitutional frameworks that protect individual rights while accommodating moral diversity. The tension between morality and legality is also palpable in emerging debates around technology, bioethics, and freedom of expression. Laws often lag behind technological advances, creating grey zones where ethical concerns arise before legal clarity is established. Consider data privacy or artificial intelligence—practices that may be legal today but pose moral quandaries about consent, autonomy, and manipulation. Ultimately, an ideal legal system should neither operate in moral vacuum nor serve as a mere extension of moral absolutism. Instead, it must strike a delicate balance—upholding constitutional values while remaining responsive to the ethical pulse of the time. Citizens, too, bear a responsibility: to not only obey the law but to question it when it stagnates or strays from principles of justice.

What challenge does the passage highlight in the legal treatment of emerging technologies?

Technology reduces legal violations

All ethical dilemmas are solved by law

Laws often precede moral considerations

Ethics arise before legal frameworks are formed

Q.No: 95 Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:

The relationship between morality and legality is neither linear nor synonymous. Though often conflated in everyday discourse, they belong to distinct conceptual realms. Legality refers to conformity with codified rules enforced by the state, whereas morality is guided by principles of right and wrong, which are often subjective and culturally contingent. The divergence between what is legal and what is moral forms one of the most enduring dilemmas in jurisprudence and civil ethics. Laws, by their very nature, are prescriptive and institutionalized, grounded in the need for order, predictability, and enforceability. Yet, legal codes are ultimately constructed within specific historical, political, and social contexts, and thus may reflect prevailing power structures more than universal justice. For instance, colonial laws legalizing racial segregation or past statutes criminalizing homosexuality demonstrate how legality can institutionalize what many later recognize as moral failures. Conversely, acts of civil disobedience—illegal by definition—often draw moral legitimacy from a higher ethical calling. Mahatma Gandhi's Salt March or Rosa Parks' defiance on a segregated bus were technically unlawful, yet they served as moral catalysts for transformative legal reform. This underscores a vital point: legality does not always equate to justice, and at times, morality must challenge the law to realign it with evolving human values. However, conflating morality with legality can be equally dangerous. In pluralistic societies, what constitutes "moral" varies widely across cultures, religions, and ideologies. If law were to enforce a singular moral worldview, it would risk descending into authoritarianism or theocracy. Hence, modern democratic legal systems are designed to be procedurally neutral, relying on constitutional frameworks that protect individual rights while accommodating moral diversity. The tension between morality and legality is also palpable in emerging debates around technology, bioethics, and freedom of expression. Laws often lag behind technological advances, creating grey zones where ethical concerns arise before legal clarity is established. Consider data privacy or artificial intelligence—practices that may be legal today but pose moral quandaries about consent, autonomy, and manipulation. Ultimately, an ideal legal system should neither operate in moral vacuum nor serve as a mere extension of moral absolutism. Instead, it must strike a delicate balance—upholding constitutional values while remaining responsive to the ethical pulse of the time. Citizens, too, bear a responsibility: to not only obey the law but to question it when it stagnates or strays from principles of justice.

What is the author's ultimate recommendation regarding the interplay of law and morality?

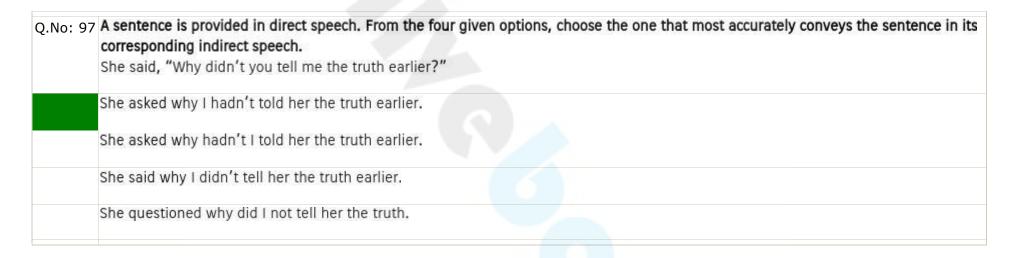
Laws should replace moral reasoning

Citizens must obey all laws blindly

Law and morality should be entirely separate

Law must balance justice with moral responsiveness

A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech. He said, "The sun rises in the east."
He said that the sun rose in the east.
He said that the sun has risen in the east.
He said that the sun rises in the east.
He said that the sun had risen in the east.



Q.No: 98 A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.

The analyst said that were the policies amended earlier, the crisis could have been avoided.

"If the policies were amended earlier, the crisis could have been avoided," said the analyst.

"Had the policies been amended earlier, the crisis could have been avoided," said the analyst.

"If only the policies would be amended, the crisis was avoided," he said.

"Had we amended the policies, we avoided the crisis," the analyst said.	
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earrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:
. This process, a crucial part of the water cycle, ensures that freshwater resources are replenished and distributed globally. 2. The un's energy drives the evaporation of water from oceans, lakes, and rivers. 3. When the moist air cools, it condenses to form clouds, which then release the water back to the Earth as precipitation. 4. The resulting water vapor then rises into the atmosphere, carried
y air currents.
, 4, 3, 1
, 2, 4, 3
, 3, 2, 1
, 2, 1, 4

Q.No: 10	Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.
	1. This requires strong leadership and teamwork.
	2. Organizational change is often met with resistance.
	3. Effective communication strategies are essential for a smooth transition.
	4. It is a necessary process for growth and adaptation.
	2-1-3-4
	2-3-1-4
	3-4-2-1
	4-2-1-3