

SSC ONLINE EXAMINATION

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Roll No.

Candidate Name

Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier 1 ∨

Test Date : 26 Sep 2025

Test Time and Shift : 04:00 PM (Shift-3)

Centre Name

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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Click Here for PART-A

Click Here for PART-B

Click Here for PART-C

Click Here for PART-D

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 1
Q.No: 1	Bengaluru event: 5^{th} October, Hyderabad: 15^{th} October Chennai event date is a perfect cube between them. What's the date?
	बेंगलुरु इवेंट: 5 अक्टूबर, हैदराबाद: 15 अक्टूबर चेन्नई इवेंट की तारीख उनके बीच एक पूर्ण घन है। तारीख क्या है?
	$1^{ m st}$ October
	$1^{ m st}$ अक्टूबर
	8 th October
	8^{th} अक्टूबर
	14^{th} October
	14^{th} अक्टूबर
	9 th October
	9^{th} अक्टूबर

		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 2
Q.No: 2	Choose the address that is exactly the same as the one given below.	
	House No. 18, Sector 17,Chandigarh – 160017	
	वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के बिल्कुल समान हो।	
	House No. 18, Sector 17, Chandigarh – 160017	
	House No. 18, Sector 17, Chandlgarh – 160017	
	House No. 18, Sector 17, Chandlgarh – 160017	
	House No. 18, Sector i7, Chandigarh – 160017	
	House No. 18, Sector i7, Chandigarh – 160017	
	House No. 18, Sector 17, Chandigarh – 160017	
	House No. 18, Sector 17, Chandigarh – 160017	
	House No. 18, Sector 17, Chandigerh – 160017	
	House No. 18, Sector 17, Chandigerh – 160017	

```
Q.No: 3 In the following question, select the missing number from the given series.

169, 196, 225, 256, ?

निम्निलखित प्रश्न में, दी गई श्रृंखला से लुप्त संख्या का चयन करें।

169, 196, 225, 256, ?

289
289
343
343
441
441
384
384
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      Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4

      Q.No: 4
      If 9 @ 3 = 12, 5 @ 2 = 7, 8 @ 1 = 9, then 7 @ 4 = ?

      अगर 9 @ 3 = 12, 5 @ 2 = 7, 8 @ 1 = 9, तो 7 @ 4 = ?

      11

      10

      10

      13

      13

      12

      12

      12

      12
```

		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 5
Q.No: 5	If H = 17, I = 19, J = 21, then M = ?	
	अगर H = 17, I = 19, J = 21, तो M = ?	
	23	
	23	
	29	
	29	
	25	
	25	
	27	
	27	

		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 6
Q.No: 6	Which roll number is a perfect cube?	
	कौन सा रोल नंबर पूर्ण घन है?	
	216	
	216	
	225	
	225	
	243	
	243	
	256	
	256	

	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 7
hich one is not like the others?	
में से कौन सा अन्यों जैसा नहीं है?	
rtain	
दा	
low	
केया	
ain	
माग	
attress	
स	
ामें Int Io ai ai	से कौन सा अन्यों जैसा नहीं है? ain w या n

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 8 Q.No: 8 By rearranging the letters of 'AEGORST,' we get a meaningful English word of seven letters. Each letter is denoted with a different number as shown in the table below. The combination of the numbers for a meaningful word is ____ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 AEGORST 'AEGORST' के अक्षरों को पुनर्व्यवस्थित करने पर, हमें सात अक्षरों वाला एक सार्थक अंग्रेज़ी शब्द प्राप्त होता है। प्रत्येक अक्षर को एक अलग संख्या से दर्शाया गया है, जैसा कि नीचे दी गई तालिका में दिखाया गया है। एक सार्थक शब्द के लिए संख्याओं का संयोजन _____ है। 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 AEGORST 5412367 5412367 3245671 3245671 6745132 6745132 5267413 5267413

		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 9
Q.No: 9	Solve:	
	BG: DJ:: FM:?	
	हल करें:	
	BG: DJ:: FM:?	
	IP	
	IP	
	HM	
	HM	
	KP	
	KP	
	HP	
	HP	

		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 10
Q.No: 10	Find the missing number: 10:21::12:?	
	लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए: 10 : 21 :: 12 : ?	
	20	
	20	

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21	
21	
24	
24	
25	
25	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 11 Q.No: 11 Read the following statement carefully and identify the action that follows. Statement: A company is facing frequent data breaches. Course of Action: 1. Hire a cybersecurity team. 2. Shut down the IT infrastructure. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसके बाद की कार्रवाई की पहचान करें। कथन: एक कंपनी लगातार डेटा उल्लंघनों का सामना कर रही है। एक साइबर सुरक्षा टीम नियुक्त करें। आईटी इंफ्रास्ट्रक्चर को बंद करें। Only 1 follows केवल 1 अनुसरण करता है Only 2 follows केवल 2 अनुसरण करता है Both follow दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं Neither follows कोई भी अनुसरण नहीं करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 12

Q.No: 12 Direction: Read the information given below and answer the question that follows.

There is office of eight companies – Airtel, Amazon, Facebook, Flipkart, Google, HCL, Infosys and Jio on different floor of 8-storey building. The bottommost floor is numbered as 1 while the topmost floor is numbered as 8. At least two companies have offices above the office of Flipkart. Neither Facebook nor Google has office adjacent to the office of HCL. The office of Flipkart is two floors above the office of Jio. The office of Airtel is on even numbered floor. The office of HCL is on 7th floor and is not adjacent to office of Airtel. The office of Infosys is neither on any even numbered floor nor on any prime numbered floor. There is one floor between the office of Facebook and Google.

How many floors are above the office of Google?

निर्देश: नीचे दी गई जानकारी को पढ़िए और उसके बाद दिए गए प्रश्न का उत्तर दीजिए।

आठ कंपनियों - एयरटेल, अमेज़न, फेसबुक, फ्लिपकार्ट, गूगल, एचसीएल, इंफोसिस और जियो के कार्यालय 8 मंजिला इमारत की अलग-अलग मंजिलों पर हैं। सबसे नीचे वाली मंजिल को 1 से क्रमांकित किया गया है जबिक सबसे ऊपर वाली मंजिल को 8 से क्रमांकित किया गया है। फ्लिपकार्ट के कार्यालय के ऊपर कम से कम दो कंपनियों के कार्यालय हैं। न तो फेसबुक और न ही गूगल का कार्यालय एचसीएल के कार्यालय के निकट है। फ्लिपकार्ट का कार्यालय जियो के कार्यालय से दो मंजिल ऊपर है। एयरटेल का कार्यालय सम संख्या वाली मंजिल पर है। एचसीएल का कार्यालय 7वीं मंजिल पर है और एयरटेल के कार्यालय के निकट नहीं है। इंफोसिस का कार्यालय न तो किसी सम संख्या वाली मंजिल पर है और न ही किसी अभाज्य संख्या वाली मंजिल पर है। फेसबुक और गूगल के कार्यालय के बीच एक मंजिल है।

गूगल के कार्यालय के ऊपर कितनी मंजिलें हैं?

Cannot be determined

तय नहीं किया जा सकता

Two

दो

Three तीन

dia

Five पाँच

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Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 13 Q.No: 13 Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: Some stars are planets. No planet is a comet. Conclusions: I. Some stars are not comets. II. All comets are planets. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कुछ तारे ग्रह हैं। कोई भी ग्रह धूमकेतु नहीं है। निष्कर्ष: ।. कुछ तारे धूमकेतु नहीं हैं। ॥. सभी धूमकेतु ग्रह हैं। Only I follows केवल । अनुसरण करता है Only II follows केवल ॥ अनुसरण करता है Both I and II follow । और ॥ दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं Neither I nor II follows न तो। और न ही॥ अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 14 Q.No: 14 Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: All poets are writers. Some writers are thinkers. All thinkers are critics. Conclusions: I. Some poets are critics. II. Some writers are critics. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसके बाद आने वाले निष्कर्ष की पहचान करें। सभी कवि लेखक हैं। कुछ लेखक विचारक हैं। सभी विचारक आलोचक हैं। निष्कर्ष: ।. कुछ कवि आलोचक हैं। ॥. कुछ लेखक आलोचक हैं। Only II follows केवल ॥ अनुसरण करता है Only I follows केवल । अनुसरण करता है Both I and II follow । और ॥ दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं Neither I nor II follows न तो । और न ही ॥ अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 15

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Q.No: 15	Find the odd one out:
	Python, Java, HTML, C++, Ruby
	इनमें से विषम शब्द चुनें:
	पायथन, जावा, HTML, C++, रूबी
	Python
	पायथन
	Java
	जावा
	HTML
	HTML
	Ruby
	रूबी
	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 16
O No: 16	What is the next number in the series?
Q.NO. 10	1, 3, 9, 27,
	निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सी संख्या होगी?
	1, 3, 9, 27,
	72
	72
	80
	80
	81
	81
	90
	90
	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 17
0.11 4.7	
Q.No: 17	What comes next in the series? M, N, P, S, W, ?
	निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? M, N, P, S, W, ?
	X
	x
	Z
	Z
	A
	A
	В
	В
	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 18
Q.No: 18	In a code language, CHAIR becomes BGBHQ, what is the code for STOOL?
	एक कोड भाषा में, CHAIR BGBHQ हो जाता है, STOOL के लिए कोड क्या है?
	RSPNK
	RSPNK
	RSPML
	RSPML BROMK
	RSQMK
	RSQMK
	RSPKN
	RSPKN

गुप्त रूप से इस कृत्य को रिकॉर्ड करें और इसे लीक करें।

Take legal action and inform environment department. कानुनी कार्रवाई करें और पर्यावरण विभाग को सूचित करें।

	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 23
Q.No: 23	A man buys 3 pens and 2 notebooks for ₹76. If a pen costs ₹12, what is the cost of a notebook?
	एक आदमी ₹76 में 3 पेन और 2 नोटबुक खरीदता है। यदि एक पेन की कीमत ₹12 है, तो एक नोटबुक की कीमत क्या है?
	20
	20
	22
	22
	23
	23
	25
	25

		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 24
Q.No: 24	If FRIEND is coded as HUMJTK, how is CANDLE written in that code?	
	यदि FRIEND को HUMJTK के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो उसी कोड में CANDLE को कैसे लिखा जाएग	π?
	EDOFMG	
	EDOFMG	
	EDRIRL	
	EDRIRL	
	DCPEMG	
	DCPEMG	
	DCQFME	
	DCQFME	

		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 25
Q.No: 25	Alphanumeric Series: W % ^ K V P 1 I 7 E 0 $\&$ 2 9 A F Z N 4 * @ U ? M What is the second element from the right of the 7th element from left?	
	अक्षरांकीय श्रेणी: W % ^ K V P 1 । 7 E 0 & 2 9 A F Z N 4 * ⊚ ∪ ? M बाएँ से सातवें तत्व के दाएँ से दूसरा तत्व क्या है?	
	P	
	P	
	1	
	1	
	7	
	7	
	?	
	2	

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Click Here for PART-A

Click Here for PART-B

Click Here for PART-C

Click Here for PART-D

PART-B (General Awareness)

		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 26
Q.No: 26	Who gave the scarcity definition of economics?	
	अर्थशास्त्र में अभाव की परिभाषा किसने दी?	
	Adam Smith	
	एडम स्मिथ	
	P.A. Samuelson	
	पी.ए. सैमुएलसन	
	Alfred Marshall	
	अल्फ्रेड मार्शल	
	Lionel Robbins	
	लियोनेल रॉबिंस	

		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 27
Q.No: 27	What is the significance of the Bharatiya Antariksh Station?	
	भारतीय अंतरिक्ष स्टेशन का क्या महत्व है?	
	It will be India's first lunar base	
	यह भारत का पहला चंद्र बेस होगा	
	It will be India's space station in orbit	
	यह कक्षा में भारत का अंतरिक्ष स्टेशन होगा	
	It is a deep-space observatory	
	यह एक गहन अंतरिक्ष वेधशाला है	
	It aims to mine asteroids	
	इसका उद्देश्य क्षुद्रग्रहों पर खनन करना है	

		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 28
Q.No: 28	Which among the following was NOT a Mughal provincial capital?	
	निम्नलिखित में से कौन मुगल प्रांतीय राजधानी नहीं थी?	
	Lahore	
	लाहौर	
	Allahabad	
	इलाहाबाद	
	Ajmer	
	अजमेर	
	Bidar	
	बीदर	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 29

Q.No: 29 Which government scheme aims to provide financial assistance to women Self-Help Groups (SHGs)?

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	किस सरकारी योजना का उद्देश्य महिला स्वयं सहायता समूहों (एसएचजी) को वित्तीय सहायता प्रदान करना है?
	Rashtriya Mahila Kosh (RMK)
	राष्ट्रीय महिला कोष (आरएमके)
	Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana-National Rural Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NRLM)
	दीनदयाल अंत्योदय योजना-राष्ट्रीय ग्रामीण आजीविका मिशन (डीएवाई-एनआरएलएम)
	Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY)
	प्रधानमंत्री जन धन योजना (पीएमजेडीवाई)
	Mahila E-Haat
	महिला ई-हाट

		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 30
Q.No:	30 A sound wave travels from air into water.	
	How do its speed and wavelength change?	
	ध्वनि तरंग हवा से पानी में जाती है।	
	इसकी गति और तरंगदैर्घ्य में क्या परिवर्तन होता है?	
	Speed increases, wavelength decreases.	
	गति बढ़ती है, तरंगदैर्घ्य घटता है।	
	Speed decreases, wavelength increases.	
	गति घटती है, तरंगदैर्घ्य बढ़ता है।	
	Speed increases, wavelength increases.	
	गति बढ़ती है, तरंगदैर्घ्य बढ़ता है।	
	Speed decreases, wavelength decreases.	
	गति घटती है, तरंगदैर्घ्य घटता है।	

		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 31
Q.No: 31	What is the term for a successful shot in basketball where the ball goes directly thro बास्केटबॉल में जब गेंद सीधे हूप से होकर गुजरती है, तो उस सफल शॉट को क्या कहते हैं?	ugh the hoop?
	Slam dunk	
	स्लैम डंक Swish	
	स्वीश	
	Layup लੇअप	
	Alley-oop एले ऊप	

	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 32
Q.No: 32	Which of the following Mughal emperors was responsible for the construction of the Red Fort in Delhi?
	निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा मुगल सम्राट दिल्ली में लाल किले के निर्माण के लिए जिम्मेदार था?
	Babur
	बाबर
	Akbar
	अकबर
	Shah Jahan
	शाहजहाँ
	Aurangzeb
	औरंगजेब

	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 33
Q.No: 33	All eukaryotic cells are supported structurally by an internal network of proteins known as:
	सभी यूकेरियोटिक कोशिकाएं संरचनात्मक रूप से प्रोटीन के एक आंतरिक नेटवर्क द्वारा समर्थित होती हैं जिन्हें निम्नलिखित के रूप में जाना जाता है:
	cytoskeleton
	साइटोस्केलेटन
	nucleus
	नाभिक
- 4	mitochondria
- 40	माइटोकॉन्ड्रिया
	ribosomes
	राइबोसोम्स

		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 34
Q.No: 34	In which year was the National Anti-Doping Agency (NADA) in India formed?	
	भारत में राष्ट्रीय डोपिंग रोधी एजेंसी (एनएडीए) का गठन किस वर्ष किया गया था?	
	2000	
	2000	
	2005	
	2005	
	2009	
	2009	
	2012	
	2012	

Q.No: 35 The policies of Lord Curzon as Viceroy of India (1899-1905) are often viewed as a mix of progressive reforms and measures aimed at consolidating British control. Which of the following best exemplifies a policy that was primarily intended to strengthen British

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 35

consolidating British control. Which of the following best exemplifies a policy that was primarily intended to strengthen British administration and strategic interests? भारत के वायसराय (1899-1905) के रूप में लॉर्ड कर्जन की नीतियों को अक्सर प्रगतिशील सुधारों और ब्रिटिश नियंत्रण को मजबूत करने के उद्देश्य से किए गए

भारत के वायसराय (1899-1905) के रूप में लॉर्ड कर्जन की नीतियों को अक्सर प्रगतिशील सुधारों और ब्रिटिश नियंत्रण को मजबूत करने के उद्देश्य से किए गए उपायों के मिश्रण के रूप में देखा जाता है। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी नीति उस नीति का सबसे अच्छा उदाहरण है जिसका मुख्य उद्देश्य ब्रिटिश प्रशासन और रणनीतिक हितों को मजबूत करना था?

The establishment of the Imperial Department of Agriculture to promote agricultural research and education.

कृषि अनुसंधान और शिक्षा को बढ़ावा देने के लिए इंपीरियल कृषि विभाग की स्थापना।

The reorganization of the police and the establishment of the Criminal Investigation Department (CID).

पुलिस का पुनर्गठन और आपराधिक जांच विभाग (सीआईडी) की स्थापना।

The introduction of reforms in the education system, including the Universities Act of 1904.

शिक्षा प्रणाली में सुधारों की शुरूआत, जिसमें 1904 का विश्वविद्यालय अधिनियम भी शामिल था।

The preservation of ancient monuments and the establishment of the Archaeological Survey of India.

प्राचीन स्मारकों का संरक्षण और भारतीय पुरातत्व सर्वेक्षण की स्थापना।

Q.No: 36 Which of the following is the objective of the Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा भारतीय साक्षरता अधिनियम का उद्देश्य है?

Reduce the role of evidence in trials

मुकदमों में साक्ष्य की भूमिका कम करना

Ensure admissibility of modern evidence
आधुनिक साक्ष्य की स्वीकार्यता सुनिश्चित करना

Make only physical evidence valid
केवल भौतिक साक्ष्य को ही वैध बनाना

ओडिशा West Bengal पश्चिम बंगाल

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 39 Q.No: 39 Who was the first Tirthankara of Jainism? जैन धर्म के प्रथम तीर्थंकर कौन थे? Parshvanath पार्श्वनाथ Rishabhadev ऋषभदेव Sambhavnath संभवनाथ Chandraprabha चन्द्रप्रभा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 40

Q.No: 40 Which of the following statements is/are INCORRECT regarding the density of roads in India?

A. Level of economic development and terrain are the determinants of road density in a region.

B. Road density is higher in the North-Eastern states than in the Southern states of India.

C. Road density of Kerala is higher than the average national road density.

10/21/25, 9:4	42 PM sscexam.cbexams.com/cgl2025t1keychallengevxysep2614Oct/ViewCandResponse2.aspx?EncKey=SHsj628shSJpwoKnaTi भारत में सड़कों के घनत्व के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन गलत है/हैं?
	A. आर्थिक विकास का स्तर और भूभाग किसी क्षेत्र में सड़क घनत्व के निर्धारक हैं।
	B. भारत के दक्षिणी राज्यों की तुलना में उत्तर-पूर्वी राज्यों में सड़क घनत्व ज्यादा है।
	C. केरल का सड़क घनत्व औसत राष्ट्रीय सड़क घनत्व से ज्यादा है।
	A only
	केवल A
	B only
	केवल B
	Conly
	केवल C
	Both B and C
	B और C दोनों
	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 41
Q.No: 41	What is the proportion of 'Juvenile Population' (0-14 years) in India, as per 2011 Census?

	Click Here to Challenge Question No.:	: 41
Q.No: 41	What is the proportion of 'Juvenile Population' (0-14 years) in India, as per 2011 Census? 2011 की जनगणना के अनुसार भारत में 'किशोर जनसंख्या' (0-14 वर्ष) का अनुपात क्या है?	
	29.33 % of total population कुल जनसंख्या का 29.33%	
	30.76 % of total population कुल जनसंख्या का 30.76%	
	27.64 % of total population कुल जनसंख्या का 27.64%	
	33.54 % of total population कुल जनसंख्या का 33.54%	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 42

Q.No: 42

Which river, called the Lion's Mouth or Singi Khamban in Tibet, flows northwest between Ladakh and Zaskar, cuts a gorge near Gilgit, and enters Pakistan near Nanga Parbat?

कौन सी नदी, जिसे तिब्बत में शेर का मुँह या सिंगी खंबन कहा जाता है, लद्दाख और जास्कर के बीच उत्तर-पश्चिम में बहती है, गिलगित के पास एक घाटी को काटती है, और नंगा पर्वत के पास पाकिस्तान में प्रवेश करती है?

Shayok River

श्योक नदी

Sutlej River

सतलुज नदी

Indus River

सिन्धु नदी

Galvan River

गलवान नदी

		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 43
Q.No: 43	'Jinnah: His Successes, Failures and Role in History' was authored by?	
	'जिन्ना: उनकी सफलताएं, असफलताएं और इतिहास में उनकी भूमिका' किसके द्वारा लिखी गई थी?	
	H.M. Seervai	
	एच.एम. सीरवाई	
	Ishtiaq Ahmed	
	इश्तियाक अहमद	
	Maulana Azad	
	मौलाना आज़ाद	

Rafiq Zakaria

रफीक ज़कारिया

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 44

Q.No: 44 Consider the following details about the 36th National Games of India:

- 1) It was held in 2022 in Gujarat across six cities.
- 2) Ahmedabad, Gandhinagar, Surat, Vadodara, Rajkot, and Bhavnagar hosted the events.

Which of the statements is/are correct?

भारत के 36वें राष्ट्रीय खेलों के बारे में निम्नलिखित विवरणों पर विचार करें:

- 1) यह 2022 में गुजरात के छह शहरों में आयोजित किया गया था।
- 2) अहमदाबाद, गांधीनगर, सूरत, वडोदरा, राजकोट और भावनगर ने इन आयोजनों की मेजबानी की।

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं?

Only statement 1 is correct

केवल कथन 1 सही है

Only statement 2 is correct

केवल कथन 2 सही है

Both statements 1 and 2 are correct

कथन 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं

Neither 1 nor 2 is correct

न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 45

Q.No: 45 To which level of government do taxes on railway fares and freights accrue?

रेलवे किराये और मालभाड़े पर कर किस स्तर की सरकार को प्राप्त होता है?

Union

संघ

State

राज्य

Municipal Corporation

नगर निगम

Panchayat

पंचायत

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 46

Q.No: 46 Rani Gaidinliu was known as a 'Naga spiritual and political leader' who led a fierce armed rebellion against the British in which region of Northeast India?

रानी गाइदिन्ल्यू को 'नागा आध्यात्मिक और राजनीतिक नेता' के रूप में जाना जाता था, जिन्होंने पूर्वोत्तर <mark>भारत के किस क्षेत्र</mark> में अंग्रेजों के खिलाफ एक भयंकर सशस्त्र विद्रोह का नेतृत्व किया था?

Arunachal Pradesh (Naga Hills)

अरुणाचल प्रदेश (नागा हिल्स)

Meghalaya (Khasi Hills)

मेघालय (खासी हिल्स)

Manipur (Naga Hills)

मणिपुर (नागा हिल्स)

Mizoram (Lushai Hills)

मिजोरम (लुशाई हिल्स)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 47

Q.No: 47 Which two gases dominate Earth's surface atmosphere?

पृथ्वी के स्थलीय वायुमंडल में कौन-सी दो गैसें प्रमुख रूप से पाई जाती हैं?

	O ₂ & Ar	
	O₂ और Ar	
	N ₂ & Ne	
	N₂ और Ne	
	N ₂ & O ₂	
-	N₂ और O₂	
	O ₂ & Ne	
	O2 और Ne	
		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 46
).No: 48	What was the main focus of India's Sixth Five-Year Plan (1980-1985)?
	भारत की छठी पंचवर्षीय योजना (1980–1985) का मुख्य उद्देश्य क्या था?	
	Heavy industrialization and capital goods	
	भारी औद्योगीकरण और पूंजीगत वस्तुएं	
	Food self-sufficiency through agriculture	
	कृषि के माध्यम से खाद्य आत्मनिर्भरता Poverty alleviation and modernization of technology	
	गरीबी उन्मूलन और प्रौद्योगिकी का आधुनिकीकरण	
	Economic liberalization and globalization	
	आर्थिक उदारीकरण और वैश्वीकरण	
		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4
).No: 49	FDI is a part of which reform pillar?	
	एफडीआई किस सुधार स्तंभ का हिस्सा है?	
	Liberalisation	
	उदारीकरण	
	Privatisation	
	निजीकरण	
	Globalisation	
	वैश्वीकरण	
	Nationalisation	
	राष्ट्रीयकरण	

		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 50
Q.No: 50	Which Article provides the President with the power to declare Financial Emergency?	
	कौन सा अनुच्छेद राष्ट्रपति को वित्तीय आपातकाल घोषित करने की शक्ति प्रदान करता है?	
	Article 352	
	अनुच्छेद ३५२	
	Article 356	
	अनुच्छेद 356	
	Article 360	
	अनुच्छेद ३६०	
	Article 365	
	अनुच्छेद ३६५	



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Candidate Name

Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier 1 ∨

Test Date : 26 Sep 2025

Test Time and Shift : 04:00 PM (Shift-3)

Centre Name

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

Save / Print

Click Here for PART-A

Click Here for PART-B

Click Here for PART-C

Click Here for PART-D

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 51
Q.No: 51	Solve: (34.12)2-7396	
	हल करें: (34.12) ² -7396	
	-6231.8256	
	-6231.8256	
	6231.8256	
	6231.8256	
	-9251.8256	
	-9251.8256	
	9251.8256	
	9251.8256	

	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 52
Q.No: 52	The production of bottles rose to 26000 from 16000 in 2 years. Find the rate of growth per annum.
	2 वर्षों में बोतलों का उत्पादन 16000 से बढ़कर 26000 हो गया। प्रति वर्ष वृद्धि दर ज्ञात कीजिए।
	26.47%
	26.47%
	37.47%
	37.47%
	28.47%
	28.47%
	27.47%
	27.47%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 53

Q.No: 53 Rs. 1500 is lent out at 6 % per annum simple interest for 3 years. Find the amount after 3 years.

1500 रुपये 6% वार्षिक साधारण ब्याज दर पर 3 वर्षों के लिए उधार दिए जाते हैं। 3 वर्ष बाद राशि ज्ञात कीजिए।

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	1900
	1900
	2000
	2000
	1600
	1600
	1770
	1770
	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 54
Q.No: 54	Suraj travels at a speed of 30 kmph. Find the distance covered by him in 72 seconds.
	सूरज 30 किमी प्रति घंटे की गति से यात्रा करता है। 72 सेकंड में उसके द्वारा तय की गई दूरी ज्ञात कीजिए।
	650 m
	650 मीटर
	600 m
	600 मीटर
	450 m
	450 मीटर
	700 m
	700 मीटर
	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 55
Q.No: 55	A rectangular parallelepiped has dimensions in arithmetic progression. If the sum of its dimensions is 21 cm and the volume is 168 cm ³ , find its dimensions.
	एक आयताकार समांतर चतुर्भुज के आयाम समांतर श्रेणी में हैं। यदि इसके आयाम का योग 21 सेंटीमीटर और आयतन 168 घन सेंटीमीटर है, तो इसके आयाम ज्ञात कीजिए।
	4 cm, 7 cm, 10 cm
	4 सेंटीमीटर , 7 सेंटीमीटर , 10 सेंटीमीटर
	3 cm, 7 cm, 11 cm
	3 सेंटीमीटर , 7 सेंटीमीटर , 11 सेंटीमीटर
	5 cm, 6 cm, 10 cm
	5 सेंटीमीटर , 6 सेंटीमीटर , 10 सेंटीमीटर
	2 cm, 7 cm, 12 cm
	2 सेंटीमीटर , 7 सेंटीमीटर , 12 सेंटीमीटर
	2 संटामाटर , 7 संटामाटर , 12 संटामाटर
	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 56
O No. 56	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 56 The angle subtended by an arc at the center is 72° and its length is 22 cm. Find the radius of the circle.
Q.No: 56	The angle subtended by an arc at the center is 72°, and its length is 22 cm. Find the radius of the circle.
Q.No: 56	The angle subtended by an arc at the center is 72°, and its length is 22 cm. Find the radius of the circle. एक चाप द्वारा केंद्र पर बनाया गया कोण 72° है और इसकी लंबाई 22 सेंटीमीटर है। वृत्त की त्रिज्या ज्ञात कीजिए।
Q.No: 56	The angle subtended by an arc at the center is 72°, and its length is 22 cm. Find the radius of the circle. एक चाप द्वारा केंद्र पर बनाया गया कोण 72° है और इसकी लंबाई 22 सेंटीमीटर है। वृत्त की त्रिज्या ज्ञात कीजिए। 17.5 cm
Q.No: 56	The angle subtended by an arc at the center is 72°, and its length is 22 cm. Find the radius of the circle. एक चाप द्वारा केंद्र पर बनाया गया कोण 72° है और इसकी लंबाई 22 सेंटीमीटर है। वृत्त की त्रिज्या ज्ञात कीजिए। 17.5 cm 17.5 सेंटीमीटर
Q.No: 56	The angle subtended by an arc at the center is 72°, and its length is 22 cm. Find the radius of the circle. एक चाप द्वारा केंद्र पर बनाया गया कोण 72° है और इसकी लंबाई 22 सेंटीमीटर है। वृत्त की त्रिज्या ज्ञात कीजिए। 17.5 cm 17.5 सेंटीमीटर 11 cm
Q.No: 56	The angle subtended by an arc at the center is 72°, and its length is 22 cm. Find the radius of the circle. एक चाप द्वारा केंद्र पर बनाया गया कोण 72° है और इसकी लंबाई 22 सेंटीमीटर है। वृत्त की त्रिज्या ज्ञात कीजिए। 17.5 cm 17.5 सेंटीमीटर 11 cm
Q.No: 56	The angle subtended by an arc at the center is 72°, and its length is 22 cm. Find the radius of the circle. एक चाप द्वारा केंद्र पर बनाया गया कोण 72° है और इसकी लंबाई 22 सेंटीमीटर है। वृत्त की त्रिज्या ज्ञात कीजिए। 17.5 cm 17.5 सेंटीमीटर 11 cm 11 सेंटीमीटर 10 cm
Q.No: 56	The angle subtended by an arc at the center is 72°, and its length is 22 cm. Find the radius of the circle. एक चाप द्वारा केंद्र पर बनाया गया कोण 72° है और इसकी लंबाई 22 सेंटीमीटर है। वृत्त की त्रिज्या ज्ञात कीजिए। 17.5 cm 17.5 सेंटीमीटर 11 cm 11 सेंटीमीटर 10 cm
Q.No: 56	The angle subtended by an arc at the center is 72°, and its length is 22 cm. Find the radius of the circle. एक चाप द्वारा केंद्र पर बनाया गया कोण 72° है और इसकी लंबाई 22 सेंटीमीटर है। वृत्त की त्रिज्या ज्ञात कीजिए। 17.5 cm 17.5 सेंटीमीटर 11 cm 11 सेंटीमीटर 10 cm

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 57

Q.No: 57 A man spends 30% of his salary on rent, 20% on groceries, and 25% on other expenses. If he saves Rs. 9,000, what is his salary?

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	एक आदमी अपने वेतन का 30% किराए पर, 20% किराने के सामान पर और 25% अन्य खर्चों पर खर्च करता है। अगर वह 9,000 रुपये बचाता है, तो उसका वेतन क्या है?
	Rs. 24,000
	24,000 रुपये
	Rs. 27,000
	27,000 रुपये
	Rs. 30,000
	30,000 रुपये
	Rs. 36,000
- 10	36,000 रुपये
1	
	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 58
Q.No: 58	A store offers a "25% off" discount but charges 5% VAT on the discounted price. If the marked price is Rs. 1600, what is the final amount paid?
	एक स्टोर "25% छूट" देता है, लेकिन छूट वाली कीमत पर 5% वैट लेता है। अगर अंकित मूल्य 1600 रुपये है, तो कुल भुगतान की गई राशि कितनी है?
	Rs. 1200
	1200 रुपये
	Rs. 1260
	1260 रुपये
	Rs. 1275
	1275रुपये
	Rs. 1320
	1320 रुपये
Q.No: 59	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 59 A car covers three equal distances at speeds of 30 km/h, 45 km/h, and 90 km/h, respectively. What is the average speed of the car for the entire journey?
	एक कार तीन समान दूरियाँ क्रमशः 30 किमी/घंटे , 45 किमी/घंटे और 90 किमी/घंटे की गति से तय करती है। पूरी यात्रा में कार की औसत गति क्या है? 50 km/h
	50 किमी/घंटा
	50 किमा/घटा 48 km/h
	48 किमी/घंटा
	60 km/h
	60 किमी/घंटा
	45 km/h
	45 किमी/घंटा
	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 60
Q.No: 60	A 40-litres mixture of acid and water contains acid and water in the ratio 3:1. 8 litres of this mixture is removed and replaced with another solution of acid and water in the ratio 1:3. What is the final ratio of acid to water in the resulting mixture?
	अम्ल और जल के 40 लीटर मिश्रण में अम्ल और जल का अनुपात 3:1 है। इस मिश्रण में से 8 लीटर निकालकर उसकी जगह 1:3 अनुपात <mark>वाले</mark> अम्ल और जल का एक अन्य विलयन डाला जाता है। परिणामी मिश्रण में अम्ल और जल का अंतिम अनुपात क्या है?
	1:1
	1:1
	13:7
	13:7
	13:5
	13:5 5:3
	5:3

	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 61
Q.No: 61	Lalit can finish a work in 15 days. Laxman can finish the same work in 25 days. They work together for 5 days. If the rest of the work is finished by Lalit and Deven in 4 days, then in how many days can Deven alone finish the work?
	ललित एक काम को 15 दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है। लक्ष्मण उसी काम को 25 दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है। वे 5 दिनों तक एक साथ काम करते हैं। अगर शेष काम ललित और देवेन 4 दिनों में पूरा करते हैं, तो देवेन अकेले उस काम को कितने दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है?
	30 days
	30 दिन
	25 days
	25 दिन
	21 days
	21 दिन
	20 days
	20 दिन

	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 62
Q.No: 62	The volumes of two right circular cylinders have a ratio of 2:3. If the radii of these cylinders are in the ratio of 1:2, what is the ratio of their heights?
	दो लंबवृत्तीय बेलनों के आयतनों का अनुपात 2:3 है। यदि इन बेलनों की त्रिज्याओं का अनुपात 1:2 है, तो उनकी ऊँचाइयों का अनुपात क्या है?
	1:3
	1:3
	3:4
	3:4
	4:3
	4:3
	8:3
	8:3

Q.No: 63
If a prism's height is tripled while the base area remains constant, what happens to the volume?

यदि किसी प्रिज्म की ऊंचाई तीन गुनी कर दी जाए, जबिक आधार का क्षेत्रफल स्थिर रहे, तो आयतन पर क्या प्रभाव पड़ेगा?

Doubled
दोगुनी

Tripled
तीन गुना

Quadrupled
चार गुना

Remains same
वही रहता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 64

Q.No: 64 A cone is melted and recast into another cone with half the radius. Find the new height if the original height was 12 cm.

एक शंकु को पिघलाकर उससे आधी त्रिज्या वाले दूसरे शंकु का आकार दिया गया है। यदि मूल ऊँचाई 12 सेंटीमीटर थी, तो नई ऊँचाई ज्ञात कीजिए।

48 cm

48 सेंटीमीटर

36 cm

36 सेंटीमीटर

24 cm

24 सेंटीमीटर

18 cm 18 सेंटीमीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 65 Q.No: 65 In \triangle ABC, right-angled at C, if $\sin A = \frac{5}{13}$, then $\cos B = ?$ Δ ABC में, C समकोण है, यदि $\sin A = \frac{5}{13}$, तो \cos B = ? 5 13 5 13 2 13 2 13 7

		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 66
Q.No: 66	Convert 3° to radians.	
	3° को रेडियन में बदलें.	
	$\frac{5\pi}{180}$	
	$\frac{5\pi}{180}$	
	$\frac{5\pi}{360}$	
	<u>5π</u> 360	
	$\frac{\pi}{60}$	
	$\frac{\pi}{60}$	
	$\frac{\pi}{180}$	
	$\frac{\pi}{180}$	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 67 Q.No: 67 If A + B = 90°, and $\sin A = \frac{5}{13}$, then what is $\cos B$? A + B = 90°, और $\sin A = \frac{5}{13}$, तो \cos B क्या है? 5 13 1

	Click Here to	Challenge Question No.: 68		
Q.No: 68	At an intersection of two lines, two angles are vertically opposite. If one of the angles measures 45°, what angle?	is the measure of the othe		
	दो रेखाओं के प्रतिच्छेदन पर दो कोण ऊर्ध्वाधरतः विपरीत होते हैं। यदि उनमें से एक कोण का माप 45° है, तो दूसरे कोण का माप क्या है?			
	45°			
	45°			
	90°			
	90°			
	135°			
	135°			
	180°			
	180°			

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 69

Q.No: 69 The Incenter of a triangle is located at (3, 4). The length of the altitude from the Incenter to side AB is 2 units. What is the radius of the triangle's incircle?

एक त्रिभुज का अंतःकेंद्र (3, 4) पर स्थित है। अंतःकेंद्र से भुजा AB तक की ऊँचाई की लंबाई 2 इकाई है। त्रिभुज के अंतःवृत्त की त्रिज्या क्या है?

2 units
2 इकाइयां
3 units
3 इकाइयां
4 units
4 इकाइयां
5 units
5 इकाइयां

Q.No: 70 Given, $x = \sqrt{3}$, what is $(x + 1)^2 + (x - 1)^2$? यदि $x = \sqrt{3}$, $(x + 1)^2 + (x - 1)^2$ का मान क्या है?

Q.No: 71

Q.No: 71

If in triangle ABC, DE || BC and AD/DB = $\frac{1}{2}$, and AE = 5 cm, then EC is:

यदि त्रिभुज ABC में, DE || BC और AD/DB = $\frac{1}{2}$, और AE = 5 सेमी, तो EC है:

2.5 cm

2.5 सेमी

10 cm

10 सेमी

7.5 cm

7.5 th

	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 72
Q.No: 72	Chord AB and chord CD are equal and subtend angles of 50° and x° at the center respectively. Find x
	जीवा AB और जीवा CD बराबर हैं और केंद्र पर क्रमशः 50° और x° कोण अंतरित करती हैं। ज्ञात कीजिए x .
	25°
	25°
	50°
	50°
	75°
	75°
	100°
	100°

Q.No: 73 What is the area of the segment formed by a chord in a circle of radius 10 cm, if the angle subtended at the center is 90°?

10 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले वृत्त में एक जीवा द्वारा बनाए गए रेखाखंड का क्षेत्रफल क्या है, यदि केंद्र पर अंतरित कोण 90° है?

25π-50

25π-50

50π-50

100π-50

100π-50

25π-25

25π-25

 Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 74

 Q.No: 74
 If tan A = 3/4, find sin A.

 यदि tanA = $\frac{3}{4}$, तो sinA का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

 35

 45

 45

 45

 53

 53

 53

 54

 54

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 75

Q.No: 75 A can complete a task in 30 days, and B can complete the same task in 40 days. They work together for 10 days, and then C joins them and completes the remaining work in 5 days. How long will C alone take to complete the task?

A एक काम को 30 दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है, और B उसी काम को 40 दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है। वे 10 दिनों तक साथ मिलकर काम करते हैं, और फिर C उनके साथ मिलकर बाकी काम 5 दिनों में पूरा कर देता है। C अकेले उस काम को पूरा करने में कितना समय लेगा?

25 days

25 दिन

26 days

26 दिन

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	. 5 ,	5 7 1		, , , , ,
40 days				
40 दिन				
27 days				
27 दिन				



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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 76

Q.No: 76 Read the passage and answer the questions:

The genesis of railway transportation marks one of humanity's most transformative engineering feats, profoundly reshaping industrial, social, and economic landscapes. Early prototypes, such as horse-drawn wagonways in 16th-century Europe, represented rudimentary precursors to modern trains, utilizing wooden rails to minimize friction and facilitate the movement of goods across short distances.

The true revolution, however, ignited in the early 19th century with the advent of steam locomotives. Pioneers like George Stephenson, whose famous "Rocket" epitomized technological prowess, demonstrated the unprecedented potential of steam power to move both people and cargo efficiently. This innovation catalyzed the Industrial Revolution, knitting distant regions into cohesive economic fabrics and accelerating urbanization at an unparalleled pace.

Throughout the 20th century, the ascendancy of diesel and electric locomotives superseded steam technology, offering greater efficiency, reliability, and environmental benefits. Bullet trains, inaugurated in Japan as the Shinkansen in 1964, redefined expectations regarding speed, safety, and technological sophistication, inspiring global high-speed rail networks. In the contemporary era, magnetic levitation (maglev) trains and hyperloop prototypes promise to further erode the barriers of distance and time, potentially rendering conventional rail obsolete.

Yet, amid this rapid evolution, trains remain emblematic not merely of mechanical ingenuity but of societal progression — testaments to human ambition to connect, accelerate, and transcend physical limitations. The trajectory of railway innovation encapsulates a narrative of relentless adaptation, one wherein each epochal shift reflects broader socio-technological metamorphoses.

Identify the tense and voice used in the sentence:

"Early prototypes, such as horse-drawn wagon ways in 16th-century Europe, represented rudimentary precursors to modern trains..."

Past Perfect Passive

Simple Past Active

Present Perfect Active

Past Continuous Passive

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 77

Q.No: 77 Read the passage and answer the questions:

The genesis of railway transportation marks one of humanity's most transformative engineering feats, profoundly reshaping industrial, social, and economic landscapes. Early prototypes, such as horse-drawn wagonways in 16th-century Europe, represented rudimentary precursors to modern trains, utilizing wooden rails to minimize friction and facilitate the movement of goods across short distances.

The true revolution, however, ignited in the early 19th century with the advent of steam locomotives. Pioneers like George Stephenson, whose famous "Rocket" epitomized technological prowess, demonstrated the unprecedented potential of steam power to move both people and cargo efficiently. This innovation catalyzed the Industrial Revolution, knitting distant regions into cohesive economic fabrics and accelerating urbanization at an unparalleled pace.

Throughout the 20th century, the ascendancy of diesel and electric locomotives superseded steam technology, offering greater efficiency, reliability, and environmental benefits. Bullet trains, inaugurated in Japan as the Shinkansen in 1964, redefined expectations regarding speed, safety, and technological sophistication, inspiring global high-speed rail networks. In the contemporary era, magnetic levitation (maglev) trains and hyperloop prototypes promise to further erode the barriers of distance and time, potentially rendering conventional rail obsolete.

Yet, amid this rapid evolution, trains remain emblematic not merely of mechanical ingenuity but of societal progression — testaments to human ambition to connect, accelerate, and transcend physical limitations. The trajectory of railway innovation encapsulates a narrative of relentless adaptation, one wherein each epochal shift reflects broader socio-technological metamorphoses.

What grammatical function does the phrase "utilizing wooden rails to minimize friction" serve in the sentence?

"Early prototypes, such as horse-drawn wagon ways in 16th-century Europe, represented rudimentary precursors to modern trains, utilizing wooden rails to minimize friction and facilitate the movement of goods..."

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	Adjective clause modifying "wagon ways"
	Adverbial phrase explaining the manner
	Noun clause functioning as object
	Gerund phrase acting as the subject
	Click Uses to Challenge Coverting No. 70
O No. 70	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 78 Read the passage and answer the questions:
Q.NO. 70	The genesis of railway transportation marks one of humanity's most transformative engineering feats, profoundly reshaping industrial, social, and economic landscapes. Early prototypes, such as horse-drawn wagonways in 16th-century Europe, represented rudimentary precursors to modern trains, utilizing wooden rails to minimize friction and facilitate the movement of goods across short distances. The true revolution, however, ignited in the early 19th century with the advent of steam locomotives. Pioneers like George Stephenson, whose famous "Rocket" epitomized technological prowess, demonstrated the unprecedented potential of steam power to move both people and cargo efficiently. This innovation catalyzed the Industrial Revolution, knitting distant regions into cohesive economic fabrics and accelerating urbanization at an unparalleled pace. Throughout the 20th century, the ascendancy of diesel and electric locomotives superseded steam technology, offering greater efficiency, reliability, and environmental benefits. Bullet trains, inaugurated in Japan as the Shinkansen in 1964, redefined expectations regarding speed, safety, and technological sophistication, inspiring global high-speed rail networks. In the contemporary era, magnetic levitation (maglev) trains and hyperloop prototypes promise to further erode the barriers of distance and time, potentially rendering conventional rail obsolete. Yet, amid this rapid evolution, trains remain emblematic not merely of mechanical ingenuity but of societal progression — testaments to human ambition to connect, accelerate, and transcend physical limitations. The trajectory of railway innovation encapsulates a narrative of relentless adaptation, one wherein each epochal shift reflects broader socio-technological metamorphoses. In the passage, what is the closest meaning of the word "superseded"? Upgraded
	Replaced
	Abandoned
	Destroyed
	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 79
Q.No: 79	Read the passage and answer the questions:
	The genesis of railway transportation marks one of humanity's most transformative engineering feats, profoundly reshaping industrial, social, and economic landscapes. Early prototypes, such as horse-drawn wagonways in 16th-century Europe, represented rudimentary precursors to modern trains, utilizing wooden rails to minimize friction and facilitate the movement of goods across short distances. The true revolution, however, ignited in the early 19th century with the advent of steam locomotives. Pioneers like George Stephenson, whose famous "Rocket" epitomized technological prowess, demonstrated the unprecedented potential of steam power to move both people and cargo efficiently. This innovation catalyzed the Industrial Revolution, knitting distant regions into cohesive economic fabrics and accelerating urbanization at an unparalleled pace. Throughout the 20th century, the ascendancy of diesel and electric locomotives superseded steam technology, offering greater efficiency, reliability, and environmental benefits. Bullet trains, inaugurated in Japan as the Shinkansen in 1964, redefined expectations regarding speed, safety, and technological sophistication, inspiring global high-speed rail networks. In the contemporary era, magnetic levitation (maglev) trains and hyperloop prototypes promise to further erode the barriers of distance and time, potentially rendering conventional rail obsolete. Yet, amid this rapid evolution, trains remain emblematic not merely of mechanical ingenuity but of societal progression — testaments to human ambition to connect, accelerate, and transcend physical limitations. The trajectory of railway innovation encapsulates a narrative of relentless adaptation, one wherein each epochal shift reflects broader socio-technological metamorphoses. What is the meaning of the word "epochal" as used in the context: "each epochal shift reflects broader socio-technological metamorphoses."
	Ancient

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	Highly significant or defining		
	Predictable		
Q.No: 80	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 80 Read the passage and answer the questions:		
	The genesis of railway transportation marks one of humanity's most transformative engineering feats, profoundly reshaping industrial, social, and economic landscapes. Early prototypes, such as horse-drawn wagonways in 16th-century Europe, represented rudimentary precursors to modern trains, utilizing wooden rails to minimize friction and facilitate the movement of goods across should distances. The true revolution, however, ignited in the early 19th century with the advent of steam locomotives. Pioneers like George Stephenson, whose famous "Rocket" epitomized technological prowess, demonstrated the unprecedented potential of steam power to move both people and cargo efficiently. This innovation catalyzed the Industrial Revolution, knitting distant regions into cohesive economic fabrics and accelerating urbanization at an unparalleled pace. Throughout the 20th century, the ascendancy of diesel and electric locomotives superseded steam technology, offering greater efficiency, reliability, and environmental benefits. Bullet trains, inaugurated in Japan as the Shinkansen in 1964, redefined expectations regarding speed, safety, and technological sophistication, inspiring global high-speed rail networks. In the contemporar era, magnetic levitation (maglev) trains and hyperloop prototypes promise to further erode the barriers of distance and time, potentially rendering conventional rail obsolete. Yet, amid this rapid evolution, trains remain emblematic not merely of mechanical ingenuity but of societal progression — testament to human ambition to connect, accelerate, and transcend physical limitations. The trajectory of railway innovation encapsulates a narrative of relentless adaptation, one wherein each epochal shift reflects broader socio-technological metamorphoses. Which of the following best captures the overall tone of the passage? Nostalgic and critical Analytical and celebratory		
	Indifferent and factual		
	Cautionary and skeptical		
	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 81		
Q.No: 81	What does the idiom "There is no gainsaying the fact that the country is in difficulties" mean?		
	There is no denying that the country is facing challenges.		
	The country is making significant progress.		
	The country is refusing to acknowledge its problems.		
	The country is avoiding difficult situations,		
	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 82		
Q.No: 82	Fill in the blank with the correctly spelt word.		
	The scientist was awarded for her work in chemistry.		
	organometallic		
	organomettalic		
	organomettallik		
	organometalic		

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		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 83
Q.No: 83	Which spelling is correct for a word meaning 'deeply thoughtful or melancholy in tone'?	
	Pensieve	
	Pensive	
	Penssive	
	Pensiff	
		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 84
Q.No: 84	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: CONFLAGRATION	
	Fire	
	Explosion	
	Storm	
	Flood	
O.N O.F.	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. Esoteric	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 85
Q.NO: 85		
	Obscure	
	Straight Forward	
	Cryptic	
	Abstract	
		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 86
Q.No: 86	Choose the correct meaning of idiom:	
	Kicked up a row	
	Created chaos with calculated logic	
	Reacted aggressively in a social setting	
	Silently withdrew from a discussion	
	Avoided confrontation altogether	
		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 87
O.No: 87	Choose the correct one-word substitute for: 'The study of coins and medals'.	Olicit Field to Orialistings Question No.: 07
	Cartography	
	Numismatics	
	Epigraphy	
	Cryptography	
		Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 88

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Spot the correct spelling of heat-energy physics.
Thermodinamics
Thermdynamics
Thermodynamics
Thermodynemics
Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 89
Choose the correct one-word substitute for: 'Fear of open spaces.'
Xenophobia
Claustrophobia
Acrophobia
Agoraphobia
Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 90
Choose the correct phrasal verb: After months of negotiation, the two sides finally an agreement acceptable to both parties.
arrived to
arrived at
arrived on
arrived with
Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 91
Find the part of the sentence that contains an error: The workshop aims at providing entrepreneurs (1)/ with practical advices (2)/ on scaling operations (3)/ in emerging markets. (4)/
(1)
(2)
(3)
(4)
Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 92
Change the following from active to passive: They had sent the invitations by courier.
The invitations were sent by courier.
The invitations have been sent by courier.
The invitations had been sent by courier.
The invitations had been being sent by courier.



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Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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Click Here for PART-B

Click Here for PART-C

Click Here for PART-D

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 1

Q.No: 1

Choose the address that is the same as the one given below.

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वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो।

Flat No. 6A, Pearl View, Salt Lake, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700091

Flat No. 6A, Pearl View, Salt Lake, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700091

Flat No. 6A, Pearl View, Salt Lake, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700091

Flat No. 6A, Pearl View, Salt Lake, Kolkata, Assam - 700091

Flat No. 6A, Pearl View, Salt Lake, Kolkata, Odisha - 700091

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Flat No. 6A, Pearl View, Salt Lake, Kolkata, Odisha - 700091

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 2

Q.No: 2 Seminars were held in Bhopal, Indore, and Raipur on 7^{th} , 9^{th} , and 11^{th} August.

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- · Indore's seminar was held after Bhopal's.
- · Raipur's seminar was not on $11^{\it th}$ August.

When was the Indore seminar held?