

SSC CHSL General Awareness 100 Practice Questions PDF

Q1. Who is known as the Father of the Indian Constitution?

- a) Mahatma Gandhi
- b) B. R. Ambedkar
- c) Rajendra Prasad
- d) Jawaharlal Nehru

Answer: (b) B. R. Ambedkar

Q2. The capital of Mizoram is —

- a) Kohima
- b) Shillong
- c) Aizawl
- d) Imphal

Answer: (c) Aizawl

Q3. Who discovered Penicillin?

- a) Louis Pasteur
- b) Alexander Fleming
- c) Isaac Newton
- d) Marie Curie

Answer: (b) Alexander Fleming

Q4. The largest desert in the world is —

- a) Sahara
- b) Gobi
- c) Kalahari
- d) Thar

Answer: (a) Sahara

Q5. The Chipko Movement is related to —

- a) Forest conservation
- b) Animal protection
- c) River cleaning
- d) Soil conservation

Answer: (a) Forest conservation

Indian History

Q6. Who was the founder of the Maurya Dynasty?

- a) Bindusara
- b) Ashoka
- c) Chandragupta Maurya
- d) Bimbisara

Answer: (c) Chandragupta Maurya

Q7. The Battle of Plassey was fought in —

- a) 1757
- b) 1764
- c) 1857
- d) 1942

Answer: (a) 1757

Q8. Who started the Home Rule Movement in India?

- a) Bal Gangadhar Tilak and Annie Besant
- b) Mahatma Gandhi
- c) Bhagat Singh
- d) Lala Lajpat Rai

Answer: (a) Bal Gangadhar Tilak and Annie Besant

Q9. The Tropic of Cancer passes through how many Indian states?

- a) 6
- b) 8
- c) 7
- d) 9

Answer: (b) 8

Q10. The highest peak in India is —

- a) Kanchenjunga
- b) Mount Everest
- c) Nanda Devi
- d) Dhaulagiri

Answer: (a) Kanchenjunga

Q11. The President of India is elected by —

- a) Members of Parliament only
- b) Members of State Assemblies only
- c) Elected members of Parliament and State Assemblies
- d) Prime Minister

Answer: (c)

Q12. Fundamental Rights are included in which part of the Indian Constitution?

- a) Part II
- b) Part III
- c) Part IV
- d) Part V

Answer: (b) Part III

Economics

Q13. GDP stands for —

- a) Gross Domestic Product
- b) Gross Development Plan
- c) General Domestic Production
- d) Global Domestic Product

Answer: (a)

Q14. Which organization regulates the monetary policy of India?

- a) SEBI
- b) RBI
- c) NABARD
- d) NITI Aayog

Answer: (b)

Science and Technology

Q15. Which gas is essential for photosynthesis?

- a) Oxygen
- b) Carbon dioxide
- c) Nitrogen

d) Hydrogen

Answer: (b)

Q16. What is the SI unit of force?

a) Watt

b) Joule

c) Newton

d) Pascal

Answer: (c)

Q17. Who invented the telephone?

a) Alexander Graham Bell

b) Thomas Edison

c) Michael Faraday

d) James Watt

Answer: (a)

Q18. Who is the current President of India (as of 2025)?

a) Droupadi Murmu

b) Ram Nath Kovind

c) Pratibha Patil

d) Narendra Modi

Answer: (a) Droupadi Murmu

Q19. Which country hosted the 2024 Summer Olympics?

a) Japan

b) France

c) USA

d) Germany

Answer: (b) France

Q20. Which Indian state topped the 2024 NITI Aayog SDG Index?

a) Kerala

b) Tamil Nadu

c) Maharashtra

d) Gujarat

Answer: (a) Kerala

Q21. Who was the first Prime Minister of independent India?

a) Jawaharlal Nehru

b) Sardar Patel

c) Dr. Rajendra Prasad

d) Mahatma Gandhi

Answer: (a)

Q22. Which river is known as the "Sorrow of Bihar"?

a) Yamuna

b) Kosi

c) Ganga

d) Godavari

Answer: (b)

Q23. The first Indian woman to go to space was —

a) Sunita Williams

b) Kalpana Chawla

c) Indira Gandhi

d) Tessy Thomas

Answer: (b)

Q24. Who wrote the national anthem of India?

- a) Rabindranath Tagore
- b) Bankim Chandra Chatterjee
- c) Subhash Chandra Bose
- d) Mahatma Gandhi

Answer: (a)

Q25. The longest river in India is —

- a) Godavari
- b) Ganga
- c) Brahmaputra
- d) Narmada

Answer: (b)

Q26. The largest planet in our solar system is —

- a) Earth
- b) Saturn
- c) Jupiter
- d) Neptune

Answer: (c)

Q27. Which instrument is used to measure blood pressure?

- a) Thermometer
- b) Barometer
- c) Sphygmomanometer
- d) Anemometer

Answer: (c)

Q28. The Indian Parliament consists of —

- a) Lok Sabha only
- b) Rajya Sabha only
- c) Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha
- d) President, Lok Sabha, and Rajya Sabha

Answer: (d)

Q29. Who invented the light bulb?

- a) Edison
- b) Faraday
- c) Fleming
- d) Galileo

Answer: (a)

Q30. Which day is celebrated as World Environment Day?

- a) 5th June
- b) 22nd April
- c) 1st May
- d) 8th March

Answer: (a)

Q31. Which gas is used in fire extinguishers?

- a) Oxygen
- b) Carbon dioxide
- c) Nitrogen
- d) Hydrogen

Answer: (b)

Q32. Who was the first President of India?

- a) Dr. Rajendra Prasad

- b) Dr. S. Radhakrishnan
- c) Jawaharlal Nehru
- d) C. Rajagopalachari

Answer: (a)

Q33. Who was known as the “Iron Man of India”?

- a) Subhash Chandra Bose
- b) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
- c) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- d) Bhagat Singh

Answer: (b)

Q34. In which year did India gain independence?

- a) 1945
- b) 1946
- c) 1947
- d) 1948

Answer: (c)

Q35. Which Mughal Emperor built the Red Fort in Delhi?

- a) Akbar
- b) Jahangir
- c) Shah Jahan
- d) Aurangzeb

Answer: (c)

Q36. The currency of Japan is —

- a) Yen
- b) Yuan
- c) Won
- d) Ringgit

Answer: (a)

Q37. Who discovered gravity?

- a) Newton
- b) Einstein
- c) Galileo
- d) Faraday

Answer: (a)

Q38. What is the chemical symbol of Gold?

- a) Ag
- b) Au
- c) Pb
- d) Fe

Answer: (b)

Q39. Who wrote the book *Discovery of India*?

- a) Mahatma Gandhi
- b) Jawaharlal Nehru
- c) Sardar Patel
- d) Dr. Ambedkar

Answer: (b)

Q40. The smallest planet in the solar system is —

- a) Mercury
- b) Venus
- c) Mars

d) Pluto

Answer: (a)

Q41. The first Indian satellite was —

- a) INSAT-1A
- b) Aryabhata
- c) Bhaskara
- d) Rohini

Answer: (b)

Q42. Which state is known as the “Spice Garden of India”?

- a) Kerala
- b) Karnataka
- c) Tamil Nadu
- d) Assam

Answer: (a)

Q43. Who is known as the Missile Man of India?

- a) C. V. Raman
- b) A. P. J. Abdul Kalam
- c) Vikram Sarabhai
- d) Homi Bhabha

Answer: (b)

Q44. The headquarter of the Reserve Bank of India is located in —

- a) New Delhi
- b) Kolkata
- c) Mumbai
- d) Chennai

Answer: (c)

Q45. Which Indian sportsperson is known as the “Flying Sikh”?

- a) Milkha Singh
- b) P. T. Usha
- c) Kapil Dev
- d) Dhyan Chand

Answer: (a)

Q46. The first woman Prime Minister of India was —

- a) Sarojini Naidu
- b) Indira Gandhi
- c) Sonia Gandhi
- d) Pratibha Patil

Answer: (b)

Q47. Which element is used in pencils?

- a) Graphite
- b) Lead
- c) Zinc
- d) Iron

Answer: (a)

Q48. Who was the first Indian to win a Nobel Prize?

- a) Rabindranath Tagore
- b) C. V. Raman
- c) Amartya Sen
- d) Mother Teresa

Answer: (a)

Q49. The National Flower of India is —

- a) Rose
- b) Lotus
- c) Sunflower
- d) Jasmine

Answer: (b)

Q50. Who wrote *Vande Mataram*?

- a) Rabindranath Tagore
- b) Bankim Chandra Chatterjee
- c) Mahatma Gandhi
- d) Subhash Chandra Bose

Answer: (b)

Q51. What is the capital of Uttarakhand?

- a) Nainital
- b) Dehradun
- c) Mussoorie
- d) Haridwar

Answer: (b)

Q52. Which country shares the longest border with India?

- a) China
- b) Bangladesh
- c) Nepal
- d) Pakistan

Answer: (b)

Q53. Who invented the computer?

- a) Charles Babbage
- b) Bill Gates
- c) Steve Jobs
- d) Alan Turing

Answer: (a)

Q54. Which Indian city is known as the “Pink City”?

- a) Jaipur
- b) Jodhpur
- c) Udaipur
- d) Bikaner

Answer: (a)

Q55. The largest gland in the human body is —

- a) Pancreas
- b) Liver
- c) Thyroid
- d) Adrenal

Answer: (b)

Q56. Who gave the slogan “Inquilab Zindabad”?

- a) Bhagat Singh
- b) Subhash Chandra Bose
- c) Lala Lajpat Rai
- d) Bal Gangadhar Tilak

Answer: (a)

Q57. What is the normal temperature of the human body?

- a) 97°F

- b) 98.4°F
- c) 99°F
- d) 100°F

Answer: (b)

Q58. The study of earthquakes is called —

- a) Meteorology
- b) Seismology
- c) Geology
- d) Climatology

Answer: (b)

Q59. Who was the first Governor-General of independent India?

- a) Lord Mountbatten
- b) C. Rajagopalachari
- c) Jawaharlal Nehru
- d) Rajendra Prasad

Answer: (a)

Q60. The boundary line between India and Pakistan is called —

- a) Durand Line
- b) Radcliffe Line
- c) McMahon Line
- d) 38th Parallel

Answer: (b)

Q61. What is the national tree of India?

- a) Neem
- b) Banyan
- c) Mango
- d) Peepal

Answer: (b)

Q62. In which year did the Jallianwala Bagh Massacre take place?

- a) 1917
- b) 1918
- c) 1919
- d) 1920

Answer: (c)

Q63. The term “Green Revolution” is associated with —

- a) Agriculture
- b) Industry
- c) Education
- d) Medicine

Answer: (a)

Q64. Who was the first Indian woman to win an Olympic medal?

- a) P. T. Usha
- b) Karnam Malleswari
- c) Mary Kom
- d) Saina Nehwal

Answer: (b)

Q65. What is the chemical symbol of Sodium?

- a) Na
- b) So
- c) S

d) N

Answer: (a)

Q66. Which planet is known as the Red Planet?

- a) Mercury
- b) Venus
- c) Mars
- d) Jupiter

Answer: (c)

Q67. The first Indian woman President was —

- a) Indira Gandhi
- b) Sarojini Naidu
- c) Pratibha Patil
- d) Sonia Gandhi

Answer: (c)

Q68. The World's largest ocean is —

- a) Atlantic
- b) Indian
- c) Pacific
- d) Arctic

Answer: (c)

Q69. The Quit India Movement started in —

- a) 1940
- b) 1942
- c) 1944
- d) 1946

Answer: (b)

Q70. Who founded the Arya Samaj?

- a) Swami Dayanand Saraswati
- b) Swami Vivekananda
- c) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
- d) Ramakrishna Paramhansa

Answer: (a)

Q71. Which city is known as the "City of Joy"?

- a) Delhi
- b) Kolkata
- c) Mumbai
- d) Chennai

Answer: (b)

Q72. Who is the current Chief Justice of India (2025)?

- a) D. Y. Chandrachud
- b) N. V. Ramana
- c) Ranjan Gogoi
- d) U. U. Lalit

Answer: (a)

Q73. The famous book *Gitanjali* was written by —

- a) Rabindranath Tagore
- b) R. K. Narayan
- c) Munshi Premchand
- d) Mulk Raj Anand

Answer: (a)

Q74. The UNO was founded in —

- a) 1943
- b) 1945
- c) 1947
- d) 1950

Answer: (b)

Q75. Who is known as the “Father of the Nation”?

- a) Sardar Patel
- b) Mahatma Gandhi
- c) Jawaharlal Nehru
- d) Subhash Chandra Bose

Answer: (b)

Q76. Who is the current President of India as of 2025?

- a) Droupadi Murmu
- b) Ram Nath Kovind
- c) Pratibha Patil
- d) Venkaiah Naidu

Answer: (a) Droupadi Murmu

Q77. Which is the largest river in India?

- a) Ganga
- b) Godavari
- c) Brahmaputra
- d) Yamuna

Answer: (a) Ganga

Q78. The headquarters of ISRO is located in—

- a) Chennai
- b) Mumbai
- c) Bengaluru
- d) Hyderabad

Answer: (c) Bengaluru

Q79. Which state is known as the “Land of Five Rivers”?

- a) Punjab
- b) Haryana
- c) Rajasthan
- d) Gujarat

Answer: (a) Punjab

Q80. Who was the first Governor-General of independent India?

- a) Lord Mountbatten
- b) C. Rajagopalachari
- c) Warren Hastings
- d) Lord Dalhousie

Answer: (a) Lord Mountbatten

Q81. Which of the following countries is not a member of SAARC?

- a) India
- b) China
- c) Nepal
- d) Bangladesh

Answer: (b) China

Q82. Which Indian state has the longest coastline?

- a) Tamil Nadu

- b) Gujarat
- c) Andhra Pradesh
- d) Kerala

Answer: (b) Gujarat

Q83. The first Indian satellite launched in 1975 was—

- a) Bhaskara
- b) Aryabhata
- c) INSAT-1A
- d) APPLE

Answer: (b) Aryabhata

Q84. Who wrote the book "*Wings of Fire*"?

- a) A.P.J. Abdul Kalam
- b) Chetan Bhagat
- c) R.K. Narayan
- d) Arundhati Roy

Answer: (a) A.P.J. Abdul Kalam

Q85. Which gas is commonly known as laughing gas?

- a) Carbon dioxide
- b) Nitrous oxide
- c) Methane
- d) Hydrogen

Answer: (b) Nitrous oxide

Q86. The National Song of India was composed by—

- a) Rabindranath Tagore
- b) Bankim Chandra Chatterjee
- c) Sri Aurobindo
- d) Subramania Bharati

Answer: (b) Bankim Chandra Chatterjee

Q87. Which city is known as the "Silicon Valley of India"?

- a) Pune
- b) Hyderabad
- c) Bengaluru
- d) Gurugram

Answer: (c) Bengaluru

Q88. The UNO was founded in—

- a) 1945
- b) 1919
- c) 1939
- d) 1950

Answer: (a) 1945

Q89. The state with the largest population in India is—

- a) Bihar
- b) Maharashtra
- c) Uttar Pradesh
- d) Madhya Pradesh

Answer: (c) Uttar Pradesh

Q90. Who invented the light bulb?

- a) Thomas Edison
- b) Alexander Graham Bell
- c) James Watt

d) Isaac Newton

Answer: (a) Thomas Edison

Q91. Which element has the chemical symbol 'Na'?

a) Nitrogen

b) Sodium

c) Nickel

d) Neptunium

Answer: (b) Sodium

Q92. The world's highest mountain peak, Mount Everest, is located in—

a) India

b) Nepal

c) China

d) Bhutan

Answer: (b) Nepal

Q93. The largest planet in our solar system is—

a) Earth

b) Jupiter

c) Saturn

d) Uranus

Answer: (b) Jupiter

Q94. The Reserve Bank of India was established in—

a) 1935

b) 1947

c) 1950

d) 1969

Answer: (a) 1935

Q95. Who is known as the "Iron Man of India"?

a) Bal Gangadhar Tilak

b) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel

c) Subhas Chandra Bose

d) Bhagat Singh

Answer: (b) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel

Q96. The Indian Parliament consists of—

a) Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha

b) President and Lok Sabha

c) President, Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha

d) Only Lok Sabha

Answer: (c) President, Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha

Q97. The head of the Union Council of Ministers is—

a) President

b) Prime Minister

c) Vice President

d) Speaker of Lok Sabha

Answer: (b) Prime Minister

Q98. The chemical symbol of Iron is—

a) Fe

b) Ir

c) In

d) Io

Answer: (a) Fe

Q99. The National Science Day is celebrated on—

- a) 28th February
- b) 15th August
- c) 5th June
- d) 1st December

Answer: (a) 28th February

Q100. The largest democracy in the world is—

- a) USA
- b) China
- c) India
- d) Russia

Answer: (c) India