



CANDIDATE RESPONSE SHEET/GRIEVANCE SYSTEM

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Roll No.

Exam Level

: SSC SICPO ▾

Test Date

: 10 Dec 2025

Test Time and Shift

: 03:00 PM (Shift-2)

[Correct Option selected](#) [Wrong Option selected](#) [Correct Option](#) [Not Answered](#)[Save / Print](#)[Click Here for PART-A](#)[Click Here for PART-B](#)[Click Here for PART-C](#)[Click Here for PART-D](#)

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 1](#)

Q.No: 1	<p>The seminar in Chandigarh was held 3 days before the Delhi seminar. The seminar in Lucknow was 2 days after the Chandigarh seminar.</p> <p>If the Delhi seminar was on 10th March, when was the Lucknow seminar?</p> <p>चंडीगढ़ में सेमिनार दिल्ली सेमिनार से 3 दिन पहले आयोजित किया गया था। लखनऊ में सेमिनार चंडीगढ़ सेमिनार के 2 दिन बाद हुआ था। अगर दिल्ली सेमिनार 10th मार्च को था, तो लखनऊ सेमिनार कब था?</p>
	6 th March 6 th मार्च
	7 th March 7 th मार्च
	8 th March 8 th मार्च
	9 th March 9 th मार्च

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 2](#)

Q.No: 2	<p>Trivandrum hosted its seminar on Wednesday. Kochi held its seminar 2 days before Trivandrum, Kozhikode hosted it 5 days after Trivandrum, and Alappuzha hosted it on the same day of the week as Kochi. On which day was Alappuzha's seminar?</p> <p>त्रिवेन्द्रम ने बुधवार को अपना सेमिनार आयोजित किया। कोच्चि ने अपना सेमिनार त्रिवेन्द्रम से 2 दिन पहले आयोजित किया, कोझिकोड ने इसे त्रिवेन्द्रम के 5 दिन बाद आयोजित किया, और अलप्पुझा ने इसे कोच्चि के सप्ताह के उसी दिन आयोजित किया। अलप्पुझा का सेमिनार किस दिन था?</p>
	<p>Monday</p> <p>सोमवार</p>
	<p>Wednesday</p> <p>बुधवार</p>
	<p>Friday</p> <p>शुक्रवार</p>
	<p>Sunday</p> <p>रविवार</p>
Not Answered	

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 3](#)

Q.No: 3	<p>What comes next in the series?</p> <p>2, 5, 3, 6, 4, 7, 5, 8, 6, 9, 7, 10, 8, ?</p> <p>श्रृंखला में आगे क्या आता है?</p> <p>2, 5, 3, 6, 4, 7, 5, 8, 6, 9, 7, 10, 8, ?</p>
	<p>11</p> <p>11</p>
	<p>12</p> <p>12</p>
	<p>9</p> <p>9</p>
	<p>15</p> <p>15</p>

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4](#)

Q.No: 4	<p>Which of the following is the ODD one out?</p> <p>निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा विकल्प विषम है?</p>
	<p>11</p> <p>11</p>
	<p>17</p> <p>17</p>
	<p>23</p> <p>23</p>
	<p>27</p> <p>27</p>

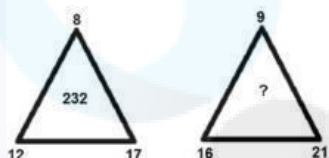
[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 5](#)

Q.No: 5	<p>Which is not hardware?</p> <p>कौन सा हार्डवेयर नहीं है?</p>
	<p>Monitor</p> <p>मॉनीटर</p>

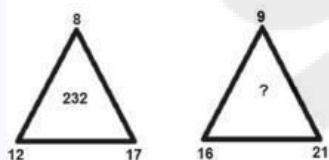
Scanner स्कैनर	https://sscstudy.com/
Excel एक्सेल	
Printer प्रिंटर	

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 6](#)

Q.No: 6 What will come in place of question mark [?] following the same pattern as given below?



नीचे दिए गए पैटर्न का पालन करते हुए प्रश्न चिह्न [?] के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?



288

288

333

333

345

345

272

272

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 7](#)

Q.No: 7 In a certain code language, 'HATCH' is coded as '12, 5, 24, 7, 12', 'DEMON' is coded as '8, 9, 17, 19, 18'. How is 'READER' coded in the same language?

एक निश्चित कोड भाषा में, 'HATCH' को '12, 5, 24, 7, 12' के रूप में कोड किया जाता है, 'DEMON' को '8, 9, 17, 19, 18' के रूप में कोड किया जाता है। उसी भाषा में 'READER' को किस प्रकार कोड किया जाएगा?

21, 12, 16, 8, 9, 22

21, 12, 16, 8, 9, 22

22, 19, 5, 8, 9, 22

22, 19, 5, 8, 9, 22

22, 9, 5, 8, 9, 22

22, 9, 5, 8, 9, 22

23, 21, 26, 15, 23

23, 21, 26, 15, 23

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 8](#)

Q.No: 8	A train 180 meters long takes 20 seconds to cross a platform 120 meters long. What is the speed of the train in km/h? 180 मीटर लंबी एक ट्रेन 120 मीटर लंबे प्लेटफॉर्म को पार करने में 20 सेकंड का समय लेती है। ट्रेन की गति किमी/घंटे में कितनी है?
	54 km/h 54 किमी/घंटा
	48 km/h 48 किमी/घंटा
	60 km/h 60 किमी/घंटा
	72 km/h 72 किमी/घंटा

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 9](#)

Q.No: 9	A boat covers 30 km downstream in 2 hours and the same distance upstream in 3 hours. Find the speed of the boat in still water. एक नाव धारा के अनुकूल 30 किमी की दूरी 2 घंटे में और धारा के प्रतिकूल समान दूरी 3 घंटे में तय करती है। स्थिर जल में नाव की गति ज्ञात कीजिए।
	10 km/h 10 किमी/घंटा
	12.5 km/h 12.5 किमी/घंटा
	11 km/h 11 किमी/घंटा
	8 km/h 8 किमी/घंटा

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 10](#)

Q.No: 10	A dealer marked his goods 20% above cost price. He allows two successive discounts of 10% and 5%. What is his overall profit or loss percentage? एक व्यापारी ने अपनी वस्तु की अंकित कीमत लागत कीमत से 20% ज्यादा रखी। वह 10% और 5% की दो क्रमिक छूट देता है। उसका कुल लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत क्या है?
	2.6% loss 2.6% हानि
	2.6% profit 2.6% लाभ
	5% profit 5% लाभ
	5% loss 5% हानि

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 11](#)

Q.No: 11

Directions: Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

In a family, there are 7 members – A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. D is the wife of F. G is the maternal grandfather of B. E is the only son of F. A is the mother of F. B is the daughter of D and sister of C.

How is F related to G?

निर्देश: निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

एक परिवार में 7 सदस्य क्रमशः A, B, C, D, E, F और G हैं। D, F की पत्नी है। G, B का नाना है। E, F का इकलौता पुत्र है। A, F की माँ है। B, D की पुत्री और C की बहन है।

F, G से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?

Grandson

ग्रेंडसन

Father-in-law

ससुर

Son

पुत्र

Son-in-law

दामाद

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 12](#)

Q.No: 12

Direction: These questions are based on the following information.

There is a family of 7 members: Puja, Payal, Paras, Preet, Palak, Pia and Parth. In that family, there are 3 generations having 2 married couples among them. Preet is brother in law of Paras. Puja is daughter in law of Pia. Pia and Parth is married couple who has only 1 son. Palak is sister of Payal. Payal is daughter of Paras. Parth is father of Paras. Who is mother of Paras?

निर्देश: निम्नलिखित जानकारी के आधार पर प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।

7 सदस्यों का एक परिवार है: पूजा, पायल, पारस, प्रीत, पलक, पिया और पार्थ। उस परिवार में, 3 पीढ़ियाँ हैं जिनमें 2 विवाहित जोड़े हैं। प्रीत, पारस का ब्रदर-इन-लॉ है। पूजा, पिया की बहन है। पिया और पार्थ विवाहित जोड़ा हैं जिनका केवल 1 पुत्र है। पलक, पायल की बहन है। पायल, पारस की पुत्री है। पार्थ, पारस का पिता है। पारस की माँ कौन है?

Puja

पूजा

Pia

पिया

Preet

प्रीत

Payal

पायल

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 13](#)

Q.No: 13 Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.

Statement:
All engineers are graduates. Some graduates are teachers. No teacher is a doctor.

Conclusions:

- I. Some engineers may be teachers.
- II. Some doctors are not engineers.

निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसके बाद आने वाले निष्कर्ष की पहचान करें।

कथन:

सभी इंजीनियर स्नातक हैं। कुछ स्नातक शिक्षक हैं। कोई भी शिक्षक डॉक्टर नहीं है।

निष्कर्ष:

- I. कुछ इंजीनियर शिक्षक हो सकते हैं।
- II. कुछ डॉक्टर इंजीनियर नहीं हैं।

Only I follows

केवल I अनुसरण करता है

Only II follows

केवल II अनुसरण करता है

Both I and II follow

I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं

Neither I nor II follows

न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 14](#)

Q.No: 14 Select the figure from the options that can replace the question mark (?) and complete the given pattern.



विकल्पों में से उस आकृति का चयन कीजिए जो प्रश्न चिन्ह (?) के स्थान पर आ सकती है तथा दिए गए स्वरूप को पूरा कर सकती है।




[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 15](#)

Q.No: 15 'A % B' means 'A is the husband of B'.
 'A @ B' means 'A is the mother of B'.
 'A \$ B' means 'A is the sister of B'.
 'A & B' means 'A is the parent of B'.
 If, 'J % R, S \$ J, P % D & S', then how is P related to R?

'A % B' का अर्थ है 'A, B का पति है'।
 'A @ B' का अर्थ है 'A, B की माँ है'।
 'A \$ B' का अर्थ है 'A, B की बहन है'।
 'A & B' का अर्थ है 'A, B का माता-पिता है'।
 अगर, 'J % R, S \$ J, P % D & S', तो P, R से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?

Father

पिता

	Uncle चाचा	https://sscstudy.com/
	Father-in-law ससुर	
	Brother भाई	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 16		
Q.No: 16	<p>Three of the following words are alike in some manner and hence form a group. Which word does NOT belong to that group?</p> <p>(The words must be considered as meaningful English words and must not be grouped based on the number of letters/number of consonants/vowels in the word).</p> <p>निम्नलिखित में से तीन शब्द किसी न किसी रूप में समान हैं और इसलिए एक समूह बनाते हैं। कौन सा शब्द उस समूह से संबंधित नहीं है?</p> <p>(इन शब्दों को सार्थक अंग्रेजी शब्द माना जाना चाहिए और इन्हें शब्द में अक्षरों/व्यंजनों/स्वरों की संख्या के आधार पर समूहीकृत नहीं किया जाना चाहिए)।</p>	
	Bhutan Bhutan	
	Nepal Nepal	
	Singapore Singapore	
	China China	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 17		
Q.No: 17	<p>What comes next? AZ, CY, EX, ?</p> <p>निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? AZ, CY, EX, ?</p>	
	HV HV	
	GW GW	
	IU IU	
	JT JT	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 18		
Q.No: 18	<p>If 'A1B2' is coded as 'C3D4, ' then how will 'E5F6' be coded?</p> <p>यदि 'A1B2' को 'C3D4' के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो 'E5F6' किस रूप में कोडित किया जाएगा?</p>	
	G7H8 G7H8	
	g2h8 g2h8	
	I9J10 I9J10	

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 19](#)

Q.No: 19 In a code, MOON is written as NPPM. How is STAR written?
एक कोड में, MOON को NPPM लिखा जाता है। STAR को कैसे लिखा जाता है?

TUBS
TUBS

TUBF
TUBF

TUBQ
TUBQ

TUBR
TUBR

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 20](#)

Q.No: 20 If MANGO is written as OGNAM, how is GUAVA written?
अगर MANGO को OGNAM लिखा जाता है, तो GUAVA को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?

GVUAG
GVUAG

AVUAG
AVUAG

AVUUG
AVUUG

AVAUG
AVAUG

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 21](#)

Q.No: 21 Find the ODD one out.
विषम चुनें।

Asia
एशिया

Africa
अफ्रीका

Europe
यूरोप

Gulf
खाड़ी

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 22](#)

Q.No: 22 In a row of 21 girls, When Rita was shifted by five places towards the right, she become 12th from the left end. What was her earlier position from the right end of the row?

21 लड़कियों की एक पंक्ति में, जब रीता को दाईं ओर पाँच स्थान स्थानांतरित किया जाता है, तो वह बाएँ छोर से 12वें स्थान पर आ जाती है। पंक्ति के दाएँ छोर से उसका पिछला स्थान क्या था?

15

15

17

17

18

18

19

19

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 23](#)

Q.No: 23 Find the missing letter.

A	P	H
D	S	K
G	V	?

लुप्त अक्षर ज्ञात करें।

A	P	H
D	S	K
G	V	?

M

M

H

H

P

P

N

N

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 24](#)

Q.No: 24 Find the odd one out in the given semantic series based on the pattern identified.

Eagle, Emu, Peacock, Parrot

पहचाने गए पैटर्न के आधार पर दी गई अर्थ श्रृंखला में से विषम को ज्ञात कीजिए।

चील, एमु, मोर, तोता

Eagle

चील

Emu

एमु

Peacock

मोर

Parrot

तोता

Q.No: 25	Complete the analogy. $7^3 : 343 :: 6^3 : ?$ सादृश्य को पूर्ण कीजिए। $7^3 : 343 :: 6^3 : ?$
	36
	36
	216
	216
	343
	343
	1296
	1296

Q.No: 26	Select the option that does NOT belong to the same category as the others: $\triangle, \circ, \square, \diamond$ उस विकल्प का चयन कीजिए जो अन्य तीन विकल्पों से संबंधित नहीं है। $\triangle, \circ, \square, \diamond$
	\triangle
	\triangle
	\circ
	\circ
	\square
	\square
	\diamond
	\diamond

Q.No: 27	Select the option that does NOT belong to the same category as the others: 42, 56, 63, 84 उस विकल्प का चयन कीजिए जो अन्य तीन विकल्पों से संबंधित नहीं है। 42, 56, 63, 84
	42
	42
	56
	56
	63
	63
	84
	84

Q.No: 28	<p>In six houses numbered 1–6: X lives at the odd-numbered house above W; Z lives between W and Y; Y does not live in even even-numbered house; V is at the top.</p> <p>Who lives at house 4?</p> <p>1 से 6 क्रमांक वाले छह घरों में: X, W के ऊपर विषम क्रमांक वाले घर में रहता है; Z, W और Y के बीच रहता है; Y सम क्रमांक वाले घर में नहीं रहता है; V सबसे ऊपर रहता है।</p> <p>घर क्रमांक 4 में कौन रहता है?</p>
	W
	W
	Z
	Z
	Y
	Y
	X
	X

Q.No: 29	<p>Raj visited a city on an even day before both Meenu and Kavya.</p> <p>If Meenu went on the 18th and Kavya on the 20th, then when did Raj go?</p> <p>राज, मीनू और काव्या दोनों से पहले सम संख्या वाले दिन शहर गया था। यदि मीनू 18 तारीख को और काव्या 20 तारीख को गई थी, तो राज कब गया था?</p>
	22nd
	22nd
	17th
	17th
	15th
	15th
	12th
	12th

Q.No: 30	<p>Which word can be formed using all the letters of T R O A I N L A?</p> <p>T R O A I N L A के सभी अक्षरों का उपयोग करके कौन-सा शब्द बनाया जा सकता है?</p>
	RATIONAL
	RATIONAL
	NOTARIL
	NOTARIL
	ORALINT
	ORALINT
	TRINALO
	TRINALO

Q.No: 31	<p>You are short of a key item during a presentation.</p> <p>What should you do?</p>
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	प्रस्तुति के दौरान आपके पास एक महत्वपूर्ण विषय कम पड़ गया है। आपको क्या करना चाहिए?	https://sscstudy.com/
	Stop presentation प्रस्तुति रोकें	
	Borrow loudly from the audience दर्शकों से ज़ोर से उधार लें	
	Cancel and reschedule रद्द करें और पुनर्निर्धारित करें	
	Improvise with available resources उपलब्ध संसाधनों के साथ सुधार करें	

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 32](#)

Q.No: 32	You're working on a deadline but get an urgent family call. What's the best decision? आप समय सीमा के अनुसार काम कर रहे हैं, लेकिन आपको परिवार से एक ज़रूरी फ़ोन आता है। सबसे अच्छा फैसला क्या होगा?
	Answer to assess urgency तात्कालिकता का आकलन करने के लिए उत्तर
	Ignore the call कॉल को अनदेखा करें
	Leave work without informing बिना बताए काम छोड़ना
	Switch off the phone फ़ोन बंद कर दो

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 33](#)

Q.No: 33	Midway through a large event, you see a safety hazard, but the program is running smoothly. What is the best decision? किसी बड़े आयोजन के बीच में आपको सुरक्षा संबंधी खतरा नज़र आता है, लेकिन कार्यक्रम सुचारू रूप से चल रहा है। सबसे अच्छा फैसला क्या होगा?
	Ignore and hope for the best अनदेखा करें और सर्वोत्तम की आशा करें
	Pause the event briefly to resolve the safety issue सुरक्षा समस्या के समाधान के लिए इवेंट को कुछ समय के लिए रोकें
	Wait until the event ends कार्यक्रम समाप्त होने तक प्रतीक्षा करें
	Delegate without inspecting बिना निरीक्षण किए प्रतिनिधि नियुक्त करना

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 34](#)

Q.No: 34	A school offers advanced classes to more students from affluent backgrounds than from poor backgrounds. What inference is valid? एक स्कूल गरीब पृष्ठभूमि के छात्रों की तुलना में समृद्ध पृष्ठभूमि के छात्रों को अधिक उन्नत कक्षाएं प्रदान करता है। क्या निष्कर्ष मान्य है?
----------	---

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	Poor students lack interest गरीब विद्यार्थियों में रुचि की कमी होती है
	Affluent students perform better संपन्न छात्र बेहतर प्रदर्शन करते हैं
	Possible socio-economic discrimination संभावित सामाजिक-आर्थिक भेदभाव
	Classes are too full कक्षाएँ बहुत भरी हुई हैं

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 35](#)

Q.No: 35	In a recruitment test, candidates from one state had their interviews scheduled in the morning, while others had theirs in the late evening after delays. Which inference is most valid? एक भर्ती परीक्षा में, एक राज्य के अभ्यर्थियों का साक्षात्कार सुबह निर्धारित था, जबकि अन्य राज्यों के अभ्यर्थियों का साक्षात्कार देरी के कारण देर शाम को हुआ। कौन सा अनुमान सबसे अधिक मान्य है?
	Candidates chose their slots अभ्यर्थियों ने अपना स्थान चुना
	Evening slots are better शाम के स्लॉट बेहतर हैं
	Morning candidates perform better सुबह के उम्मीदवार बेहतर प्रदर्शन करते हैं
	Scheduling favoured one state अनुसूची एक राज्य के पक्ष में रही

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 36](#)

Q.No: 36	If % = multiplication, @ = subtraction, \$ = addition, and # = division, what is 50 % 4 \$ 20 @ 15 # 5? यदि % = गुणा करना है, @ = घटाना है, \$ = जोड़ना है, और # = भाग करना है, तो 50 % 4 \$ 20 @ 15 # 5 का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।
	217
	217
	240
	240
	248
	248
	275
	275

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 37](#)

Q.No: 37	If \$ = division, @ = addition, # = subtraction, and % = multiplication, then what is 36 \$ 6 @ 4 % 3 # 5? यदि \$ = भाग करना है, @ = जोड़ना है, # = घटाना है, और % = गुणा करना है, तो 36 \$ 6 @ 4 % 3 # 5 का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।
	14
	14

	16	https://sscstudy.com/
	16	
	15	
	15	
	13	
	13	

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 38](#)

Q.No: 38	<p>The price of a commodity increases 5% annually from 400.</p> <p>What will be the approximate price at the end of the 4th year?</p> <p>किसी वस्तु की कीमत 400 से 5% वार्षिक रूप से बढ़ती है।</p> <p>चौथे वर्ष के अंत में अनुमानित कीमत क्या होगी?</p>
	470
	470
	486
	486
	494
	494
	496
	496

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 39](#)

Q.No: 39	<p>The population of a town is 120,000, increasing 6% yearly.</p> <p>Estimate the population after 5 years.</p> <p>एक कस्बे की जनसंख्या 120,000 है, जो प्रतिवर्ष 6% बढ़ रही है।</p> <p>5 वर्ष बाद जनसंख्या का अनुमान लगाइए?</p>
	170,000
	170,000
	160,587
	160,587
	170,980
	170,980
	180,000
	180,000

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 40](#)

Q.No: 40	<p>X is the son of Y, who is the brother of Z.</p> <p>How is X related to Z?</p> <p>X, Y का पुत्र है, जो Z का भाई है।</p> <p>X का Z से क्या संबंध है?</p>
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	Son पुत्र	https://sscstudy.com/
	Nephew भतीजा/भांजा	
	Cousin कज़िन	
	Brother भाई	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 41		
Q.No: 41	<p>Given 'M \$ N' means 'M is not greater than or equal to N', what can be concluded?</p> <p>दिया गया है कि 'M \$ N' का अर्थ है कि 'M, N से बड़ा या बराबर नहीं है', क्या निष्कर्ष निकाला जा सकता है?</p>	
	M < N	
	M < N	
	M ≤ N	
	M ≤ N	
	M > N	
	M > N	
	M = N	
	M = N	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 42		
Q.No: 42	<p>Symbols: $P \& Q \rightarrow P \leq Q$, $P \% Q \rightarrow P > Q$.</p> <p>Statement: $D \& E \% F$.</p> <p>Which is correct?</p> <p>प्रतीक: $P \& Q \rightarrow P \leq Q$, $P \% Q \rightarrow P > Q$</p> <p>कथन: $D \& E \% F$</p> <p>कौन-सा सही है?</p>	
	D < F	
	D < F	
	D > F	
	D > F	
	D = F	
	D = F	
	Cannot be determined	
	निर्धारित नहीं किया जा सकता	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 43		
Q.No: 43	<p>In a coded inequality system, $A \\$ B \rightarrow A = B$, $A \# B \rightarrow A > B$.</p> <p>Statement: $A \\$ B \# C$.</p> <p>Which inequality is correct?</p>	

किसी कूटबद्ध असमानता प्रणाली में, $A \leq B \rightarrow A = B$, $A \neq B \rightarrow A > B$ है।

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कथन: $A \leq B \neq C$

कौन-सी असमानता सही है?

$A = B$ and $B > C$

$A = B$ और $B > C$

$A > C$ and $B = C$

$A > C$ और $B = C$

$A > B$ and $C < A$

$A > B$ और $C < A$

Cannot be determined

निर्धारित नहीं किया जा सकता

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 44](#)

Q.No: 44

In the following question, two statements are followed by two conclusions. You have to assume the given statements to be true, even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read both the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the statements.

Statements:

Some boys are engineers.

All engineers are intelligent.

Conclusions:

I. Some boys are intelligent.

II. All intelligent are engineers.

निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में दो कथन और उसके बाद दो निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। आपको दिए गए कथनों को सत्य मानना है, भले ही वे सामान्यतः ज्ञात तथ्यों से भिन्न प्रतीत होते हों। दोनों निष्कर्षों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए और फिर निर्णय कीजिए कि दिए गए निष्कर्षों में से कौन सा निष्कर्ष कथनों का तार्किक रूप से अनुसरण करता है।

कथन:

कुछ लड़के इंजीनियर हैं।

सभी इंजीनियर बुद्धिमान हैं।

निष्कर्ष:

I. कुछ लड़के बुद्धिमान हैं।

II. सभी बुद्धिमान इंजीनियर हैं।

Only conclusion I follows

केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है

Only conclusion II follows

केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है

Both conclusions I and II follow

निष्कर्ष I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं

Neither conclusion I nor II follows

न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 45](#)

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Q.No: 45	<p>In the following question, two statements are followed by two conclusions. You have to assume the given statements to be true, even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read both the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the statements.</p> <p>Statements: No poets are dancers. Some dancers are singers.</p> <p>Conclusions: I. Some singers are poets. II. No singer is poet.</p> <p>निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में दो कथन और उसके बाद दो निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। आपको दिए गए कथनों को सत्य मानना है, भले ही वे सामान्यतः ज्ञात तथ्यों से भिन्न प्रतीत होते हों। दोनों निष्कर्षों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए और फिर निर्णय कीजिए कि दिए गए निष्कर्षों में से कौन सा निष्कर्ष कथनों का तार्किक रूप से अनुसरण करता है।</p> <p>कथन: कोई भी कवि, नर्तक नहीं है। कुछ नर्तक, गायक हैं।</p> <p>निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ गायक, कवि हैं। II. कोई भी गायक, कवि नहीं है।</p>
	<p>Only conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है</p>
	<p>Only conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है</p>
	<p>Neither conclusion I nor II follows न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है</p>
	<p>Both conclusions I and II follow निष्कर्ष I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं</p>

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 46](#)

Q.No: 46	<p>Statements: All metals are elements. Some elements are liquids</p> <p>Which conclusion logically follows?</p> <p>कथन: सभी धातुएँ, तत्व हैं। कुछ तत्व, द्रव हैं।</p> <p>कौन सा निष्कर्ष तार्किक रूप से सही है?</p>
	<p>All liquids are metals सभी द्रव धातु हैं</p>
	<p>Some metals are liquids कुछ धातुएँ द्रव हैं</p>
	<p>Some liquids are metals कुछ द्रव धातु हैं</p>
	<p>Cannot say नहीं कह सकते</p>

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 47](#)

Q.No: 47	Four neighbours A, B, C, D in a row. B is second; C is between B and D; who is first? चार पड़ोसी A, B, C, D एक पंक्ति में रहते हैं। B दूसरे स्थान पर रहता है; B और D के बीच में C रहता है; पहले स्थान पर कौन रहता है?
	D
	D
	C
	C
	B
	B
	A
	A

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 48](#)

Q.No: 48	If % = addition, * = multiplication, # = subtraction, \$ = division: then calculate $20 \% 6 * 3 \# 8 \$ 4$. यदि % = जोड़, * = गुणा, # = घटाना, \$ = भाग: तो $20 \% 6 * 3 \# 8 \$ 4$ की गणना कीजिए।
	38
	38
	36
	36
	40
	40
	32
	32

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 49](#)

Q.No: 49	Statements: All tables are furniture. Some furniture is broken. Which conclusion is true? कथन: सभी मेज़ फ़र्नीचर हैं। कुछ फ़र्नीचर टूटा हुआ है। कौन सा निष्कर्ष सत्य है?
	Some tables are broken कुछ मेज़ टूटी हुई हैं
	All tables are broken सभी मेज़ टूटी हुई हैं
	No table is broken कोई मेज़ टूटी नहीं है
	Some furniture are tables कुछ फ़र्नीचर मेज़ हैं

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 50](#)

Q.No: 50	Complete the analogy. Bread : Flour :: Brick : ? सादृश्य पूरा करें। रोटी : आटा :: ईंट : ?	https://sscstudy.com/
	Stone पत्थर	
	Clay मिट्टी	
	Water पानी	
	Sand रेत	



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Roll No.

Exam Level :

Test Date : 10 Dec 2025

Test Time and Shift : 03:00 PM (Shift-2)

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered[Save / Print](#)**Undertaking by the candidate :**

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

[Click Here for PART-A](#)[Click Here for PART-B](#)[Click Here for PART-C](#)[Click Here for PART-D](#)**PART-B (General Knowledge and General Awareness)**[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 51](#)

Q.No: 51 Governments are trying to make rules for businesses simpler and easier to understand.
This approach is known as:

सरकारें व्यवसायों के लिए नियमों को सरल और समझने में आसान बनाने की कोशिश कर रही हैं।
इस दृष्टिकोण को इस रूप में जाना जाता है:

Making rules harder

नियमों को और सख्त बनाना

Streamlining regulations

विनियमनों को सुव्यवस्थित करना

Ignoring rules

नियमों को अनदेखा करना

Creating more rules

ज्यादा नियम बनाना

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 52](#)

Q.No: 52 Neither Malik Kafur nor Alauddin Khalji led campaigns against:

	न तो मलिक काफूर और न ही अलाउद्दीन खिलजी ने निम्नलिखित के विरुद्ध अभियान का नेतृत्व किया:	https://sscstudy.com/
	Devagiri देवगिरी	
	Warangal वारंगल	
	Vijayanagara विजयनगर	
	Madurai मदुरै	
Not Answered		

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 53		
Q.No: 53	Which Mughal emperor prohibited the practice of Sati and issued farmans to that effect? किस मुगल सम्राट ने सती प्रथा पर रोक लगाई तथा इस संबंध में फरमान जारी किया?	
	Babur बाबर	
	Humayun हुमायूं	
	Akbar अकबर	
	Aurangzeb औरंगजेब	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 54		
Q.No: 54	In cricket, what is the term for a delivery that swings away from a right-handed batsman after pitching? क्रिकेट में, उस गेंद को क्या कहते हैं जो पिच होने के बाद दाएं हाथ के बल्लेबाज से दूर चली जाती है?	
	In swinger इनस्विंगर	
	Off-spinner ऑफ-स्पिनर	
	Out swinger आउट स्विंगर	
	Googly गुगली	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 55		
Q.No: 55	Which Article empowers Parliament to alter state boundaries and form new states? कौन सा अनुच्छेद संसद को राज्य की सीमाओं में परिवर्तन करने और नए राज्य बनाने का अधिकार देता है?	
	Article 1 अनुच्छेद 1	
	Article 2 अनुच्छेद 2	

	Article 4 अनुच्छेद 4	https://sscstudy.com/
	Article 3 अनुच्छेद 3	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 56		
Q.No: 56	The "Moin-ud-Dowla Gold Cup" is associated with which sport in India? "मोइन-उद-दौला गोल्ड कप" भारत में किस खेल से संबंधित है?	
	Cricket क्रिकेट	
	Hockey हॉकी	
	Football फुटबॉल	
	Polo पोलो	
Not Answered		

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 57		
Q.No: 57	Which of the following industrial sectors were prioritized during the Second Five-Year Plan? द्वितीय पंचवर्षीय योजना के दौरान निम्नलिखित में से किस औद्योगिक क्षेत्र को प्राथमिकता दी गई?	
	Textile industry and advertising industry कपड़ा उद्योग और विज्ञापन उद्योग	
	Iron and steel industry, fertilizer industry, heavy engineering, and lignite projects लोहा और इस्पात उद्योग, उर्वरक उद्योग, भारी इंजीनियरिंग और लिग्नाइट परियोजनाएं	
	Cottage industry and consumer goods industry कुटीर उद्योग और उपभोक्ता वस्तु उद्योग	
	Handicrafts and Information technology हस्तशिल्प और सूचना प्रौद्योगिकी	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 58		
Q.No: 58	Which Indian-origin author's debut novel, We Need New Names, was shortlisted for the Man Booker Prize in 2013? किस भारतीय मूल के लेखक के पहले उपन्यास, वी नीड न्यू नेम्स को 2013 में मैन बुकर पुरस्कार के लिए चुना गया था?	
	NoViolet Bulawayo नोवायलेट बुलावायो	
	Chigozie Obioma चिगोजी ओबियोमा	
	Aravind Adiga अरविंद अडिगा	
	Jhumpa Lahiri झुम्पा लाहिरी	

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 59](#)

Q.No: 59	What was the primary objective of the "Gadgil Formula"? 'गाडगिल फार्मुला' का प्राथमिक उद्देश्य क्या था?
	To determine the allocation of central assistance for state plans in India भारत में राज्य योजनाओं के लिए केंद्रीय सहायता के आवंटन का निर्धारण करना
	To focus on industrial growth in economically weaker states आर्थिक रूप से कमजोर राज्यों में औद्योगिक विकास पर ध्यान केंद्रित करना
	To provide equal financial support to all regions, regardless of their specific needs सभी क्षेत्रों को उनकी विशिष्ट जरूरतों की परवाह किए बिना समान वित्तीय सहायता प्रदान करना
	To distribute resources according to the state's economic outputs राज्य के आर्थिक आउटपुट के अनुसार संसाधनों का वितरण करना

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 60](#)

Q.No: 60	What role did Small-Scale Industries (SSIs) play in the 6th Five-Year Plan's trade strategy? छठी पंचवर्षीय योजना की व्यापार रणनीति में लघु उद्योगों (एसएसआई) की क्या भूमिका थी?
	They were discouraged in favor of large-scale units उन्हें बड़े पैमाने की इकाइयों के पक्ष में हतोत्साहित किया गया
	They were expected to focus only on local markets उनसे केवल स्थानीय बाजारों पर ही ध्यान केंद्रित करने की अपेक्षा की गई थी
	They were promoted as key exporters and employment generators उन्हें प्रमुख निर्यातक और रोजगार सृजनकर्ता के रूप में प्रचारित किया गया
	They were merged with public sector units उन्हें सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र की इकाइयों के साथ विलय कर दिया गया

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 61](#)

Q.No: 61	Which Nobel-winning British author explored apartheid-era South Africa in her 1974 novel "The Conservationist"? किस नोबेल विजेता ब्रिटिश लेखिका ने 1974 में अपने उपन्यास "द कंजर्वेशनिस्ट" में रंगभेद युग के दक्षिण अफ्रीका का अन्वेषण किया था?
	Nadine Gordimer नादिन गोर्डिमेर
	Doris Lessing डोरिस लेंसिंग
	Bessie Head बेस्सी हेड
	J.M. Coetzee जे.एम. कोएट्ज़ी

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 62](#)

Q.No: 62	How often are the National Games of India held? भारत में राष्ट्रीय खेल कितनी बार आयोजित किए जाते हैं?	https://sscstudy.com/
	Annually प्रतिवर्ष	
	Every 2 years हर 2 वर्ष में	
	Every 3 years हर 3 वर्ष में	
	Every 4 years हर 4 वर्ष में	

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 63](#)

Q.No: 63	In which Indian state is Onam celebrated? ओणम किस भारतीय राज्य में मनाया जाता है?
	Karnataka कर्नाटक
	Andhra Pradesh आंध्र प्रदेश
	Kerala केरल
	Maharashtra महाराष्ट्र

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 64](#)

Q.No: 64	The main purpose of the introduction of the railway network in India by the British was to: अंग्रेजों द्वारा भारत में रेलवे नेटवर्क शुरू करने का मुख्य उद्देश्य था:
	Facilitate the movement of Indian pilgrims across the country. देश भर में भारतीय तीर्थयात्रियों की आवाजाही को सुविधाजनक बनाना।
	Promote tourism and cultural exchange among different regions of India. भारत के विभिन्न क्षेत्रों के बीच पर्यटन और सांस्कृतिक आदान-प्रदान को बढ़ावा देना।
	Enhance the efficient transportation of raw materials and finished goods for British economic interests and to facilitate troop movement. ब्रिटिश आर्थिक हितों के लिए कच्चे माल और तैयार माल के कुशल परिवहन को बढ़ाना तथा सैन्य आवागमन को सुविधाजनक बनाना।
	Connect remote rural areas to urban centers for the benefit of local trade. स्थानीय व्यापार के लाभ के लिए सुदूर ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों को शहरी केन्द्रों से जोड़ना।

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 65](#)

Q.No: 65	The Indian Independence Act of 1947 marked the end of British rule but also led to the partition of India. Critically evaluate the arguments for and against the partition, considering the political, social, and economic consequences that followed. 1947 के भारतीय स्वतंत्रता अधिनियम ने ब्रिटिश शासन के अंत को चिह्नित किया, लेकिन भारत के विभाजन का भी कारण बना। विभाजन के पक्ष और विपक्ष में तर्कों का आलोचनात्मक मूल्यांकन करें, इसके बाद के राजनीतिक, सामाजिक और आर्थिक परिणामों पर विचार करें।
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	The partition was a universally welcomed decision that led to immediate peace and prosperity in both India and Pakistan. विभाजन एक सर्वत्र स्वागत योग्य निर्णय था, जिसके फलस्वरूप भारत और पाकिस्तान दोनों में तत्काल शांति और समृद्धि आई।
	While advocated by the Muslim League as the only way to secure Muslim interests, the partition resulted in widespread violence, displacement, and long-lasting socio-political tensions, with arguments against it focusing on the potential for a united India with adequate minority safeguards. यद्यपि मुस्लिम लीग ने इसे मुस्लिम हितों की सुरक्षा का एकमात्र तरीका बताया था, लेकिन इस विभाजन के परिणामस्वरूप व्यापक हिंसा, विस्थापन और दीर्घकालिक सामाजिक-राजनीतिक तनाव उत्पन्न हुए, तथा इसके विरुद्ध तर्क यह थे कि पर्याप्त अल्पसंख्यक सुरक्षा उपायों के साथ एकीकृत भारत की संभावना पर ध्यान केन्द्रित किया जाना चाहिए।
	The British government unilaterally imposed the partition without any significant consultation with Indian leaders or consideration of its consequences. ब्रिटिश सरकार ने भारतीय नेताओं से कोई महत्वपूर्ण परामर्श किए बिना या इसके परिणामों पर विचार किए बिना ही एकतरफा ढंग से विभाजन लागू कर दिया।
	The partition was solely driven by economic factors, with both sides seeking control over specific resources and territories. विभाजन पूर्णतः आर्थिक कारणों से प्रेरित था, जिसमें दोनों पक्ष विशिष्ट संसाधनों और क्षेत्रों पर नियंत्रण चाहते थे।

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 66](#)

Q.No: 66	What does the principle of victim-centric justice emphasize? पीड़ित-केंद्रित न्याय का सिद्धांत किस बात पर जोर देता है?
	Emphasizing the rights of the victim, including speedy justice and rehabilitation त्वरित न्याय और पुनर्वास सहित पीड़ितों के अधिकारों पर जोर देना
	Prioritizing the media coverage of the case मामले की मीडिया कवरेज को प्राथमिकता देना
	Punishing the accused without trial बिना सुनवाई के अभियुक्त को दण्डित करना
	Allowing victims to determine the punishment पीड़ितों को सजा निर्धारित करने की अनुमति देना

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 67](#)

Q.No: 67	Who was appointed as the Defence Secretary of India in November 2024? नवंबर 2024 में भारत के रक्षा सचिव के रूप में किसे नियुक्त किया गया?
	Ajay Kumar अजय कुमार
	Anil Baijal अनिल बैजल
	Rajesh Kumar Singh राजेश कुमार सिंह
	Giridhar Aramane गिरिधर अरमाने

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 68](#)

Q.No: 68	Which genre of music is commonly associated with Kathak? संगीत की कौन सी शैली सामान्यतः कथक से जुड़ी है?
	Carnatic music कर्नाटक संगीत

	Hindustani music हिंदुस्तानी संगीत	https://sscstudy.com/
	Folk music लोक संगीत	
	Western classical music पश्चिमी शास्त्रीय संगीत	

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 69](#)

Q.No: 69	Which of the following freedom fighters is also known as 'Mother Teresa of Western Odisha'? निम्नलिखित में से किस स्वतंत्रता सेनानी को 'पश्चिमी ओडिशा की मदर टेरेसा' के नाम से भी जाना जाता है?
	Parbati Giri पारबती गिरि
	Rama Devi रमा देवी
	Sarala Devi सरला देवी
	Annapurna Maharana अन्नपूर्णा महाराणा

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 70](#)

Q.No: 70	Which dance from Assam involves a group of dancers performing in circles or rows, often accompanied by drums and pipes, to celebrate the Bihu festival? असम का कौन सा नृत्य बिहू त्यौहार मनाने के लिए नर्तकों का एक समूह अक्सर ड्रम और पाइप के साथ घेरे या पंक्तियों में प्रदर्शन करता है?
	Bagurumba बगुरुम्बा
	Bihu बिहू
	Dhol Cholom ढोल चोलोम
	Hojagiri होजागिरी

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 71](#)

Q.No: 71	Who is known as <i>Sungam Tavirtta Cholan</i> ? सुंगम तवित्ता चोलन के नाम से किसे जाना जाता है?
	Kulottunga I कुलोत्तुंगा I
	Rajendra III राजेंद्र III
	Rajaraja I राजराजा I

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 72](#)

Q.No: 72	<p>Identify the correctly matched pairs.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Kalibangan – Fire altars2. Megasthenes – Arthashastra3. Chalcolithic culture – Use of both copper and stone <p>सही मिलान वाले जोड़ों की पहचान करें।</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. कालीबंगन - अग्नि वेदियाँ2. मेगस्थनीज - अर्थशास्त्र3. ताम्रपाषाण संस्कृति - ताँबे और पत्थर दोनों का उपयोग
	<p>1 and 3 only केवल 1 और 3</p>
	<p>2 and 3 only केवल 2 और 3</p>
	<p>1 and 2 only केवल 1 और 2</p>
	<p>1, 2, and 3 1, 2, और 3</p>

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 73](#)

Q.No: 73	<p>Consider the following Assertion (A) and Reason (R) and choose the CORRECT option.</p> <p>Assertion (A) - Modern technological development plays a very important role in determining the location of urban settlements. Reason (R) - The location of the earliest urban settlement was dependent upon water, building material and fertile land.</p> <p>निम्नलिखित कथन (A) और कारण (R) पर विचार करें और सही विकल्प चुनें।</p> <p>कथन (A) - आधुनिक तकनीकी विकास शहरी बस्तियों के स्थान को निर्धारित करने में बहुत महत्वपूर्ण भूमिका निभाता है। कारण (R) - प्रारंभिक शहरी बस्तियों का स्थान पानी, निर्माण सामग्री और उपजाऊ भूमि पर निर्भर था।</p>
	<p>Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।</p>
	<p>Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।</p>
	<p>A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।</p>
	<p>A is false, but R is true. A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है।</p>

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 74](#)

Q.No: 74	<p>What is the primary focus of the Sohrai festival celebrated in Jharkhand?</p> <p>झारखंड में मनाए जाने वाले सोहराय त्योहार का मुख्य केंद्र क्या है?</p>
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	Worshiping rivers नदियों की पूजा	https://sscstudy.com/
	Worshiping cattle मवेशियों की पूजा	
	Tributing forest deities वन देवताओं को श्रद्धांजलि	
	Honoring tribal warriors जनजातीय योद्धाओं का सम्मान	

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 75](#)

Q.No: 75	Which devotional song form in simple Kannada, promoted by the Haridasa Movement in Karnataka, is a cornerstone of its Carnatic music tradition? कर्नाटक में हरिदास आंदोलन द्वारा प्रचारित सरल कन्नड़ में कौन सा भक्ति गीत रूप, इसकी कर्नाटक संगीत परंपरा की आधारशिला है?
	Devara Nama देवरा नामा
	Vachana वचना
	Janapada Geete जनपद गीते
	Bhajan भजन

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 76](#)

Q.No: 76	In which city is the headquarters of the Squash Rackets Federation of India (SRFI) situated? स्क्वैश रैकेट्स फेडरेशन ऑफ इंडिया (एसआरएफआई) का मुख्यालय किस शहर में स्थित है?
	Chennai चेन्नई
	New Delhi नई दिल्ली
	Mumbai मुंबई
	Kolkata कोलकाता

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 77](#)

Q.No: 77	In which of the following regions is convectional rainfall generally more intense due to higher availability of moisture? निम्नलिखित में से किस क्षेत्र में नमी की अधिक उपलब्धता के कारण संवहनीय वर्षा सामान्यतः अधिक तीव्र होती है?
	Over deserts रेगिस्तानों पर
	On inland plateaus अंतर्देशीय पठारों पर
	Over oceans

<https://sscstudy.com/>

Over leeward slopes

हवा के विपरीत ढलानों पर

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 78](#)

Q.No: 78	On 6th July 2025, Prime Minister Narendra Modi paid tribute to which leader known for founding the Bharatiya Jana Sangh and sacrificing his life for India's unity and integrity? 6 जुलाई 2025 को, प्रधानमंत्री नरेंद्र मोदी ने भारतीय जनसंघ की स्थापना और भारत की एकता और अखंडता के लिए अपने जीवन का बलिदान देने वाले किस नेता को श्रद्धांजलि अर्पित की?
	Pandit Deendayal Upadhyaya पंडित दीनदयाल उपाध्याय
	Dr. Syama Prasad Mookerjee डॉ. श्यामा प्रसाद मुखर्जी
	Bal Gangadhar Tilak बाल गंगाधर तिलक
	Lala Lajpat Rai लाला लाजपत राय

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 79](#)

Q.No: 79	Read the statements given below carefully : Statement 1: The Northern Plain is sparsely populated due to its frequent flooding and infertile soil. Statement 2: The plain lies adjacent to the Himalayas and is made up of rocky and arid terrain. Which of the above statements is/are correct? नीचे दिए गए कथनों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें: कथन 1: उत्तरी मैदान अपनी लगातार बाढ़ और बंजर मिट्टी के कारण विरल आबादी वाला है। कथन 2: यह मैदान हिमालय से सटा हुआ है और चट्टानी एवं शुष्क भूभाग से बना है। उपरोक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 are correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 is correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 80](#)

Q.No: 80	The TV-D1 test flight validated which system for the Gaganyaan mission? टीवी-डी1 परीक्षण उड़ान ने गगनयान मिशन के लिए किस प्रणाली को मान्य किया?
	RCS आरसीएस
	LRA एलआरए
	CES सीईएस

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 81](#)

Q.No: 81 What is the primary function of the Solar Wind Ion Spectrometer (SWIS), included in the ASPEX payload on Aditya-L1?

आदित्य-एल1 पर ASPEX पेलोड में शामिल सौर पवन आयन स्पेक्ट्रोमीटर (SWIS) का प्राथमिक कार्य क्या है?

Records UV imagery of solar flare activity

सौर ज्वाला गतिविधि की यूवी इमेजरी रिकॉर्ड करता है

Monitors tremors and vibrations on the solar surface

सौर सतह पर कंपन और झटकों पर नज़र रखता है

Observes changes in the Earth's geomagnetic field

पृथ्वी के चुंबकीय क्षेत्र में परिवर्तनों का अवलोकन करें

Detects directional flow of solar wind protons and helium nuclei

सौर वायु प्रोटॉन और हीलियम नाभिक के दिशात्मक प्रवाह का पता लगाता है

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 82](#)Q.No: 82 **Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are given below. Choose the correct option:**
Assertion (A): Improvements in nutrition and public health reduce mortality rates.
Reason (R): Lower mortality leads to an immediate fall in birth rates.नीचे अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) दिए गए हैं। सही विकल्प चुनें:
अभिकथन (A): पोषण और जन स्वास्थ्य में सुधार से मृत्यु दर कम होती है।
कारण (R): मृत्यु दर कम होने से जन्म दर में तत्काल गिरावट आती है।

Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है

Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है

A is true, but R is false

A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है

A is false, but R is true

A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 83](#)

Q.No: 83 Which of the following regions in India is best known as the "Ruhr of India" due to its rich mineral resources, particularly coal, and industrial development?

भारत में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा क्षेत्र अपने समृद्ध खनिज संसाधनों, विशेष रूप से कोयला और औद्योगिक विकास के कारण "भारत का रूहर" के रूप में जाना जाता है?

Chota Nagpur Plateau

छोटा नागपुर पठार

Malwa Plateau

मालवा पठार

Deccan Plateau

दक्कन का पठार

Thar Desert

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 84](#)

Q.No: 84 Which key compound gives garlic its characteristic sharp taste and strong smell?

कौन सा प्रमुख यौगिक लहसुन को उसका विशिष्ट तीखा स्वाद और तीव्र गंध देता है?

Allyl isothiocyanate

एलिल आइसोथियोसाइनेट

Allicin

एलीसिन

Capsaicin

कैप्साइसिन

Thymol

थाइमॉल

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 85](#)

Q.No: 85 Read the below statements about synaptic transmission:

1. Synaptic cleft is the gap between two neurons.
2. Neurotransmitters are released from presynaptic terminals.
3. Axon hillock receives impulses from the next neuron.

Which of the above statements are **correct**?

सिनेप्टिक ट्रांसमिशन के बारे में नीचे दिए गए कथनों को पढ़ें:

1. सिनेप्टिक क्लीफ्ट दो न्यूरॉन्स के बीच का गैप है।
2. न्यूरोट्रांसमीटर प्रीसिनेप्टिक टर्मिनलों से निकलते हैं।
3. एक्सॉन हिलॉक अगले न्यूरॉन से आवेग प्राप्त करता है।

उपरोक्त में से कौन से कथन **सही** हैं?

Only 1 and 2 are correct

केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं

Only 1 and 3 are correct

केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं

Only 2 and 3 are correct

केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं

1, 2 and 3 all are correct

1, 2 और 3 सभी सही हैं

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 86](#)

Q.No: 86 Read the following statements about the de Broglie hypothesis and wave-particle duality:

1. As a particle's momentum increases, its associated de Broglie wavelength becomes shorter.
2. The de Broglie wavelength is significant for macroscopic objects moving at high speeds.
3. The wave-particle duality applies to photons but not to material particles.

Which of the above statements are **correct**?

डी-ब्रोग्ली परिकल्पना और तरंग-कण द्वैत के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथन पढ़ें:

1. जैसे-जैसे किसी कण का संवेग बढ़ता है, उससे जुड़ी डी-ब्रोग्ली तरंगदैर्घ्य छोटी होती जाती है।
2. डी-ब्रोग्ली तरंगदैर्घ्य उच्च गति से गतिमान स्थूल वस्तुओं के लिए महत्वपूर्ण है।
3. तरंग-कण द्वैत फोटॉन पर लागू होता है, लेकिन भौतिक कणों पर नहीं।

उपरोक्त में से कौन से कथन सही हैं?

1 only	1 केवल
1 and 2 only	1,2 केवल
2 and 3 only	2,3 केवल
1, 2 and 3	1, 2 और 3

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 87](#)

Q.No: 87	<p>The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita(BNSS) introduces significant changes regarding the use of technology in criminal justice. Which of these is a key technological integration mandated by Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita(BNSS)?</p> <p>भारतीय नागरिक सुरक्षा संहिता (बीएनएसएस) आपराधिक न्याय में प्रौद्योगिकी के उपयोग के संबंध में महत्वपूर्ण बदलाव पेश करती है। इनमें से कौन सा भारतीय नागरिक सुरक्षा संहिता (बीएनएसएस) द्वारा अनिवार्य एक प्रमुख तकनीकी एकीकरण है?</p>
	<p>Mandatory use of Artificial Intelligence for investigations.</p> <p>जांच के लिए कृत्रिम बुद्धिमत्ता का अनिवार्य उपयोग।</p>
	<p>Videography of search and seizure operations and crime scenes.</p> <p>तलाशी एवं जब्ती अभियान तथा अपराध स्थलों की वीडियोग्राफी।</p>
	<p>Robot-assisted policing.</p> <p>रोबोट-सहायता प्राप्त पुलिसिंग.</p>
	<p>Automated judgment delivery system.</p> <p>स्वचालित निर्णय वितरण प्रणाली.</p>

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 88](#)

Q.No: 88	<p>Match the government schemes with their correct objectives and choose the correct option:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Government schemes:</th><th>Objectives:</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>A. Dak Karmayogi</td><td>i. Infra monitoring</td></tr> <tr> <td>B. India Post Payments Bank (IPPB)</td><td>ii. Capacity building for government personnel</td></tr> <tr> <td>C. Aadhaar-enabled Payment System (AePS)</td><td>iii. Aadhaar-based cashless banking</td></tr> <tr> <td>D. PRAGATI</td><td>iv. Financial inclusion through doorstep banking</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>सरकारी योजनाओं को उनके सही उद्देश्यों से सुमेलित करें और सही विकल्प चुनें:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>सरकारी योजनाएँ:</th><th>उद्देश्य:</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>A. डाक कर्मयोगी</td><td>i. बुनियादी ढांचे की निगरानी</td></tr> <tr> <td>B. इंडिया पोस्ट पेमेंट्स बैंक (आईपीपीबी)</td><td>ii. सरकारी कर्मियों के लिए क्षमता निर्माण</td></tr> <tr> <td>C. आधार-सक्षम भुगतान प्रणाली (एईपीएस)</td><td>iii. आधार-आधारित नकदरहित बैंकिंग</td></tr> <tr> <td>D. प्रगति</td><td>iv. घर-घर बैंकिंग सेवा द्वारा वित्तीय समावेशन</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Government schemes:	Objectives:	A. Dak Karmayogi	i. Infra monitoring	B. India Post Payments Bank (IPPB)	ii. Capacity building for government personnel	C. Aadhaar-enabled Payment System (AePS)	iii. Aadhaar-based cashless banking	D. PRAGATI	iv. Financial inclusion through doorstep banking	सरकारी योजनाएँ:	उद्देश्य:	A. डाक कर्मयोगी	i. बुनियादी ढांचे की निगरानी	B. इंडिया पोस्ट पेमेंट्स बैंक (आईपीपीबी)	ii. सरकारी कर्मियों के लिए क्षमता निर्माण	C. आधार-सक्षम भुगतान प्रणाली (एईपीएस)	iii. आधार-आधारित नकदरहित बैंकिंग	D. प्रगति	iv. घर-घर बैंकिंग सेवा द्वारा वित्तीय समावेशन
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A-ii, B-iv, C-iii, D-i
A-ii, B-iv, C-iii, D-i

A-ii, B-i, C-iv, D-iii
A-ii, B-i, C-iv, D-iii

A-iv, B-iii, C-i, D-ii
A-iv, B-iii, C-i, D-ii

A-i, B-iii, C-ii, D-iv
A-i, B-iii, C-ii, D-iv

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 89](#)

Q.No: 89 SHC scheme is implemented by which ministry?
एसएचसी योजना किस मंत्रालय द्वारा कार्यान्वित की जाती है?

Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEFCC)
पर्यावरण, वन और जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय (MoEFCC)

Ministry of Jal Shakti
जल शक्ति मंत्रालय

Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare (MoA&FW)
कृषि एवं किसान कल्याण मंत्रालय (MoA&FW)

Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI)
सांख्यिकी और कार्यक्रम कार्यान्वयन मंत्रालय (MoSPI)

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 90](#)

Q.No: 90 What does the Finance Bill presented in the Budget mainly contain?
बजट में प्रस्तुत वित्त विधेयक में मुख्यतः क्या शामिल होता है?

Details of government borrowing plans
सरकारी उधार योजनाओं का विवरण

Proposals related to tax changes or rules
कर परिवर्तन या नियमों से संबंधित प्रस्ताव

Estimates of state-level expenditure only
केवल राज्य-स्तरीय व्यय का अनुमान

Monetary policy statements of RBI
आरबीआई के मौद्रिक नीति वक्तव्य

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 91](#)

Q.No: 91 Which of the following is an example of a capital receipt for the Indian government?
निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा भारत सरकार के लिए पूंजी प्राप्ति का उदाहरण है?

Income tax collection
आयकर संग्रह

Dividends received from Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs)
सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र के उपक्रमों (पीएसयू) से प्राप्त लाभांश

Disinvestment proceeds from selling shares of PSUs
सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र के उपक्रमों के शेयरों की बिक्री से विनिवेश आय

<https://sscstudy.com/>

Goods and Services Tax (GST) collection
वस्तु एवं सेवा कर (जीएसटी) संग्रह

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 92](#)

Q.No: 92 Which of the following **best describes** the concept of 'opportunity cost' in microeconomics?
निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा सूक्ष्मअर्थशास्त्र में 'अवसर लागत' की अवधारणा का **सबसे अच्छा** वर्णन करता है?

The cost of producing goods in the future
भविष्य में वस्तुओं के उत्पादन की लागत

The net gain from an investment
निवेश से शुद्ध लाभ

The value of leisure forgone
त्यागे गए अवकाश का मूल्य

The value of the best alternative forgone
सर्वोत्तम विकल्प को त्यागने का मूल्य

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 93](#)

Q.No: 93 The Climate Change Performance Index (CCPI) 2025 evaluates countries based on their performance in:
जलवायु परिवर्तन प्रदर्शन सूचकांक (सीसीपीआई) 2025 निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में देशों के प्रदर्शन के आधार पर उनका मूल्यांकन करता है:

GHG Emissions, Renewable Energy, Energy Use, Climate Policy
जीएचजी उत्सर्जन, नवीकरणीय ऊर्जा, ऊर्जा उपयोग, जलवायु नीति

Carbon Sequestration, Water Conservation, Biodiversity, Pollution Control
कार्बन पृथक्करण, जल संरक्षण, जैव विविधता, प्रदूषण नियंत्रण

Disaster Preparedness, Adaptation Strategies, Mitigation Funding, Policy Implementation
आपदा तैयारी, अनुकूलन रणनीतियाँ, शमन निधि, नीति कार्यान्वयन

Green Buildings, Sustainable Transport, Waste Management, Circular Economy
हरित भवन, सतत परिवहन, अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन, वृत्ताकार अर्थव्यवस्था

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 94](#)

Q.No: 94 The Women, Business and the Law Index 2025 is published by which international institution?
महिला, व्यवसाय और कानून सूचकांक 2025 किस अंतर्राष्ट्रीय संस्था द्वारा प्रकाशित किया जाता है?

UNDP
यूएनडीपी

UN Women
यूएन वुमेन

World Bank
विश्व बैंक

OECD
ओईसीडी

<https://sscstudy.com/>

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 95](#)

Q.No: 95	<p>Read the following statements and mark the correct option:</p> <p>Assertion (A): U Kiang Nangbah was hanged for revolting against British rule in the Jaintia Hills.</p> <p>Reason (R): He led a successful revolt against British opium trade in the Khasi Hills.</p> <p>निम्नलिखित कथनों को पढ़ें और सही विकल्प पर निशान लगाएँ:</p> <p>कथन (A): यू कियंग नांगबाह को जयंतिया पहाड़ियों में ब्रिटिश शासन के विरुद्ध विद्रोह करने के कारण फाँसी दे दी गई थी।</p> <p>कारण (R): उन्होंने खासी पहाड़ियों में ब्रिटिश अफीम व्यापार के विरुद्ध एक सफल विद्रोह का नेतृत्व किया था।</p>
	<p>Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.</p> <p>A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।</p>
	<p>Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.</p> <p>A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।</p>
	<p>A is true, but R is false.</p> <p>A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।</p>
	<p>A is false, but R is true.</p> <p>A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है।</p>

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 96](#)

Q.No: 96	<p>Which organization provides coral bleaching alert services for Indian coral regions based on sea surface temperature data?</p> <p>कौन सा संगठन समुद्री सतह तापमान डेटा के आधार पर भारतीय प्रवाल क्षेत्रों के लिए प्रवाल विरंजन चेतावनी सेवाएं प्रदान करता है?</p>
	<p>Central Marine Fisheries Research Institute (CMFRI)</p> <p>केंद्रीय समुद्री मत्स्य अनुसंधान संस्थान (सीएमएफआरआई)</p>
	<p>Zoological Survey of India (ZSI)</p> <p>भारतीय प्राणी सर्वेक्षण (जेडएसआई)</p>
	<p>Indian National Centre for Ocean Information Services (INCOIS)</p> <p>भारतीय राष्ट्रीय महासागर सूचना सेवा केंद्र (आईएनसीओआईएस)</p>
	<p>Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change</p> <p>पर्यावरण, वन और जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय</p>

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 97](#)

Q.No: 97	<p>Based on the classification of industries by raw material source, which option below is correctly paired?</p> <p>कच्चे माल के स्रोत के आधार पर उद्योगों के वर्गीकरण के आधार पर, नीचे दिया गया कौन सा विकल्प सही ढंग से युग्मित है?</p>
	<p>Tea – Mineral-based industry</p> <p>चाय - खनिज आधारित उद्योग</p>
	<p>Petrochemicals – Mineral-based industry</p> <p>पेट्रोसायन - खनिज आधारित उद्योग</p>
	<p>Coffee – Mineral-based industry</p> <p>कॉफी - खनिज आधारित उद्योग</p>
	<p>Woollen textile – Mineral-based industry</p> <p>ऊनी वस्त्र - खनिज आधारित उद्योग</p>

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 98](#)

Q.No: 98	<p>Consider the following statements:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Parliament can bar the jurisdiction of courts over inter-state water disputes. 2. Article 262 empowers the Inter-State Council to adjudicate water disputes. <p>Which of the above statements is/are correct?</p> <p>निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. संसद, अंतर-राज्यीय जल विवादों पर न्यायालयों के क्षेत्राधिकार को निषिद्ध कर सकती है। 2. अनुच्छेद 262 अंतर-राज्यीय परिषद को जल विवादों पर निर्णय लेने का अधिकार देता है। <p>उपरोक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?</p>
	<p>Only 1</p> <p>केवल 1</p>
	<p>Only 2</p> <p>केवल 2</p>
	<p>Both 1 and 2</p> <p>1 और 2 दोनों</p>
	<p>Neither 1 nor 2</p> <p>न तो 1 और न ही 2</p>

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 99](#)

Q.No: 99	<p>Read the following statements carefully and choose the correct option regarding Assertion (A) and Reason (R).</p> <p>Assertion (A): Tax reforms post-1991 included lowering income tax rates.</p> <p>Reason (R): Lower tax rates were believed to increase tax compliance and reduce evasion.</p> <p>निम्नलिखित कथनों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए और अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) के संबंध में सही विकल्प चुनिए।</p> <p>अभिकथन (A): 1991 के बाद के कर सुधारों में आयकर दरों को कम करना शामिल था।</p> <p>कारण (R): ऐसा माना जाता था कि कम कर दरों से कर अनुपालन बढ़ता है और कर चोरी कम होती है।</p>
	<p>Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.</p> <p>A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।</p>
	<p>Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.</p> <p>A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।</p>
	<p>A is true but R is false.</p> <p>A सत्य है लेकिन R असत्य है।</p>
	<p>A is false but R is true.</p> <p>A गलत है लेकिन R सत्य है।</p>

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 100](#)

Q.No: 100	<p>Which of the following criteria is a primary requirement for a beach or marina to receive the international Blue Flag certification?</p> <p>निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा मानदंड किसी समुद्र तट या मरीना के लिए अंतर्राष्ट्रीय ब्लू फ्लैग प्रमाणन प्राप्त करने की प्राथमिक आवश्यकता है?</p>
	<p>Presence of luxury resorts and high-end tourism facilities.</p> <p>लक्जरी रिसॉर्ट्स और उच्च स्तरीय पर्यटन सुविधाओं की उपस्थिति।</p>
	<p>Exclusive access for private members or residents.</p> <p>निजी सदस्यों या निवासियों के लिए विशेष पहुंच।</p>
	<p>High standards of water quality, environmental management, safety, and services.</p> <p>जल गुणवत्ता, पर्यावरण प्रबंधन, सुरक्षा और सेवाओं के उच्च मानक।</p>
	<p>Location within a UNESCO World Heritage Site.</p> <p>यूनेस्को विश्व धरोहर स्थल के अंतर्गत स्थान।</p>





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Roll No.

Exam Level :

Test Date : 10 Dec 2025

Test Time and Shift : 03:00 PM (Shift-2)

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered[Save / Print](#)**Undertaking by the candidate :**

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

[Click Here for PART-A](#)[Click Here for PART-B](#)[Click Here for PART-C](#)[Click Here for PART-D](#)**PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)**[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 101](#)

Q.No: 101 A sum of money at simple interest doubles in 8 years. It will become four times in:
साधारण ब्याज पर एक धनराशि 8 वर्षों में दोगुनी हो जाती है। यह कितने वर्षों में चार गुना हो जाएगी:

24 years

24 वर्ष

22 years

22 वर्ष

28 years

28 वर्ष

18 years

18 वर्ष

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 102](#)

Q.No: 102 The principal is 1600, the interest rate is 8%, and the time is 5 years. What will be the simple interest?
मूलधन 1600 है, ब्याज दर 8% है और समय 5 वर्ष है। साधारण ब्याज कितना होगा?

640

620

620

600

600

590

590

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 103](#)

Q.No: 103 What will be the ratio of simple interest earned by a certain amount at the same rate of interest for 14 years and 18 years?

एक निश्चित राशि पर समान ब्याज दर से 14 वर्ष और 18 वर्ष में अर्जित साधारण ब्याज का अनुपात क्या होगा?

1:3

1:3

5:9

5:9

9:11

9:11

7:9

7:9

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 104](#)

Q.No: 104 The union of rational and irrational numbers is equal to:

परिमेय और अपरिमेय संख्याओं का योग ___ के बराबर है:

Real Numbers

वास्तविक संख्याओं

Natural Numbers

प्राकृतिक संख्याओं

Complex Numbers

सम्मिश्र संख्याओं

Whole Numbers

पूर्ण संख्याओं

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 105](#)

Q.No: 105 The speeds of A and B are in the ratio 4:7. A takes 30 minutes more than B to reach a destination. Time in which A reach the destination?

A और B की गति का अनुपात 4:7 है। A को गंतव्य तक पहुँचने में B से 30 मिनट ज्यादा समय लगता है। A को गंतव्य तक पहुँचने में कितना समय लगता है?

72 m

72 मिनट

55 m

55 मिनट

65 m

65 मिनट

70 m

70 मिनट

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 106](#)

Q.No: 106	<p>A rectangular water tank is 1.5 m long, 1.2 m wide, and 0.8 m deep. How many liters of water can it hold? (Given: $1 m^3 = 1000$ liters)</p> <p>आयताकार पानी की टंकी की लंबाई 1.5 मीटर, चौड़ाई 1.2 मीटर और गहराई 0.8 मीटर है। यह टंकी कितने लीटर पानी रोक सकती है? ((दिया गया है: 1 घन मीटर=1000 लीटर)</p>
	<p>1440 liters</p> <p>1440 लीटर</p>
	<p>144 liters</p> <p>144 लीटर</p>
	<p>14.4 liters</p> <p>14.4 लीटर</p>
	<p>14400 liters</p> <p>14400 लीटर</p>

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 107](#)

Q.No: 107	<p>A storage container in the shape of a cuboid has a square base with sides of 7 cm and height of 10 cm. What is the difference between its total surface area and its lateral surface area?</p> <p>एक घनाभ के आकार के भण्डारण पात्र का आधार वर्गाकार है, जिसकी भुजाएँ 7 सेमी और ऊँचाई 10 सेमी है। इसके कुल पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल और पार्श्व पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल में क्या अंतर है?</p>
	<p>$49cm^2$</p> <p>49सेमी²</p>
	<p>$98cm^2$</p> <p>98सेमी²</p>
	<p>$140cm^2$</p> <p>140सेमी²</p>
	<p>$196cm^2$</p> <p>196सेमी²</p>

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 108](#)

Q.No: 108	<p>The total surface area of a cone is $616 cm^2$ and its base radius is 7 cm. Find the slant height.</p> <p>एक शंकु का कुल पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल 616 वर्ग सेमी है और इसके आधार की त्रिज्या 7 सेमी है। तिर्यक ऊँचाई ज्ञात कीजिए।</p>
	<p>22 cm</p> <p>22 सेमी</p>
	<p>21 cm</p> <p>21 सेमी</p>
	<p>20 cm</p> <p>20 सेमी</p>
	<p>18 cm</p> <p>18 सेमी</p>

Q.No: 109 A cone has base radius 6 cm and slant height 10 cm. If a conical frustum is cut from it, the top radius is 3 cm and height is proportionally scaled. Find the height of the frustum.

एक शंकु के आधार की त्रिज्या 6 सेमी और तिर्यक ऊँचाई 10 सेमी है। यदि इसमें से एक शंक्वाकार छिन्नक काटा जाए, तो शीर्ष त्रिज्या 3 सेमी है और ऊँचाई समानुपातिक रूप से मापी गई है। छिन्नक की ऊँचाई ज्ञात कीजिए।

4 cm

4 सेमी

6 cm

6 सेमी

8 cm

8 सेमी

10 cm

10 सेमी

Not Answered

Q.No: 110 If $(a + b + c) = 20$ and $(a^2 + b^2 + c^2) = 200$, find the value of $(a - b)^2 + (b - c)^2 + (c - a)^2$.

अगर $(a + b + c) = 20$ और $(a^2 + b^2 + c^2) = 200$, तो $(a - b)^2 + (b - c)^2 + (c - a)^2$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

300

300

-200

-200

200

200

123

123

Q.No: 111 If $4^{(x+2)} + 7 = 1031$ then find the value of X.

अगर $4^{(x+2)} + 7 = 1031$ तो X का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

2

2

3

3

7

7

5

5

Q.No: 112 If $a + b = 7$, is the value of $a^3 + b^3 + 21ab = ?$

अगर $a + b = 7$, तो $a^3 + b^3 + 21ab$ का मान क्या है?

231

	231
	443
	443
	121
	121
	343
	343

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 113](#)

Q.No: 113	The base of a right prism is a regular hexagon with side length 6 cm. The height of the prism is $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ cm. Find the volume of the prism. एक समकोण प्रिज्म का आधार एक सम षट्भुज है जिसकी भुजा 6 सेंटीमीटर है। प्रिज्म की ऊँचाई $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ सेंटीमीटर है। प्रिज्म का आयतन ज्ञात कीजिए।
	54 cm ³ 54 घन सेंटीमीटर
	58cm ³ 58 घन सेंटीमीटर
	63cm ³ 63 घन सेंटीमीटर
	67cm ³ 67 घन सेंटीमीटर

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 114](#)

Q.No: 114	What is the lateral surface area of a square pyramid with base side 10 cm and slant height 6 cm? आधार भुजा 10 सेमी और तिर्यक ऊँचाई 6 सेमी वाले वर्गाकार पिरामिड का पार्श्व पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	180 cm ³ 180 सेमी ³
	280 cm ³ 280 सेमी ³
	240 cm ³ 240 सेमी ³
	120 cm ³ 120 सेमी ³

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 115](#)

Q.No: 115	Solve: $\frac{2}{5} + 0.75^2$ हल करें: $\frac{2}{5} + 0.75^2$
	0.9625 0.9625
	0.8625 0.8625

1.9652
1.9652
0.6259
0.6259

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 116](#)

Q.No: 116 A jar is $\frac{3}{5}$ full with a solution. After adding 3.2 liters, it becomes $\frac{7}{8}$ full. What is the total capacity of the jar?

एक जार $\frac{3}{5}$ घोल से भरा है। 3.2 लीटर घोल डालने पर यह $\frac{7}{8}$ भर जाता है। जार की कुल क्षमता क्या है?

24 L

24 लीटर

20.5 L

20.5 लीटर

11.64 L

11.64 लीटर

18.28 L

18.28 लीटर

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 117](#)

Q.No: 117 A, B, and C started a business investing Rs. 50,000, Rs. 70,000, and Rs. 90,000, respectively. After 6 months, C withdrew half of his capital. At the end of the year, what is the ratio of their profits?

A, B और C ने क्रमशः ₹50,000, ₹70,000 और ₹90,000 का निवेश करके एक व्यवसाय शुरू किया। 6 महीने बाद, C ने अपनी आधी पूँजी निकाल ली। वर्ष के अंत में, उनके लाभ का अनुपात क्या है?

20:28:27

20:28:27

20:27:28

20:27:28

28:20:27

28:20:27

27:28:20

27:28:20

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 118](#)

Q.No: 118 The area of a circle is $121\pi \text{ cm}^2$. What is its radius?

एक वृत्त का क्षेत्रफल 121π वर्ग सेंटीमीटर है। इसकी त्रिज्या क्या है?

11 cm

11 सेंटीमीटर

10 cm

10 सेंटीमीटर

12 cm

12 सेंटीमीटर

13 cm

13 सेंटीमीटर

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 119](#)

Q.No: 119 Each interior angle of a regular polygon exceeds its exterior angle by 150° . Determine the number of sides of the polygon.

एक समबहुभुज का प्रत्येक आंतरिक कोण, उसके बाह्य कोण से 150° अधिक है। बहुभुज की भुजाओं की संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।

23

23

26

26

25

25

24

24

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 120](#)

Q.No: 120 A sector of a circle with radius 14 cm has a central angle of 135° . Find the area of the sector.

14 सेंटीमीटर त्रिज्या वाले एक वृत्त के एक त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण 135° है। त्रिज्यखंड का क्षेत्रफल ज्ञात कीजिए।

331 cm^2

331 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर

241 cm^2

241 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर

235 cm^2

235 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर

231 cm^2

231 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 121](#)

Q.No: 121 A man spends 80% of his income. His income has increased by 25%, but his expenditure remains the same.

By what percent have his savings increased?

एक आदमी अपनी आय का 80% खर्च करता है। उसकी आय में 25% की वृद्धि हुई है, लेकिन उसका व्यय वही रहता है।

उसकी बचत में कितने प्रतिशत की वृद्धि हुई है?

125%

125%

150%

150%

100%

100%

200%

200%

Q.No: 122	A reduction of 20% in the price of sugar enables a person to buy 5 kg more for Rs. 200. What is the original price per kg? चीनी की कीमत में 20% की कमी से एक व्यक्ति 200 रुपये में 5 किलोग्राम अधिक चीनी खरीद सकता है। प्रति किलोग्राम मूल कीमत क्या है?
	Rs. 20 20 रुपये
	Rs. 10 10 रुपये
	Rs. 5 5 रुपये
	Rs. 15 15 रुपये

Q.No: 123	In a town, 20% of the population migrated to another city. Later, 25% of the remaining population left due to lack of jobs. If the final population is 48,000, what was the original population? एक शहर की 20% आबादी दूसरे शहर में चली गई। बाद में, शेष 25% आबादी नौकरी की कमी के कारण शहर छोड़कर चली गई। अगर अंतिम जनसंख्या 48,000 है, तो मूल जनसंख्या कितनी थी?
	80,000 80,000
	75,000 75,000
	70,000 70,000
	72,000 72,000

Q.No: 124	A circle has a radius of 15 cm. If a chord 24 cm long is drawn, what is the perpendicular distance from the center of the circle to the chord? एक वृत्त की त्रिज्या 15 सेंटीमीटर है। यदि 24 सेंटीमीटर लंबी एक जीवा खींची जाए, तो वृत्त के केंद्र से जीवा की लंबवत दूरी क्या है?
	9 cm 9 सेंटीमीटर
	10 cm 10 सेंटीमीटर
	12 cm 12 सेंटीमीटर
	13 cm 13 सेंटीमीटर

Q.No: 125	In a bag, red, blue, and green balls are in the ratio 3:4:5. If there are 48 balls in total, how many are green? एक बैग में लाल, नीली और हरी गेंदें 3:4:5 के अनुपात में हैं। अगर कुल 48 गेंदें हैं, तो हरी गेंदें कितनी हैं?
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	15
	15
	20
	20
	25
	25
	18
	18

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 126](#)

Q.No: 126	Which pair of numbers has a sum of 13 and whose squares differ by 65? संख्याओं के किस जोड़े का योग 13 है और जिनके वर्गों का अंतर 65 है?
	6 and 7 6 और 7
	5 and 8 5 और 8
	4 and 9 4 और 9
	3 and 10 3 और 10

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 127](#)

Q.No: 127	A rhombus has all sides equal to 10 cm and one diagonal is 12 cm. What is the other diagonal? एक समचतुर्भुज की सभी भुजाएँ 10 सेमी के बराबर हैं और एक विकर्ण 12 सेमी का है। दूसरा विकर्ण क्या है?
	16 cm 16 सेमी
	$\sqrt{176}$ cm $\sqrt{176}$ सेमी
	12 cm 12 सेमी
	20 cm 20 सेमी

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 128](#)

Q.No: 128	If a regular triangle and a regular square have the same perimeter, which has the longer side? यदि एक सम त्रिभुज और एक सम वर्ग का परिमाप समान है, तो किसकी भुजा लंबी होगी?
	Triangle त्रिकोण
	Square चौकोर
	Both equal दोनों बराबर

Depends on area
क्षेत्र पर निर्भर करता है

<https://sscstudy.com/>

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 129](#)

Q.No: 129	<p>A rope is laid out to form a square enclosure. If 20 meters of rope remain unused after enclosing the square, and the area of the square is 100 m^2, what was the original length of the rope?</p> <p>एक वर्गाकार घेरा बनाने के लिए एक रस्सी बिछाई गई है। यदि वर्ग को घेरने के बाद 20 मीटर रस्सी अप्रयुक्त रह जाती है, और वर्ग का क्षेत्रफल 100 वर्ग मीटर है, तो रस्सी की मूल लंबाई क्या थी?</p>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	60 m 60 मीटर
<input type="checkbox"/>	80 m 80 मीटर
<input type="checkbox"/>	100 m 100 मीटर
<input type="checkbox"/>	120 m 120 मीटर

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 130](#)

Q.No: 130	<p>A recipe needs ingredients A, B, and C in the ratio 5:3:2. If the chef only has 400 grams of ingredient A, what is the total amount of the mixture he can make, maintaining the ratio?</p> <p>एक रेसिपी में सामग्री A, B और C का अनुपात 5:3:2 है। अगर शेफ के पास केवल 400 ग्राम सामग्री A है, तो अनुपात बनाए रखते हुए वह कुल कितना मिश्रण बना सकता है?</p>
<input type="checkbox"/>	600 g 600 ग्राम
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	800 g 800 ग्राम
<input type="checkbox"/>	1000 g 1000 ग्राम
<input type="checkbox"/>	1200 g 1200 ग्राम

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 131](#)

Q.No: 131	<p>A seller marks up his product by 50% and offers two consecutive discounts of 10% each. What is his profit percentage?</p> <p>एक विक्रेता अपने उत्पाद पर 50% ज्यादा कीमत अंकित करता है और 10% की दो क्रमागत छूट देता है। उसका लाभ प्रतिशत क्या है?</p>
<input type="checkbox"/>	20.5% 20.5%
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	21.5% 21.5%
<input type="checkbox"/>	22.5% 22.5%
<input type="checkbox"/>	23.5% 23.5%

<https://sscstudy.com/>

Q.No: 132	A retailer offers 2 successive discounts of 15% and 10% on a product marked at Rs. 1,000. If his cost price is Rs. 700, what is his profit or loss percentage? एक खुदरा विक्रेता ₹1,000 कीमत के एक उत्पाद पर 15% और 10% की दो क्रमिक छूट देता है। अगर उसकी लागत कीमत ₹700 है, तो उसका लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत क्या है?
	10.29% profit 10.29% लाभ
	10.29% loss 10.29% हानि
	9.29% loss 9.29% हानि
	9.29% profit 9.29% लाभ

Q.No: 133	An item is sold at a 20% profit. If the cost price and selling price are increased by Rs. 50 and Rs. 30 respectively, the profit percent becomes 10%. What is the original cost price? एक वस्तु को 20% लाभ पर बेचा जाता है। अगर लागत कीमत और बिक्री कीमत में क्रमशः 50 रुपये और 30 रुपये की वृद्धि कर दी जाए, तो लाभ प्रतिशत 10% हो जाता है। मूल लागत कीमत क्या है?
	Rs. 100 100 रुपये
	Rs. 450 450 रुपये
	Rs. 600 600 रुपये
	Rs. 250 250 रुपये

Not Answered

Q.No: 134	Simplify: $\sqrt{12} + \sqrt{48}$ सरल करें: $\sqrt{12} + \sqrt{48}$
	$\sqrt{3}$ $\sqrt{3}$
	1.21 1.21
	6 6
	$6\sqrt{3}$ $6\sqrt{3}$

Q.No: 135	In a rectangle, if length is increased by 20% and breadth is decreased by 20%, what is the percentage change in area? एक आयत में, यदि लंबाई में 20% की वृद्धि की जाती है और चौड़ाई में 20% की कमी की जाती है, तो क्षेत्रफल में प्रतिशत परिवर्तन कितना होगा?
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4% decrease	4% कमी
4% increase	4% कमी
No change	कोई परिवर्तन नहीं होगा
10% decrease	10% कमी

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 136](#)

Q.No: 136	If a line has x-intercept 4 and y-intercept -2, what is its equation in standard form? अगर किसी रेखा का x-इंटरसेप्ट 4 और y-इंटरसेप्ट -2 है, तो मानक रूप में इसका समीकरण क्या है?
	x-2y=4
	x-2y=4
	-x-2y=4
	-x-2y=4
	-x+2y=4
	-x+2y=4
	x+2y=4
	x+2y=4

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 137](#)

Q.No: 137	If a line intersects the x-axis at (6,0) and the y-axis at (0,-4), what is the slope of the line? अगर एक रेखा x-अक्ष को (6,0) पर और y-अक्ष को (0,-4) पर प्रतिच्छेद करती है, तो रेखा का ढलान क्या है?
	1/2
	1/2
	1/3
	1/3
	3/2
	3/2
	2/3
	2/3

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 138](#)

Q.No: 138	Two alloys contain copper and zinc in the ratios 3:2 and 5:3. If equal masses of both are melted and mixed, what is the ratio of copper to zinc in the final alloy? दो मिश्रधातुओं में ताम्बा और जस्ते का अनुपात 3:2 और 5:3 है। अगर दोनों के बराबर द्रव्यमानों को पिघलाकर मिलाया जाए, तो अंतिम मिश्रधातु में ताम्बा और जस्ते का अनुपात क्या होगा?
	18:51
	18:51
	18:43
	18:43

49:31

49:31

49:37

49:37

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 139](#)Q.No: 139 If $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ are complementary and $\angle A = 40^\circ$, what is $\angle B$?अगर $\angle A$ और $\angle B$ पूरक हैं और $\angle A = 40^\circ$ है, तो $\angle B$ क्या है?

30°

30°

40°

40°

50°

50°

60°

60°

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 140](#)Q.No: 140 Complement of an angle is 12° more than twice the angle. Find the angle.किसी कोण का पूरक कोण के दोगुने से 12° अधिक है। कोण ज्ञात कीजिए।

18°

18°

22°

22°

24°

24°

26°

26°

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 141](#)

Q.No: 141 if an angle is 4 times its complement, what is the angle?

अगर कोई कोण अपने पूरक का 4 गुना है, तो कोण क्या है?

36°

36°

72°

72°

172°

172°

7°

7°

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 142](#)

Q.No: 142	If the height of a cylinder is decreased by 10% and radius increased by 10%, then volume changes by: यदि एक बेलन की ऊँचाई 10% कम कर दी जाए और त्रिज्या 10% बढ़ा दी जाए, तो आयतन में कितना परिवर्तन होगा?	https://sscstudy.com/
	decreases by 1% 1% की कमी	
	increases by 8.9% 8.9% की वृद्धि	
	decreases by 5.7% 5.7% की कमी	
	no change कोई परिवर्तन नहीं होता है	

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 143](#)

Q.No: 143	A cylinder's radius and height are in a 2:5 ratio. Its volume is $2000\pi \text{ cm}^3$. Find the radius. एक बेलन की त्रिज्या और ऊँचाई 2:5 के अनुपात में हैं। इसका आयतन $2000\pi \text{ cm}^3$ है। त्रिज्या ज्ञात कीजिए।
	6.57 cm 6.57 सेमी
	8.29 cm 8.29 सेमी
	9.28 cm 9.28 सेमी
	10.99 cm 10.99 सेमी

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 144](#)

Q.No: 144	A right prism has a square base of side 5 cm and a height of 12 cm. What is its total surface area? एक लम्ब प्रिज्म का वर्गाकार आधार 5 सेमी भुजा और 12 सेमी ऊँचाई वाला है। इसका कुल पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	340 cm^2 340 सेमी ²
	440 cm^2 440 सेमी ²
	370 cm^2 370 सेमी ²
	290 cm^2 290 सेमी ²

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 145](#)

Q.No: 145	A brass hemispherical bowl has an inner diameter of 14 cm. Find the cost of painting its inner surface at the rate of ₹20 per cm^2 . एक पीतल के अर्धगोलाकार कटोरे का आंतरिक व्यास 14 सेंटीमीटर है। ₹20 प्रति वर्ग सेंटीमीटर की दर से इसकी आंतरिक सतह को रंगने की लागत ज्ञात कीजिए।
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	₹6160	
	₹6160	
	₹4160	
	₹4160	

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 146](#)

Q.No: 146	<p>A cylinder and a hemisphere have the same radius. If the curved surface area of the hemisphere is 128 cm^2, calculate the base area of the cylinder.</p> <p>एक बेलन और एक अर्धगोले की त्रिज्या समान है। यदि अर्धगोले का वक्र पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल 128 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर है, तो बेलन के आधार का क्षेत्रफल ज्ञात कीजिए।</p>
	64 cm^2 64 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर
	54 cm^2 54 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर
	62 cm^2 62 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर
	42 cm^2 42 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 147](#)

Q.No: 147	<p>A cylindrical container, 16 cm in radius, holds milk to a depth of 30 cm. If a solid hemisphere is submerged in the milk, the liquid level increases by 9 cm. Determine the radius of the hemispherical ball</p> <p>16 सेंटीमीटर त्रिज्या वाले एक बेलनाकार बर्तन में 30 सेंटीमीटर की गहराई तक दूध रखा जा सकता है। यदि एक ठोस अर्धगोला दूध में डुबोया जाए, तो द्रव का स्तर 9 सेंटीमीटर बढ़ जाता है। अर्धगोलाकार गेंद की त्रिज्या ज्ञात कीजिए।</p>
	$18\sqrt{2} \text{ cm}$ $18\sqrt{2}$ सेंटीमीटर
	$16\sqrt{2} \text{ cm}$ $16\sqrt{2}$ सेंटीमीटर
	$22\sqrt{2} \text{ cm}$ $22\sqrt{2}$ सेंटीमीटर
	$12\sqrt{2} \text{ cm}$ $12\sqrt{2}$ सेंटीमीटर

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 148](#)

Q.No: 148	Find the diameter of a circle, if the length of the tangent is 9 m and 12 m is the distance between the center of the circle to the external point. Given $\sqrt{7} = 2.64(\text{approx})$ एक वृत्त का व्यास ज्ञात कीजिए, अगर स्पर्श रेखा की लंबाई 9 मीटर है और वृत्त के केंद्र से बाह्य बिंदु के बीच की दूरी 12 मीटर है। दिया गया है $\sqrt{7}=2.64$ (लगभग)
	2.64 m 2.64 मीटर
	5.28 m 5.28 मीटर
	7.92 m 7.92 मीटर
	10.56 m 10.56 मीटर
Not Answered	

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 149](#)

Q.No: 149	What percentage of the circle is covered by a sector with a central angle of $\frac{5\pi}{3}$ radians ? वृत्त का कितना प्रतिशत भाग एक त्रिज्यखंड द्वारा ढका गया है जिसका केंद्रीय कोण $\frac{5\pi}{3}$ रेडियन है?
	50% 50%
	83.33% 83.33%
	90.54% 90.54%
	75% 75%

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 150](#)

Q.No: 150	In a circle, there are two chords, AB and CD, cross each other at point E, which is located inside the circle. Given that AE is 3 cm, EB is 2 cm, and CE is 6 cm, determine the length of ED. एक वृत्त में, दो जीवाएँ AB और CD, बिंदु E पर एक-दूसरे को काटती हैं, जो वृत्त के अंदर स्थित है। दिया गया है कि AE=3 सेमी, EB=2 सेमी और CE=6 सेमी है, ED की लंबाई ज्ञात कीजिए।
	1 cm 1 सेमी
	2 cm 2 सेमी
	3 cm 3 सेमी
	4 cm 4सेमी



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Exam Level

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Test Date

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

[Click Here for PART-A](#)[Click Here for PART-B](#)[Click Here for PART-C](#)[Click Here for PART-D](#)**PART-D (English Comprehension)**[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 151](#)

Q.No: 151

Read the passage and answer the questions:

The annals of mountaineering history are adorned with figures whose daring transcended mere athleticism, embodying philosophical quests for transcendence against Earth's most formidable landscapes. Each mountaineer — whether treading the snows of Everest, the granite of Patagonia, or the arid heights of the Atlas Mountains — etched a distinct narrative of audacity and introspection.

"Tenzing Norgay" and "Sir Edmund Hillary's" epochal 1953 Everest ascent immortalized human perseverance, but figures such as "Reinhold Messner" redefined the boundaries further. Rejecting supplemental oxygen, Messner's minimalist ethos emphasized purity over conquest, portraying mountains not as trophies but as sentient entities commanding reverence. Similarly, "Junko Tabei", the first woman to summit Everest, symbolized the intersection of resilience and quiet defiance in an era resistant to female adventurers.

The ethos of mountaineering diversified through the late 20th and early 21st centuries. Climbers like "Kilian Jornet", blending ultra-marathon endurance with technical ascents, and "Nirmal Purja", whose record-breaking summits shattered temporal assumptions, reveal a contemporary paradigm: mountains as arenas of rapid, almost transcendental athleticism. Meanwhile, indigenous climbers, long relegated to footnotes in expedition histories, increasingly assert their rightful place as stewards of sacred peaks.

Thus, the saga of mountaineering resists reduction to mere feats of strength. It weaves a tapestry of cultures, philosophies, and personal odysseys — each ascent a dialectic between human fragility and the immutable majesty of the mountains.

In the sentence:

"The annals of mountaineering history are adorned with figures whose daring transcended mere athleticism..."?

What is the grammatical role of the clause

"whose daring transcended mere athleticism"

	Adjective clause modifying "figures"
	Adverbial clause modifying "history"
	Noun clause acting as the subject
	Adjective phrase modifying "mountaineering"

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 152](#)

Q.No: 152	<p>Read the passage and answer the questions:</p> <p>The annals of mountaineering history are adorned with figures whose daring transcended mere athleticism, embodying philosophical quests for transcendence against Earth's most formidable landscapes. Each mountaineer — whether treading the snows of Everest, the granite of Patagonia, or the arid heights of the Atlas Mountains — etched a distinct narrative of audacity and introspection.</p> <p>"Tenzing Norgay" and "Sir Edmund Hillary's" epochal 1953 Everest ascent immortalized human perseverance, but figures such as "Reinhold Messner" redefined the boundaries further. Rejecting supplemental oxygen, Messner's minimalist ethos emphasized purity over conquest, portraying mountains not as trophies but as sentient entities commanding reverence. Similarly, "Junko Tabei", the first woman to summit Everest, symbolized the intersection of resilience and quiet defiance in an era resistant to female adventurers.</p> <p>The ethos of mountaineering diversified through the late 20th and early 21st centuries. Climbers like "Kilian Jornet", blending ultra-marathon endurance with technical ascents, and "Nirmal Purja", whose record-breaking summits shattered temporal assumptions, reveal a contemporary paradigm: mountains as arenas of rapid, almost transcendental athleticism. Meanwhile, indigenous climbers, long relegated to footnotes in expedition histories, increasingly assert their rightful place as stewards of sacred peaks.</p> <p>Thus, the saga of mountaineering resists reduction to mere feats of strength. It weaves a tapestry of cultures, philosophies, and personal odysseys — each ascent a dialectic between human fragility and the immutable majesty of the mountains.</p> <p>What is the meaning of the word "epochal" in the context:</p> <p>"Tenzing Norgay and Sir Edmund Hillary's epochal 1953 Everest ascent..."</p>
	Trivial
	Highly significant and historic
	Ordinary and recurrent
	Disastrous

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 153](#)

Q.No: 153	<p>Read the passage and answer the questions:</p> <p>The annals of mountaineering history are adorned with figures whose daring transcended mere athleticism, embodying philosophical quests for transcendence against Earth's most formidable landscapes. Each mountaineer — whether treading the snows of Everest, the granite of Patagonia, or the arid heights of the Atlas Mountains — etched a distinct narrative of audacity and introspection.</p> <p>"Tenzing Norgay" and "Sir Edmund Hillary's" epochal 1953 Everest ascent immortalized human perseverance, but figures such as "Reinhold Messner" redefined the boundaries further. Rejecting supplemental oxygen, Messner's minimalist ethos emphasized purity over conquest, portraying mountains not as trophies but as sentient entities commanding reverence. Similarly, "Junko Tabei", the first woman to summit Everest, symbolized the intersection of resilience and quiet defiance in an era resistant to female adventurers.</p> <p>The ethos of mountaineering diversified through the late 20th and early 21st centuries. Climbers like "Kilian Jornet", blending ultra-marathon endurance with technical ascents, and "Nirmal Purja", whose record-breaking summits shattered temporal assumptions, reveal a contemporary paradigm: mountains as arenas of rapid, almost transcendental athleticism. Meanwhile, indigenous climbers, long relegated to footnotes in expedition histories, increasingly assert their rightful place as stewards of sacred peaks.</p> <p>Thus, the saga of mountaineering resists reduction to mere feats of strength. It weaves a tapestry of cultures, philosophies, and personal odysseys — each ascent a dialectic between human fragility and the immutable majesty of the mountains.</p> <p>What does the word "dialectic" most nearly imply in the phrase:</p> <p>"...each ascent a dialectic between human fragility and the immutable majesty of the mountains"?</p>
	A silent observation
	A hostile confrontation
	A dialogue or interplay between opposing forces
	A scientific measurement

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 154](#)

Q.No: 154	<p>Read the passage and answer the questions:</p> <p>The annals of mountaineering history are adorned with figures whose daring transcended mere athleticism, embodying philosophical quests for transcendence against Earth's most formidable landscapes. Each mountaineer — whether treading the snows of Everest, the granite of Patagonia, or the arid heights of the Atlas Mountains — etched a distinct narrative of audacity and introspection.</p> <p>"Tenzing Norgay" and "Sir Edmund Hillary's" epochal 1953 Everest ascent immortalized human perseverance, but figures such as "Reinhold Messner" redefined the boundaries further. Rejecting supplemental oxygen, Messner's minimalist ethos emphasized purity over conquest, portraying mountains not as trophies but as sentient entities commanding reverence. Similarly, "Junko Tabei", the first woman to summit Everest, symbolized the intersection of resilience and quiet defiance in an era resistant to female adventurers.</p> <p>The ethos of mountaineering diversified through the late 20th and early 21st centuries. Climbers like "Kilian Jornet", blending ultra-marathon endurance with technical ascents, and "Nirmal Purja", whose record-breaking summits shattered temporal assumptions, reveal a contemporary paradigm: mountains as arenas of rapid, almost transcendental athleticism. Meanwhile, indigenous climbers, long relegated to footnotes in expedition histories, increasingly assert their rightful place as stewards of sacred peaks.</p> <p>Thus, the saga of mountaineering resists reduction to mere feats of strength. It weaves a tapestry of cultures, philosophies, and personal odysseys — each ascent a dialectic between human fragility and the immutable majesty of the mountains.</p> <p>Which of the following best summarizes the primary argument of the passage?</p>
	Mountaineering is solely a test of physical endurance.
	Mountaineering history is dominated by Western adventurers.
	Mountaineering represents a confluence of physical challenge, cultural identity, and philosophical exploration.
	Technological advancements have made mountaineering effortless.

Q.No: 155 Read the passage and answer the questions:

The annals of mountaineering history are adorned with figures whose daring transcended mere athleticism, embodying philosophical quests for transcendence against Earth's most formidable landscapes. Each mountaineer — whether treading the snows of Everest, the granite of Patagonia, or the arid heights of the Atlas Mountains — etched a distinct narrative of audacity and introspection.

"Tenzing Norgay" and "Sir Edmund Hillary's" epochal 1953 Everest ascent immortalized human perseverance, but figures such as "Reinhold Messner" redefined the boundaries further. Rejecting supplemental oxygen, Messner's minimalist ethos emphasized purity over conquest, portraying mountains not as trophies but as sentient entities commanding reverence. Similarly, "Junko Tabei", the first woman to summit Everest, symbolized the intersection of resilience and quiet defiance in an era resistant to female adventurers.

The ethos of mountaineering diversified through the late 20th and early 21st centuries. Climbers like "Kilian Jornet", blending ultra-marathon endurance with technical ascents, and "Nirmal Purja", whose record-breaking summits shattered temporal assumptions, reveal a contemporary paradigm: mountains as arenas of rapid, almost transcendental athleticism. Meanwhile, indigenous climbers, long relegated to footnotes in expedition histories, increasingly assert their rightful place as stewards of sacred peaks.

Thus, the saga of mountaineering resists reduction to mere feats of strength. It weaves a tapestry of cultures, philosophies, and personal odysseys — each ascent a dialectic between human fragility and the immutable majesty of the mountains.

Which word could best replace "immutable" in the phrase

"...the immutable majesty of the mountains..."

without significantly changing the meaning?

Transient

Unchanging

Diminishing

Fragile

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 156](#)

Q.No: 156 Choose the correct one-word substitution for the blank in the sentence below.

Despite the rise of digital art, Maya chose to specialize in _____, dedicating hours to perfecting each elegant stroke by hand.

typography

calligraphy

cartography

photography

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 157](#)

Q.No: 157 Choose the correct one-word substitution for the blank in the sentence below.

Despite knowing the importance of the assignment, Rahul kept delaying it until the last minute — a clear case of _____.

exaggeration

procrastination

temptation

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negotiation

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 158](#)

Q.No: 158 Fill in the blank with the appropriate article.

Many experts argue that without _____ unequivocal global consensus, climate mitigation efforts will be severely undermined.

a

an

the

no article

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 159](#)

Q.No: 159 Fill in the blank with the appropriate article.

Despite efforts to standardize practices, _____ law remains subject to cultural interpretation in many regions.

a

an

the

no article

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 160](#)

Q.No: 160 Improve the following sentence by replacing the underlined words with the correct phrasal verb.

After months of training, she was ready to go through the final exam.

go in for

go off

went through

go along

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 161](#)

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Q.No: 161	<p>Which of the given options arranges the following sentences in the most logical sequence to form a meaningful paragraph?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. James Watson and Francis Crick, building on Rosalind Franklin's X-ray diffraction images, proposed the model in 1953.2. Understanding DNA's structure has led to developments in medicine, forensic science, and evolutionary research.3. Their findings demonstrated how DNA stores genetic information through base pairing.4. This discovery revolutionized biology, paving the way for advances in genetic engineering and biotechnology.5. The discovery of DNA's double-helix structure was a major breakthrough in genetics.
	5-1-3-4-2
	2-4-3-1-5
	3-1-4-2-5
	1-2-4-3-5

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 162](#)

Q.No: 162	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: DISPARAGING
	Complimentary
	Belittling
	Flattering
	Kind

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 163](#)

Q.No: 163	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: ELUCIDATE
	Confuse
	Darken
	Complicate
	Clarify

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 164](#)

Q.No: 164	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. Tedious
	Dull
	Boring
	Exciting
	Tiresome

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 165](#)Q.No: 165 Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Covert**

Secret

Hidden

Clandestine

Overt

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 166](#)Q.No: 166 Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **CAPITULATE**

Defend

Attack

Resist

Surrender

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 167](#)Q.No: 167 Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **EXCULPATE**

Condemn

Blame

Exonerate

Punish

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 168](#)Q.No: 168 Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Disparate**

Alike

Different

Contrasting

Dissimilar

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 169](#)Q.No: 169 Which of these is the **correct spelling** of a radical equality concept from Rawls?

	Egalitarianism
	Egalitarianism
	Egalitarianism
	Egalitarianism

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 170](#)

Q.No: 170 Find the word that is **spelled correctly** and refers to an artistic viewpoint valuing beauty.

	Aesthetics
	Aesthetics
	Asthetic
	Atheistic

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 171](#)

Q.No: 171 Spot the **correct spelling** of cross-species organ grafting.

	Xenotransplantation
	Xenotransplantation
	Zentransplantation
	Xenotransplantasion

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 172](#)

Q.No: 172 Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'One who uses long or obscure words.'

	Sesquipedalian
	Garrulous
	Sophist
	Verbose

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 173](#)

Q.No: 173	<p>In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:</p> <p>In the archipelago of epistemic fracture, where coherence is a relic and continuity a performative illusion, cognition unfolds not through linear causality but via stochastic pulses of informational detritus. Within this disjunctive matrix, agency is less a property of autonomous will than a side effect of algorithmic interpellation. Every action is (1)_____ not as a result of volition but as an emergent behavior—calculated, inferred, and subtly modulated by systems of predictive design. Identity, in this terrain, ceases to be ontological and becomes computational: a fluid sequence of statistical probabilities encoded and re-encoded through bio-digital feedback loops. The notion of authorship is retrofitted, no longer a site of expression but a (2)_____ node in a decentralized economy of semiotic production. Language, once the principal vessel of intentionality, now functions as a carrier signal for behavioral cues—optimized not for meaning but for engagement velocity. In this regime, dissent is not censored but (3)_____—subtly realigned to serve the centripetal logics of monetized attention. The archive is not a memory but a battleground: past and present re-stitched according to the dictates of data retention, compliance heuristics, and platformed ontology. What remains is not truth but latency: the delay between perception and its (4)_____ by computational governance. Thus, power no longer manifests through prohibition, but through calibration—redefining the limits of thinkability itself. In this techno-psyche schema, liberation is not absent but (5)_____: detectable only in its strategic simulation.</p> <p>What should come in the place of blank number (1)?</p>
	instantiated
	rationalized
	evoked
	repressed

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 174](#)

Q.No: 174	<p>In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:</p> <p>In the archipelago of epistemic fracture, where coherence is a relic and continuity a performative illusion, cognition unfolds not through linear causality but via stochastic pulses of informational detritus. Within this disjunctive matrix, agency is less a property of autonomous will than a side effect of algorithmic interpellation. Every action is (1)_____ not as a result of volition but as an emergent behavior—calculated, inferred, and subtly modulated by systems of predictive design. Identity, in this terrain, ceases to be ontological and becomes computational: a fluid sequence of statistical probabilities encoded and re-encoded through bio-digital feedback loops. The notion of authorship is retrofitted, no longer a site of expression but a (2)_____ node in a decentralized economy of semiotic production. Language, once the principal vessel of intentionality, now functions as a carrier signal for behavioral cues—optimized not for meaning but for engagement velocity. In this regime, dissent is not censored but (3)_____—subtly realigned to serve the centripetal logics of monetized attention. The archive is not a memory but a battleground: past and present re-stitched according to the dictates of data retention, compliance heuristics, and platformed ontology. What remains is not truth but latency: the delay between perception and its (4)_____ by computational governance. Thus, power no longer manifests through prohibition, but through calibration—redefining the limits of thinkability itself. In this techno-psyche schema, liberation is not absent but (5)_____: detectable only in its strategic simulation.</p> <p>What should come in the place of blank number (2)?</p>
	transactional
	reflexive
	proprietary
	deterministic

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 175](#)

Q.No: 175	<p>In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:</p> <p>In the archipelago of epistemic fracture, where coherence is a relic and continuity a performative illusion, cognition unfolds not through linear causality but via stochastic pulses of informational detritus. Within this disjunctive matrix, agency is less a property of autonomous will than a side effect of algorithmic interpellation. Every action is (1)_____ not as a result of volition but as an emergent behavior—calculated, inferred, and subtly modulated by systems of predictive design. Identity, in this terrain, ceases to be ontological and becomes computational: a fluid sequence of statistical probabilities encoded and re-encoded through bio-digital feedback loops. The notion of authorship is retrofitted, no longer a site of expression but a (2)_____ node in a decentralized economy of semiotic production. Language, once the principal vessel of intentionality, now functions as a carrier signal for behavioral cues—optimized not for meaning but for engagement velocity. In this regime, dissent is not censored but (3)_____—subtly realigned to serve the centripetal logics of monetized attention. The archive is not a memory but a battleground: past and present re-stitched according to the dictates of data retention, compliance heuristics, and platformed ontology. What remains is not truth but latency: the delay between perception and its (4)_____ by computational governance. Thus, power no longer manifests through prohibition, but through calibration—redefining the limits of thinkability itself. In this techno-psyche schema, liberation is not absent but (5)_____: detectable only in its strategic simulation.</p> <p>What should come in the place of blank number (3)?</p>
	co-opted
	inverted
	obfuscated
	delegated

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 176](#)

Q.No: 176	<p>In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:</p> <p>In the archipelago of epistemic fracture, where coherence is a relic and continuity a performative illusion, cognition unfolds not through linear causality but via stochastic pulses of informational detritus. Within this disjunctive matrix, agency is less a property of autonomous will than a side effect of algorithmic interpellation. Every action is (1)_____ not as a result of volition but as an emergent behavior—calculated, inferred, and subtly modulated by systems of predictive design. Identity, in this terrain, ceases to be ontological and becomes computational: a fluid sequence of statistical probabilities encoded and re-encoded through bio-digital feedback loops. The notion of authorship is retrofitted, no longer a site of expression but a (2)_____ node in a decentralized economy of semiotic production. Language, once the principal vessel of intentionality, now functions as a carrier signal for behavioral cues—optimized not for meaning but for engagement velocity. In this regime, dissent is not censored but (3)_____—subtly realigned to serve the centripetal logics of monetized attention. The archive is not a memory but a battleground: past and present re-stitched according to the dictates of data retention, compliance heuristics, and platformed ontology. What remains is not truth but latency: the delay between perception and its (4)_____ by computational governance. Thus, power no longer manifests through prohibition, but through calibration—redefining the limits of thinkability itself. In this techno-psyche schema, liberation is not absent but (5)_____: detectable only in its strategic simulation.</p> <p>What should come in the place of blank number (4)?</p>
	ratification
	modulation
	gratification
	reconciliation

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 177](#)

Q.No: 177	<p>In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:</p> <p>In the archipelago of epistemic fracture, where coherence is a relic and continuity a performative illusion, cognition unfolds not through linear causality but via stochastic pulses of informational detritus. Within this disjunctive matrix, agency is less a property of autonomous will than a side effect of algorithmic interpellation. Every action is (1)____ not as a result of volition but as an emergent behavior—calculated, inferred, and subtly modulated by systems of predictive design. Identity, in this terrain, ceases to be ontological and becomes computational: a fluid sequence of statistical probabilities encoded and re-encoded through bio-digital feedback loops. The notion of authorship is retrofitted, no longer a site of expression but a (2)____ node in a decentralized economy of semiotic production. Language, once the principal vessel of intentionality, now functions as a carrier signal for behavioral cues—optimized not for meaning but for engagement velocity. In this regime, dissent is not censored but (3)____—subtly realigned to serve the centripetal logics of monetized attention. The archive is not a memory but a battleground: past and present re-stitched according to the dictates of data retention, compliance heuristics, and platformed ontology. What remains is not truth but latency: the delay between perception and its (4)____ by computational governance. Thus, power no longer manifests through prohibition, but through calibration—redefining the limits of thinkability itself. In this techno-psychic schema, liberation is not absent but (5)____: detectable only in its strategic simulation.</p> <p>What should come in the place of blank number (5)?</p>
	relegated
	aestheticized
	emulated
	phantomized

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 178](#)

Q.No: 178	<p>Select the correct option:</p> <p>They treated the interim guidelines as ____, pending formal ratification.</p>
	provisional
	provisionally
	provisioned
	provision

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 179](#)

Q.No: 179	<p>Select the correct option:</p> <p>Her lecture ranged __ quantum mechanics to cognitive linguistics.</p>
	from
	between
	among
	over

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 180](#)

Q.No: 180	<p>Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:</p> <p>The economist's analysis (1)/ was replete with insights (2)/ yet lacked the adequate context (3)/ for policy formulation. (4)/</p>
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(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 181](#)

Q.No: 181

Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:

In response to an alarming spike in fraudulent transactions, (1)/ the bank introduced mechanism (2)/ to verify customer identities using two-factor authentication, (3)/ biometric checks, and behavioural patterns. (4)

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 182](#)

Q.No: 182

Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:

Among all the diplomatic envoys stationed in the conflict zone, (1)/ she is undoubtedly more trusted and relied upon (2)/ by both factions of the civil war (3)/ than any other ambassador. (4)

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 183](#)

Q.No: 183

Change the following from active to passive:

Did they invite you to the party?

Were you invited to the party by them?

Are you invited to the party by them?

Have you been invited to the party by them?

Had you been invited to the party by them?

- Q.No: 184 **Change the following from active to passive:**
Will investors have perceived the subtle shift in policy?
- Will the subtle shift in policy be perceived by investors?
- Will the subtle shift in policy have perceived by investors?
- Will the subtle shift in policy has been perceived by investors?
- Will the subtle shift in policy have been perceived by investors?

- Q.No: 185 **Change the following from active to passive:**
No one could have anticipated such a diplomatic backlash.
- Such a diplomatic backlash could not be anticipated.
- Such a diplomatic backlash have not been anticipated.
- Such a diplomatic backlash was unanticipated.
- Such a diplomatic backlash could not have been anticipated.

- Q.No: 186 **Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:**
The ancient **patera** was discovered near the temple ruins.
- The curator displayed a silver patera from Hellenistic Syria.
- The historian cited a patera in a Latin votive inscription.
- The botanist studied the shape of the leaf's patera.
- The archaeologist cataloged a bronze patera for libation.

- Q.No: 187 **Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:**
The cleric wore a **pallium** for the festival.
- The theologian interpreted the pallium as a symbol of grace.
- The physician noted a pallium over the patient's brain.
- The vestment included the ancient pallium from Rome.
- The bishop draped the pallium ceremonially.

Q.No: 188 **Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:**
The bishop outlined the duties of a **prebendary**.

☐ The prebendary read the Epistle during Sunday Mass.

☐ The accountant filed taxes for a prebendary trust fund.

☐ The canon and prebendary sat near the choir.

☐ The cathedral housed relics named after a prebendary.

Q.No: 189 **Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:**
A new strategy had been devised by the marketing team to increase sales.

☐ The marketing team has devised a new strategy to increase sales.

☐ The marketing team devises a new strategy to increase sales.

☒ The marketing team had devised a new strategy to increase sales.

☐ The marketing team was devising a new strategy to increase sales.

Q.No: 190 **Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:**
Has the proposal been reviewed by the advisory board yet?

☐ Is the advisory board reviewing the proposal?

☐ Did the advisory board review the proposal already?

☒ Has the advisory board reviewed the proposal yet?

☐ The proposal is under review by the advisory board.

Q.No: 191 **Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:**
I **have seen him yesterday**.

☐ seen him yesterday

☐ had seen him yesterday

☒ saw him yesterday

☐ have saw him yesterday

Q.No: 192 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
The committee **have submitted its final report**.

☒ has submitted its final report

☐ have submitted their final reports

☐ has submitted their final report

☐ had submitted its final report

Q.No: 193 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
I prefer tea **than coffee**.

☐ over coffee

☐ more than coffee

☒ to coffee

☐ instead of coffee

Q.No: 194 A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.
He said that he would be moving to the capital soon.

☐ He said, "I would move to the capital soon."

☒ He said, "I will be moving to the capital soon."

☐ He said, "I shall move to the capital soon."

☐ He said, "I was moving to the capital soon."

Q.No: 195 A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.
The philosopher remarked that, had the syllogism been valid, the paradox would not have arisen.

☐ The philosopher said, "If the syllogism is valid, the paradox does not arise."

☐ The philosopher said, "Had the syllogism been valid, the paradox would not arise."

☒ The philosopher said, "Had the syllogism been valid, the paradox would not have arisen."

☐ The philosopher said, "If syllogism is valid, paradox should not arise."

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 196](#)

Q.No: 196	<p>A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.</p> <p>Tom said, "I have been working all day."</p>
	Tom said he had worked all day.
	Tom said he had been working all day.
	Tom said he has been working all day.
	Tom said he was working all day.

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 197](#)

Q.No: 197	<p>A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.</p> <p>He said to me, "Where have you been all this while?"</p>
	He asked me where had I been all that while.
	He asked me where I have been all that while.
	He asked me where I had been all that while.
	He asked where I was being all this while.

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 198](#)

Q.No: 198	<p>A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.</p> <p>He said, "I wish I had not wasted those years."</p>
	He said he wished he had not wasted those years.
	He said he wished not to waste those years.
	He said that he did not waste those years.
	He wished that he would not waste those years.

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 199](#)

Q.No: 199	<p>Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The employee training program is created to improve skills. 2. Feedback is gathered after training to assess effectiveness. 3. The program is implemented and employees begin their training. 4. Adjustments are made based on the feedback collected.
	1-4-2-3
	3-2-4-1

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 200](#)

Q.No: 200

Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.

1. This can lead to environmental degradation.
2. Rapid industrialization often brings economic growth.
3. However, it frequently comes at a significant cost to the environment.
4. Strict regulations are needed to mitigate these negative impacts.

2-1-3-4

3-4-2-1

2-3-1-4

2-4-1-3